Form 1 Instructions

Wisconsin Income Tax

WI *c*file is:

- ✓ FREE: file state tax returns at no charge
- ✓ ACCURATE: fewer errors than paper
- ✓ **SECURE**: safe and secure website

Visit **revenue.wi.gov** to file your Wisconsin state tax return online for FREE. Click on **WI &file** to get started!

Get your refund within days with direct deposit

NEW IN 2012

Medical Care Insurance: The subtraction is increased to 45% of the amount paid by a person whose employer pays a portion of the cost of the insurance (*see page 13*).

Tuition: The subtraction for tuition paid is increased to \$6,543 *(see page 14).*

Child and Dependent Care Expenses: The maximum subtraction is increased to \$1,500 for one qualifying person or \$3,000 if more than one qualifying person *(see page 20)*.

New Credits: Three new credits are available – the biodiesel fuel production credit, the electronic medical records credit, and the veteran employment credit (*see pages 26 and 27*).

Special Olympics: You may designate an amount to donate to Special Olympics Wisconsin, Inc. *(see page 29)*.

Dairy Cooperative Credit: Members of a dairy cooperative who were allocated a dairy cooperative credit for 2012 may first claim that credit on their 2013 returns (see page 11).

Tax Returns Are Due:

Monday April 15, 2013

Need Help With Your Taxes?

You may be eligible for free tax help. See page 2 for places where someone can help you prepare your tax return and what to bring.

Para Assistencia Gratuita en Español Ver página 4

revenue.wi.gov

FEDERAL PRIVACY ACT In compliance with federal law, you are hereby notified that the request for your social security number on the Wisconsin income tax return is made under the authority of Section 71.03(6)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes. The disclosure of this number on your return is mandatory. It will be used for identification purposes throughout the processing, filing and auditing of your return and the issuance of refund checks. I-111



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Free Tax Preparation Available (commonly referred to as VITA or TCE)

Need help filing your taxes?

Wisconsin residents can have their taxes prepared for free at any IRS sponsored Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) site or at any AARP sponsored Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) site. These two programs have helped millions of individuals across the country in preparing their taxes. Trained volunteers will fill out your tax return. Many sites will even e-file your return. The entire service is free.

Who can use VITA services?

- Low and moderate income individuals
- Individuals with disabilities
- Elderly
- Individuals who qualify for the homestead credit or the earned income tax credit

What should you bring?

- W-2 wage and tax statements •
- Information on other sources of income and any deductions •
- Photo ID of taxpayer(s)
- Social security cards of taxpayer(s) and dependents
- To claim the homestead credit, bring a completed rent certificate (if you are a renter), a copy of your 2012 property tax bill (if you are a homeowner), and a record of any Wisconsin Works (W2) payments received in 2012
- Both spouses must be present to file a joint return

VITA and TCE locations:

- In Wisconsin, call 1-800-829-1040
- On the web, visit revenue.wi.gov and type "VITA sites" in the Search box
- Call the AARP at 1-888-227-7669
- Call "211" for local free tax sites

TIPS ON PAPER FILING YOUR RETURN

E-file your return for the fastest available processing. However, if you paper file, there are several things you can do that will speed-up the processing of your return. Faster processing means faster refunds.

Paper returns are electronically scanned. The processing of the return (and any refund) is delayed when the return cannot be read correctly. **To aid in the scanning process**, be sure to do the following:

- Do not submit photocopies to the department. Photocopies can cause unreadable entries.
- Use BLACK INK. Pencils, colored ink, and markers do not scan well.
- Write your name and address clearly using CAPITAL LETTERS like this →

ANYWHERE		WI	55	555	
City or post office		State	Zip code		
Home address (number and street) 2375 N 7 ST				Apt. nc).
If a joint return, spouse's legal last name SMITH	Spouse's leg	gal first na	me		м.і. Е
Your legal last name SMITH	Legal first na				м.і. Ј

Do not use: Ø147

- NEVER USE COMMAS OR DOLLAR SIGNS. They can be misread when scanned.
- Round off amounts to WHOLE DOLLARS NO CENTS.
- Do not use parentheses () for a negative number. Use a negative sign, -8300 rather than (8300).
- Print your numbers like this: 0123456789
- Do not add cents in front of the preprinted zeros on entry lines. For example,

School property tax credit a Rent paid in 2012–heat included	2345.00) Find credit from	
— Rent paid in 2012–heat not included	2345.00 5678.00 Find credit from table page 24 . 22a	226 .00
 b Property taxes paid on home in 2012 	.00 Find credit from table page 25 . 22b	.00

- Do not cross out entries. Erase or start over.
- Do not write in the margins.
- Always put entries on the lines, not to the side, above, or below the line.
- Lines where no entry is required should be left blank. Do not fill in zeros.
- Do not draw vertical lines in entry fields. They can be read as a "1" when scanned.
- Do not use staples to assemble your return.



Which Form To File For 2012

You may file Form WI-Z if you:	You may file Form 1A if you:	You must file Form 1 if you:	You must file Form 1NPR if you:
 File federal Form 1040EZ AND Were a Wisconsin resident all year AND Were under age 65 on December 31, 2012, AND Do not have W-2s that include active duty military pay received as a member of the National Guard or Reserves AND Did not have interest income from state, municipal, or U.S. bonds AND Did not receive unem- ployment compensation AND 	 Were single all year or married and file a joint return or file as head of household <i>AND</i> Were a Wisconsin resident all year <i>AND</i> Have income only from wages, salaries, tips, taxable scholarships and fellowships, interest, dividends, capital gain distributions, unemploy- ment compensation, pensions, annuities, and IRAs <i>AND</i> Have no adjustments to income (except deductions for an IRA, medical care insurance, or student loan interest) <i>AND</i> Are not claiming credit for itemized deductions, tax paid to another state, historic re- 	 Were a Wisconsin resident all year AND Were married and file a separate return, or were divorced during the year OR Have income which may not be reported on Form WI-Z or 1A (such as capital gain, rental, farm, or busi- ness income) OR Claim adjustments to income (such as for alimony paid, tuition expense, or disability income exclusion) OR Claim credit for itemized deductions, tax paid to another state, historic re- 	 Were domiciled* in another state or country at any time during the year OR Are married filing a joint return and your spouse was domiciled* in another state or country at any time during the year. * Your domicile is your true, fixed, and permanent home to which, whenever absent, you intend to return. You can be physically present or residing in one locality but maintain your domicile in another. Your domicile, once established, does not change unless all three of the following circumstances occur or
 Are not claiming any credits other than Wisconsin tax withheld from wages, renter's and homeowner's school property tax credit, working families tax credit, or the married couple credit AND Are not claiming Wisconsin homestead credit. 	 habilitation, venture capital, or repayment of income previously taxed <i>AND</i> Are not subject to a Wisconsin penalty on an IRA, qualified retirement plan, Coverdell education plan, or medical or health savings account. Exception If you used federal Form 4972, you must file Form 1. 	 habilitation, venture capital, or repayment of income previously taxed OR Are subject to a Wisconsin penalty on an IRA, qualified retirement plan, Coverdell education plan, or medical or health savings account OR Are subject to the alternative minimum tax. 	 exist: (1) You intend to abandon your old domicile and take actions consistent with that intent AND (2) You intend to acquire a new domicile and take actions consistent with that intent AND (3) You are physically present in the new domicile.

Servicio en Español

Para ayuda gratuita para la declaración de sus impuestos y de el Crédito por Vivienda Familiar, llame al "211" para encontrar un sitio de Asistencia de Voluntarios para Impuestos (Volunteer Income Tax Assistance también conocido como VITA) cerca de usted. Muchos lugares ofrecen servicios en español.

Para respuestas a las preguntas sobre impuestos, por favor llame el Departamento de Impuestos al (608) 266-2772 para impuestos individuales y al (608) 266-2776 para impuestos de negocios. Oprima el "2" para ayuda en español.

Para más información, visite <u>revenue.wi.gov</u>, en el vinculo (link) "En Español" usted encontrará información sobre el Credito por Ingreso de Trabajo, información del Crédito por Vivienda Familiar, y mucho más – todo disponible en español.

Who Must File

Refer to the table to see if you are required to file a return for 2012.

Filing status	Age as of December 31, 2012	You must file if your gross income* (or total gross income of husband and wife) during 2012 was:
Single		. \$10,460 or more . \$10,710 or more
Married-filing joint return	_	. \$18,980 or more
	One spouse 65 or older	. \$19,230
	Both spouses 65 or older	. \$19,480
Married-filing separate return	Under 65 65 or older	. \$9,050 or more \$9,300 (applies to each spouse individually – must use Form 1)
Head of household		. \$13,310 or more . \$13,560 or more

Gross income means all income (before deducting expenses) reportable to Wisconsin. The income may be received in the form of money, property, or services. It does not include items that are exempt from Wisconsin tax. For example, it does not include social security benefits or U.S. government interest.

Other Filing Requirements

You may have to file a return even if your income is less than the amounts shown on the table. You must file a return for 2012 if:



• You could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return and either of the following applies:

- (1) Your gross income was more than \$950 and it included at least \$301 of unearned income, or
- (2) Your gross income (total unearned income and earned income) was more than -

\$9.760 if single. \$12,610 if head of household, \$17,580 if married filing jointly, or \$8,350 if married filing separately.

Unearned income includes taxable interest, dividends, capital gain distributions, and taxable scholarship and fellowship grants that were not reported to you on a W-2. Earned income includes wages, tips, and scholarship and fellowship grants that were reported to you on a W-2.

- You owe a penalty on an IRA, retirement plan, Coverdell education savings account (excess contribution), health savings account, or Archer medical savings account.
- You were a nonresident or part-year resident of Wisconsin for 2012 and your gross income was \$2,000 or more. If you were married, you must file a return if the combined gross income of you and your spouse was \$2,000 or more. (You must file Form 1NPR.)

Who Should File

Even if you do not have to file, you should file to get a refund if

- You had Wisconsin income tax withheld from your wages.
- You paid estimated taxes for 2012.
- · You claim the earned income credit or the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit.

E-Filing (Electronic Filing)

Electronic filing is the fastest way to get your federal and state income tax refunds. If you choose to have your Wisconsin refund deposited directly in a financial institution account, it may be issued in as few as five working days. Checks may be issued in as few as seven working days.

You may pay by electronic funds transfer if you file electronically. File early and schedule payment as late as April 15. Go to revenue.wi.gov/faqs/pcs/e-faq3.html for more information.

To file your Wisconsin income tax return electronically, you can use ...

- Wisconsin e-file Available for free on the Department of Revenue website at revenue.wi.gov. These Wisconsin forms are submitted electronically after you complete them.
- A tax professional Check your local telephone directory for the names of tax professionals who offer electronic filing, or visit our website at revenue.wi.gov/eserv/city/index.html.
- Tax preparation software Purchase off-the-shelf tax preparation software to install on your computer, or connect to one of the private vendor websites that offer electronic filing. For more information, visit our website at revenue.wi.gov/ eserv/webased.html or revenue.wi.gov/eserv/offshelf.html.

When to File/Extension of Time to File

Your return is due April 15, 2013.

If you cannot file on time, you can get an extension. You may use any federal extension provision for Wisconsin, even if you are filing your federal return by April 15.

How to get an extension You do not need to submit a request for an extension to the department prior to the time you file your Wisconsin return. When you file your Form 1 enclose either:

- a copy of your federal extension application (for example, Form 4868) or
- a statement indicating which federal extension provision you want to apply for Wisconsin (for example, the federal automatic 6-month extension provision).

Note You will owe interest on any tax that you have not paid by April 15, 2013. This applies even though you may have an extension of time to file. If you do not file your return by April 15, 2013, or during an extension period, you are subject to additional interest and penalties. If you expect to owe tax with your return, you can avoid the 1% per month interest charge

General Instructions

during the extension period by paying the tax by April 15, 2013. Submit the payment with a 2012 Wisconsin Form 1-ES. You can get this form from our website at <u>revenue.wi.gov</u> or at any Department of Revenue office. (**Exception** You will not be charged interest during an extension period if (1) you served in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom in the United States, (2) you qualify for a federal extension because of service in a combat zone or contingency operation, or (3) you qualify for a federal extension due to a federally-declared disaster. See Special Conditions below.)

If you were a farmer or fisher and you did not make estimated tax payments, you must file your return and pay any tax due by March 1, 2013, to avoid paying interest for underpayment of estimated tax. Farmers and fishers are individuals who earn at least two-thirds of their gross income (gross income of both spouses if married filing a joint return) from farming or fishing.

Special Conditions A "Special Conditions" section is located to the right of the Filing Status section on page 1 of Form 1. If you have an extension of time to file due to service in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom in the United States, fill in "01" in the Special Conditions box. If you qualify for an extension because of service in a combat zone or contingency operation, fill in "02" in the box. If you qualify for an extension because of a federally-declared disaster, fill in "03" in the box and indicate the specific disaster on the line provided.

Tax Help or Additional Forms

You can get tax help, forms, or publications at any of the following Department of Revenue offices:

(**Note** Do not mail your completed return to any of the addresses listed below. Completed returns should be mailed to the address shown on the return.)

Madison -

Customer assistance: 2135 Rimrock Rd. Mail Stop 5-77 PO Box 8949 (zip code 53708-8949) phone: (608) 266-2772 email: income@revenue.wi.gov

Forms requests: phone: (608) 266-1961 website: revenue.wi.gov

Milwaukee -

State Office Bldg., 819 N. 6th St., Rm. 408 (zip code 53203-1606) income tax information (414) 227-4000 forms requests (414) 227-4000

Appleton -

265 W. Northland Ave. (zip code 54911-2016) phone: (920) 832-2727 Eau Claire -

State Office Bldg., 718 W. Clairemont Ave. (zip code 54701-4558) phone: (715) 836-2811

Other offices open on a limited schedule are Green Bay and Wausau.

Internet Address You can access the department's website 24 hours a day, seven days a week, at <u>revenue.wi.gov</u>. From this website, you can:

- · Complete electronic forms and submit them for free
- Download forms, schedules, instructions, and publications
- View answers to common questions
- Email us comments or request help
- File your return electronically

TTY Equipment Telephone help is available using TTY equipment. Call the Wisconsin Telecommunications Relay System at 711.

Informational Publications Available

Following is a list of some of the department publications. These publications give detailed information on specific areas of Wisconsin tax law. You can get these publications from any department office or from our Internet website.

Number and Title

- 102 Wisconsin Tax Treatment of Tax-Option (S) Corporations and Their Shareholders
- 103 Reporting Capital Gains and Losses for Wisconsin
- 106 Wisconsin Tax Information for Retirees
- 109 Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2012
- 111 How to Get a Private Letter Ruling From the Wisconsin Department of Revenue
- 113 Federal and Wisconsin Income Tax Reporting Under the Marital Property Act
- 117 Guide to Wisconsin Information Returns
- 120 Net Operating Losses for Individuals, Estates, and Trusts
- 121 Reciprocity
- 122 Tax Information for Part-Year Residents and Nonresidents
- 125 Credit for Tax Paid to Another State
- 126 How Your Retirement Benefits Are Taxed
- 400 Wisconsin's Economic Development Surcharge
- 405 Wisconsin Taxation of Native Americans
- 503 Wisconsin Farmland Preservation Credit
- 600 Wisconsin Taxation of Lottery Winnings
- 601 Wisconsin Taxation of Pari-Mutuel Wager Winnings

Questions About Refunds –

Call:

(608) 266-8100 in Madison,

(414) 227-4907 in Milwaukee, or

1-866-WIS-RFND (1-866-947-7363) toll-free within the U.S. or Canada

Visit our Website at:

revenue.wi.gov

If you need to contact us about your refund, please wait at least 10 weeks after filing your Form 1. Refund information may not be available until that time.

You may call one of the numbers indicated above or write to: Department of Revenue, Mail Stop 5-77, PO Box 8949, Madison WI 53708-8949. If you call, you will need your social security number and the dollar amount of your refund.

An automated response is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, when you call one of the numbers listed above. If you need to speak with a person, assistance is available Monday through Friday from 7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. by calling (608) 266-2772 in Madison or (414) 227-4000 in Milwaukee (long-distance charges, if applicable, will apply).

You may also get information on your refund using our secure Internet website at revenue.wi.gov.

Nine Steps To Filing Your Return

- **1** Get all of your records together Make sure that you have all of your income and expense records so you can fill in your return correctly. This includes wage statements and interest and dividend statements.
- **2** Decide if you will e-file or paper-file your return See "E-Filing" on page 5 for the benefits of e-filing. If you decide to e-file, follow the instructions provided in the software you use. If you decide to paper-file, continue with Steps 3 through 9 below.
- **3** Fill in your federal return Before completing Wisconsin Form 1, first fill in your federal return and its supporting schedules. If you are not required to file a federal return, list the sources and amounts of your income and your deductions on a separate sheet.
- **4 Fill in your Wisconsin return** Follow the line instructions as you fill in your return.
- **5** Sign your Wisconsin return A joint return must be signed by both spouses.
- **6** Check over your Wisconsin return Check the following items on your return carefully. The processing of your Form 1 may be delayed for:
 - missing wage statements,
 - missing signature,
 - missing copy of your federal return (a copy of your federal return must be enclosed with your Wisconsin return),
 - incomplete or missing renter's or homeowner's information (if school property tax credit claimed),
 - incomplete schedules for the itemized deduction and married couple credits (if credit claimed),
 - missing list of sources and amounts of income if not required to file a federal return, or
 - · estimated payments claimed do not match the department's records.
- **7** Assemble your return See page 34 for information on how to assemble your return. Do not staple your return. Stapling your return may delay processing.
- **8 Mail your return** Mail your return and all required enclosures to the appropriate address listed on page 35 under "Where to File." Be sure to put sufficient postage on the envelope.
- 9 Keep a copy of your return.

Line Instructions

Before completing Form 1, first fill in your federal return and its supporting attachments. If you are not required to file a federal return, list the sources and amounts of your income and deductions on a separate sheet and include it with your Form 1.

Follow these instructions to complete Form 1. Prepare one copy for your records and another to be filed with the department.

Use black ink to complete the copy of Form 1 that you submit to the department. Do not use pencil or red ink.

■ Period Covered File your 2012 return for calendar year 2012 and fiscal years that begin in 2012. For a fiscal year, a 52-53 week period, or a short-period return, fill in the taxable year beginning and ending dates in the taxable year space at the top of the form. If your return is for a fiscal year, a 52-53 week period, or a short-period, also fill in "11" in the Special Conditions box located to the right of the Filing Status section on page 1 of Form 1.

■ Name and Address Print or type your legal name and address. Include your apartment number, if any. If you are married filing a joint return, fill in your spouse's legal name (even if your spouse did not have any income). If you filed a joint return for 2011 and you are filing a joint return for 2012 with the same spouse, be sure to enter your names and social security numbers in the same order as on your 2011 return.

Fill in your PO Box number only if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.

■ Social Security Number Fill in your social security number. You must also fill in your spouse's social security number if you are married filing a joint return or married filing a separate return (including married filing as head of household).

Line Instructions

■ Filing Status Check the appropriate space to indicate your filing status. More than one filing status may apply to you. If it does, choose the one that will give you the lowest tax.

Note If you became divorced during 2012 or are married and will file a separate return (including a married person filing as head of household), you should get Publication 109, *Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2012*, for information on what income you must report.

Single You may check "single" if **any** of the following was true on December 31, 2012:

- You were never married.
- You were legally separated under a **final** decree of divorce or separate maintenance.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2012, and did not remarry in 2012.

Married filing joint return Most married couples will pay less tax if they file a joint return. You may check "married filing joint return" if **any** of the following is true:

- You were married as of December 31, 2012.
- Your spouse died in 2012 and you did not remarry in 2012.
- You were married at the end of 2012, and your spouse died in 2013 before filing a 2012 return.

A marriage means only a legal union between a man and a woman as husband and wife.

A husband and wife may file a joint return even if only one had income or if they did not live together all year. However, both spouses must sign the return. If you file a joint return, you may not, after the due date for filing that return, amend it to file as married filing separately. A joint return cannot be filed if you and your spouse have different tax years.

If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are responsible for any tax due on the return. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to.

Married filing separate return If you file separate returns, you will usually pay more state tax than if you file a joint return. Your tax may be higher on separate returns because:

- You cannot take the married couple credit.
- If you lived with your spouse at any time in 2012, a greater amount of any unemployment compensation that you received may be taxable.
- You will not qualify for the disability income exclusion.
- You will not qualify for the earned income credit.

Head of household If you qualify to file your federal return as head of household, you may also file as head of household for Wisconsin. Unmarried individuals who paid over half the cost of keeping up a home for a qualifying person (such as a child) can use this filing status. Certain married persons who lived apart from their spouse for the last 6 months of 2012 who paid over half the cost of keeping up a home that was the main home of their child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 2012 may be able to use this status.

If you are married and qualify to file as head of household, be sure to check both "head of household" filing status and "married" on the same line next to the arrow. Also fill in your spouse's name and social security number in the spaces provided.

If you do not have to file a federal return, contact any Department of Revenue office to see if you qualify. If you file your federal return as a qualifying widow(er), you may file your Wisconsin return as head of household.

Tax District Check either city, village, or town and fill in the name of the Wisconsin city, village, or town in which you lived on December 31, 2012. Also fill in the name of the county in which you lived.

• School District Number See the list of school district numbers on page 37. Fill in the number of the school district in which you lived on December 31, 2012.

Special Conditions Below is a list of the special conditions box on Form 1. Be sure to read the instruction on the page listed for each code before using it. Using the wrong code or not using a code when appropriate could result in an incorrect tax computation or a delay in processing your return.

- 01 Extension Operation Iraqi Freedom (page 6)
- 02 Extension Combat zone (page 6)
- 03 Extension Federally declared disaster (page 6)
- 04 Divorce decree (page 35)
- 05 Injured spouse (page 35)
- 06 Single decedent or husband if joint return (page 36)
- 07 Wife deceased if joint return (page 36)
- 08 Both taxpayers deceased (page 36)
- 11 Fiscal filer (page 7)
- 16 Schedule RT attached (page 19)
- 99 Multiple special conditions

If more than one special condition applies, fill in "99" in the Special Conditions box and list the separate code numbers on the line next to the box, in addition to any other information required on the line.



Rounding Off to Whole Dollars The form has preprinted zeros in the place used to enter cents. All amounts filled in the form should be rounded to the nearest dollar. Drop amounts under 50¢ and increase amounts from 50¢ to 99¢ to the next whole dollar. For example, \$129.39 becomes \$129 and \$236.50 becomes \$237.

Round off all amounts. But if you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to fill in on a line, include cents when adding and only round off the total. If completing the form by hand, **DO NOT USE COMMAS** when filling in amounts.

Line 1 Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Fill in your federal adjusted gross income from your federal Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ.

Exception The federal adjusted gross income that you fill in on line 1 may not be the same as the amount reported as adjusted gross income on your federal Form 1040. Differences may occur because Wisconsin uses the provisions of federal law amended to December 31, 2010, with certain exceptions. Laws enacted after December 31, 2010, may not be used for Wisconsin.

A comprehensive list of provisions of federal law that may not be used for Wisconsin for 2012 can be found in the instructions for Wisconsin Schedule I. Following is a partial list of the items that may affect the largest number of taxpayers.

- · Bonus depreciation
- Increase in sec. 179 expensing.
- Discharge of indebtedness on principal residence.

If any provision of federal law which does not apply for Wisconsin purposes affects your federal adjusted gross income, you must complete Wisconsin Schedule I and enclose it with your Form 1. The amount you fill in on line 1 of Form 1 (and amounts filled in on Schedule 1 on page 4 of Form 1) should be the revised amount determined on Schedule I.

If Schedule I adjustments in a prior year affect income or expense items in 2012 (e.g., the special 50% bonus depreciation could not be claimed for Wisconsin purposes), you must also make adjustments on Schedule I for 2012.

You may also be required to complete Schedule I if you sold assets during 2012, and the gain or loss from the sale is different for Wisconsin and federal purposes due to Schedule I adjustments made in a prior year. This would occur, for example, if different rates of depreciation were allowed for Wisconsin and federal purposes. See the instructions for Schedule I for more information.

Line 2 State and Municipal Interest

Fill in the amount of interest you received from state and municipal bonds. This will generally be the amount shown as tax-exempt interest on your federal Form 1040, 1040A or 1040EZ. (If you were required for federal purposes to allocate expenses to this income, reduce the amount to be filled in by such expenses.)

Exception If you received interest income which is exempt for state and federal tax purposes, do not include this interest income on line 2. Interest income which is exempt for federal and Wisconsin tax purposes includes interest from:

 public housing authority or community development authority bonds issued by municipalities located in Wisconsin,

- *Line 2 instructions continued*
- (2) Wisconsin Housing Finance Authority bonds,
- (3) Wisconsin municipal redevelopment authority bonds,
- (4) Wisconsin higher education bonds,
- (5) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued on or after December 11, 2003, to fund multifamily affordable housing or elderly housing projects,
- (6) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued before January 29, 1987, except business development revenue bonds, economic development revenue bonds, and CHAP housing revenue bonds,
- (7) public housing agency bonds issued before January 29, 1987, by agencies located outside Wisconsin where the interest therefrom qualifies for exemption from federal taxation for a reason other than or in addition to section 103 of the IRC,
- (8) local exposition district bonds,
- (9) Wisconsin professional baseball park district bonds,
- (10) bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, or the Northern Mariana Islands, or, for bonds issued after October 16, 2004, the Government of American Samoa,
- (11) local cultural arts district bonds,
- (12) Wisconsin professional football stadium bonds,
- (13) Wisconsin Aerospace Authority bonds,
- (14) bonds issued on or after October 27, 2007, by the Wisconsin Health and Education Facilities Authority to fund acquisition of information technology hardware or software,
- (15) certain conduit revenue bonds issued by a commission created under sec. 66.0304, Wis. Stats. (**Note** At the time this booklet went to print (November 15, 2012), there were no conduit revenue bonds issued where the interest income is exempt from Wisconsin tax. A listing of the conduit revenue bonds issued and the tax-exempt status is available on the department's website at: revenue. wi.gov/faqs/pcs/conduit.html), and
- (16) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds or notes if the bonds or notes are issued to provide loans to a public affairs network under sec. 234.75, Wis. Stats.

Interest from these sources is exempt from Wisconsin income tax whether received by a direct owner of these securities or by a shareholder in a mutual fund which invests in these securities.

Line 3 Capital Gain / Loss Addition

If your federal adjusted gross income includes capital gains and/or losses, you must complete Schedule WD.

Schedule WD determines whether any capital gain/loss addition must be reported on line 3. For example, after completing Schedule WD, you may be required to include an amount as an addition to income on line 3 because Wisconsin law limits the deduction for a net capital loss to \$500.

Note If the only amount reported on Form 1040 or 1040A is a capital gain distribution from a mutual fund or real estate investment trust and you have no Wisconsin capital loss carryover, do not complete line 3. See line 10 instructions.

Line 4 Other Additions

Fill in the code number and amount of any of the additions described below that apply to you. The code number is printed to the left of the various additions. For example, if you are making an addition for a federal net operating loss carryover, you would fill in the number 02 in the code number space ______, and fill in the amount of your federal net operating loss carryover on the line next to the code number space. Also, fill in the total of all your additions on line 4.

Line 4 of Form 1 has space to fill in five additions to income. If you have more than five additions, fill in the code numbers and amounts for four of the additions. List the code numbers and amounts of all remaining additions on a separate schedule. In the fifth entry space by line 4, fill in code number 99 and the total amount of the remaining additions. Enclose the schedule listing the remaining additions with your Form 1.

Note See Additions To or Subtractions From Income on page 20 for information on other items which may have to be included on line 4.

01 Farm Losses An addition may be required if farm losses were deducted on your federal tax return and you were *not* actively engaged in the farming operations that produced those losses.

To be "actively engaged in farming" with respect to a farming operation, you must make a significant contribution of (1) capital, equipment, or land, or a combination of capital, equipment, or land; and (2) active personal labor or active personal management, or a combination of both.

Factors you must take into consideration in determining if you contribute a significant amount of active personal labor or active personal management include:

- The type of crops and livestock produced;
- The normal and customary farming practices of the area; and
- The total amount of labor and management which is necessary for such a farming operation in the area.

In order to be considered to be actively engaged in a farming operation, you must have (1) a share of the profits or losses from the farming operation which is commensurate with your contributions to the operation, and (2) contributions to the farming operation which are at risk.

Your combined net losses from farming operations in which you are not actively engaged in farming are limited if your nonfarm Wisconsin adjusted gross income is more than \$55,000 (\$27,500 if married filing separately).

To figure your combined net losses from farming operations, add together any losses you have from farming operations in which you were not actively engaged (for example, these could be losses from a farm partnership or tax-option (S) corporation). Do not reduce these losses by any net farm gains. If the total of these losses is more than the maximum allowable loss shown in the tables below, include the excess on line 4.

Example A single taxpayer reports a loss of \$25,000 on Schedule E from a farm partnership (the taxpayer is not actively engaged in this farming operation), and a profit of \$5,000 from the rental of farmland. The taxpayer's nonfarm Wisconsin adjusted gross income is \$60,000. Therefore, only \$20,000 of the \$25,000 farm loss may be deducted. The taxpayer must fill in code 01 and \$5,000 in the space provided on line 4.

Sing	Farm Loss le persons and filing joint	married persons
	Wisconsin ross Income	
More Than	But Not More Than	Maximum Allowable Loss
55,000 75,000 100,000 150,000 200,000 250,000 300,000	75,000 100,000 150,000 200,000 250,000 300,000 600,000	Full Amount \$20,000 17,500 15,000 12,500 10,000 7,500 5,000 No Loss

Farm Loss Limits -Married persons filing separate returns (including married filing as head of household) Nonfarm Wisconsin Adjusted Gross Income But Not Maximum More Than More Than Allowable Loss \$ 0....\$ 27,500 Full Amount \$10,000 7,500 6,250 3.750 2,500 300,000..... No Loss

- **02** Federal Net Operating Loss Carryover Fill in any amount deducted as a federal net operating loss carryover. (See the instructions for line 11, Item 10, for information about the Wisconsin net operating loss carryforward.)
- **03** Income (Lump-Sum Distributions) Reported on Federal Form 4972 Income from a lump-sum distribution is taxable to Wisconsin. If you reported a lump-sum distribution on federal Form 4972, you must also include the distribution in Wisconsin income. Fill in the total of (1) the capital gain part of the lump-sum distribution from line 6 of Form 4972 and (2) the taxable amount from line 10 of Form 4972. You may reduce this amount by any federal estate tax on line 18 of Form 4972.

CAUTION If the amount on line 10 of Form 4972 was computed using the rules for multiple recipients of a lumpsum distribution, include only your share of the taxable amount on line 10 less your share of any federal estate tax attributable to the lump-sum distribution on line 18.

Note No portion of a lump-sum distribution may be reported as a capital gain on Wisconsin Schedule WD.

- **04** Farmland Preservation Credit The total amount of farmland preservation credit from Schedule FC that you received during 2012 must be reported as income. Fill in as an addition any portion of your farmland preservation credit which was not included as income on your federal tax return.
- **05** Excess Distribution From a Passive Foreign Investment Company Fill in the excess distribution from a passive foreign investment company that was not included in federal adjusted gross income (see federal Form 8621 or 8621-A).
- **06** Expenses Paid to Related Entities Fill in the amount deducted or excluded from your federal income for interest, rental expenses, intangible expenses, and management fees paid, accrued, or incurred to a related entity (person or business entity). *You must make this addition even though you may be eligible for a deduction for these expenses.* If you are eligible for a deduction, you may then make a subtraction for the amount that qualifies (see Item 21 on page 19).
- **07 Amounts Not Deductible for Wisconsin** Fill in any amount deducted in computing your federal adjusted gross income that is not allowed as a deduction for Wisconsin. Enclose an explanation of the additions you are including using code 07.

Example You deducted a passive activity loss on your federal return for losses incurred when you were a resident of another state. The passive activity losses were not allocable to Wisconsin. The passive activity losses are not deductible for Wisconsin and must be included on line 4.

Line 4 instructions – continued

08 – 30 Addition for Computed Credits If you claimed any of the credits listed below, you must include on line 4 the amount of your credit computed for 2012. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. This is true even if you cannot take the full credit this year and must carry part of it forward or if the credit is refundable. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credits passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation. These will be accounted for when you make the adjustments described in Items 51 and 52 on pages 20 and 21.)

List each credit and the appropriate code number separately on line 4. Include the following credits computed for 2012:

- 08 Development Zone Credit
- 09 Technology Zone Credit
- 10 Enterprise Zone Jobs Credit
- 11 Dairy and Livestock Farm Investment Credit
- 12 Dairy Manufacturing Facility Investment Credit
- 13 Reserved
- 14 Film Production Company Investment Credit
- 15 Film Production Services Credit
- 16 Manufacturing Investment Credit
- 17 Ethanol and Biodiesel Fuel Pump Credit
- 18 Economic Development Tax Credit
- 19 Meat Processing Facility Investment Credit
- 20 Dairy Cooperatives Credit (see Exception below)
- 21 Jobs Tax Credit
- 22 Woody Biomass Harvesting and Processing Credit
- 23 Food Processing Plant and Food Warehouse Investment Credit
- 24 Postsecondary Education Credit
- 25 Water Consumption Credit
- 26 Beginning Farmer and Farm Asset Owner Credit
- 27 Community Rehabilitation Program Credit
- 28 Biodiesel Fuel Production Credit
- 29 Electronic Medical Records Credit
- 30 Veteran Employment Credit

Exception Members of a dairy cooperative who were allocated a dairy cooperative credit for 2012 may first claim that credit on their 2013 return. The 2012 credit must be added to income on the member's 2013 return, instead of the 2012 return. If you were allocated a 2011 credit that you did NOT claim on your 2011 return, you may either (1) file an amended 2011 return to claim the credit and include the computed credit in income, or (2) claim the 2011 credit on your 2012 return and include the amount of the computed credit in income for 2012.

Line 6 State Income Tax Refund

Refunds of state and local income taxes are not taxable for Wisconsin. Fill in the amount of taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes from federal Form 1040.

Line 7 United States Government Interest

Fill in the amount of interest on U.S. bonds and interest and dividends of certain U.S. government corporations that is included on line 1 of Form 1. This income is not taxable.

A mutual fund may invest in U.S. government securities. If it does, a portion or all of its ordinary dividend may not be taxable by Wisconsin. If a mutual fund advised you that all or a portion of its ordinary dividend is from investments in U.S. government securities, include that portion on line 7.

CAUTION Do not fill in on line 7, interest from Ginnie Mae (Government National Mortgage Association) securities and other similar securities which are "guaranteed" by the United States government. You must include interest from these securities in your Wisconsin taxable income.

Line 8 Unemployment Compensation

You may have a different amount of unemployment compensation taxable for Wisconsin and federal purposes. Complete the worksheet at the top of this page to see if you can subtract any portion of the unemployment compensation which you included as income on your federal tax return.

Line 9 Social Security Adjustment

Social security benefits are not taxable for Wisconsin. You may subtract any social security benefits that were taxable on your federal Form 1040 or 1040A.

Line 10 Capital Gain / Loss Subtraction

If your federal adjusted gross income includes capital gains and/or losses, you must complete Schedule WD. You must also complete Schedule WD if your federal adjusted gross income does not include capital gains and/or losses, but you have a capital loss carryover for Wisconsin tax purposes.

Schedule WD determines whether any capital gain/loss subtraction must be reported on line 10. For example, after completing Schedule WD, you may be able to include an amount as a subtraction on line 10 because you qualify for the 30% capital gain exclusion (60% in the case of farm assets).

All amounts must be filled in on line 10 as positive numbers.

EXCEPTION If the only amount reported as a capital gain on your federal Form 1040 or 1040A is a capital gain distribution from a mutual fund or real estate investment trust and you have no Wisconsin capital loss carryover, you may claim a capital gain exclusion on line 10. Fill in 30% of the amount of the capital gain distribution on line 10. Do not complete Wisconsin Schedule WD.

01	Unemployment Compensation Worksheet
Che	 A. Married filing a joint return – write \$18,000 on line 3 below. B. Married not filing a joint return and lived with your spouse at any time during the year – write -0- on line 3 below. C. Married not filing a joint return and DID NOT live with your spouse at any time during the year – write \$12,000 on line 3 below.
	D. Single – write \$12,000 on line 3 below.
	Fill in unemployment compensation from your federal Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ1.
2.	Fill in your federal adjusted gross income from line 1 of Form 12.
	Fill in – • \$18,000 if you checked box A; or • -0- if you checked box B; or • \$12,000 if you checked box C or D3
	Fill in taxable social security benefits, if any, from your federal Form 1040 or 1040A4
	Fill in taxable refunds, credits, or offsets, if any, from line 10 of federal Form 1040
	Add lines 3, 4, and 56
	Subtract line 6 from line 2. If zero or less, fill in -0- here and on line 9 of this worksheet and do not complete line 8. Otherwise, go on to line 87
8.	Fill in one-half of the amount on line 78.
	Fill in the smaller amount of line 1 or line 89.
	Subtract line 9 from line 1. Fill in this amount on line 8 of Form 1 as your subtraction for unemployment compensation. If lines 1 and 9 are equal, fill in -0



Line 11 Other Subtractions

Fill in the code number and amount of any of the subtractions described below that apply to you. The code number is printed to the left of the various subtractions. For example, if you are claiming a subtraction for tuition expenses, you would fill in the number 03 in the code number space ______, and fill in the amount of your subtraction for tuition expenses on the line next to the code number space. Also, fill in the total of all your subtractions on line 11.

Line 11 of Form 1 has space to fill in five subtractions from income. If you have more than five subtractions, fill in the code numbers and amounts for four of the subtractions. List

the code numbers and amounts of all remaining subtractions on a separate schedule. In the fifth entry space by line 11, fill in code number 99 and the total amount of the remaining subtractions. Enclose the schedule listing the remaining subtractions with your Form 1.

Note See Additions To or Subtractions From Income on page 20 for information on other items which may have to be included on line 11.

01 Medical Care Insurance You may be able to subtract all or a portion of the cost of your medical care insurance.

"Medical care insurance" means a medical care insurance policy that covers you, your spouse, and dependents and provides surgical, medical, hospital, major medical, or other health service coverage (including dental insurance). If you are receiving social security benefits, the amount paid for medical care insurance includes the amount deducted from your monthly benefit for Medicare insurance (for example, Parts B and D). It does not include premiums for:

- Long-term care insurance,
- Life insurance policies,
- · Policies providing payment for loss of earnings,
- Policies for loss of life, limb, sight, etc.,
- Policies that pay you a guaranteed amount each week for a stated number of weeks if you are hospitalized for sickness or injury,
- The part of your car insurance premiums that provides medical insurance coverage for all persons injured in or by your car, or
- Medical care insurance if you elected to pay these premiums with tax-free distributions from a retirement plan. In this case, the premiums would have been paid directly to the insurance provider by the retirement plan.

CAUTION Do not include insurance premiums paid by an employer unless the premiums are included as wages in box 1 of your Form W-2. Premiums that are deducted pre-tax are not included in box 1 of your Form W-2.

If you participate in your employer's fringe benefit cafeteria plan and agree to a voluntary salary reduction in return for a medical care insurance benefit, you may not consider the amount of your salary reduction an amount you paid for medical care insurance. You cannot subtract premiums paid with money that has not been included in your gross income. Such programs may be known as, for example, flexible spending accounts, employee reimbursement accounts, etc.

If you are self-employed, complete Worksheet 1. (**Note** If you are self-employed and deducted 100% of your medical care insurance cost on line 29 of your federal Form 1040 as a self-employed health insurance deduction, do not complete Worksheet 1 or 2. No additional deduction is allowed.)

Line 11 instructions - continued

from a trade or business.

Worksheet 1 – Self-Employed Persons 1. Amount you paid for medical care insurance in 2012 while you were 2. Self-employed health insurance deduction from line 29 of federal Form 1040*2. 3. Amount of medical care insurance deducted on federal Schedule C or F for your employee spouse3. 5. Subtract line 4 from line 1..... 5. 6. Net earnings from a trade or business** 6. 7. Fill in the smaller of line 5 or 6 here and on line 11 of Form 1. This is your subtraction for medical care insurance 7. * Do not include any amounts deducted for long-term care insurance. ** Net earnings from a trade or business means income from selfemployment, including ordinary income from a trade or business as reported on Form 4797, line 18b, and less the deductible part of self-employment tax. The total earnings from a trade or business of both spouses are included. Do not include losses

Complete Worksheet 2 if you are (1) an employee or (2) a person who had no employer and were not self-employed.

Worksheet 2 – Others
1. Amount you paid in 2012 for medical care insurance during a period in which you were employed and your employer paid a portion of the cost of your insurance 1.
2. Multiply line 1 by .45 (45%) 2.
3. Amount you paid in 2012 for medical care insurance during a period in which (1) you were an employee and your employer did not contribute toward the cost of your insurance or (2) you had no employer and were not self-employed
4. Add lines 2 and 3
5. Fill in the amount from line 5 of Form 1 <u>less</u> the amounts on lines 6 - 10 and <u>less</u> all amounts that will be included on line 11 without considering the subtraction for medical care insurance5.
6. Fill in the smaller of line 4 or 5. This is your subtraction for medical care insurance

02 Long-Term Care Insurance If you paid long-term care insurance costs during 2012, you may be able to subtract all or a portion of the cost of a long-term care insurance policy which covers you or your spouse.

"Long-term care insurance policy" means a disability insurance policy or certificate advertised, marketed, offered,

or designed primarily to provide coverage for care that is provided in your home or in an institutional or communitybased setting. The care must be convalescent or custodial care or care for a chronic condition or terminal illness.

"Long-term care insurance policy" does not include a medicare supplement policy or medicare replacement policy or a continuing care contract. "Continuing care contract" means a contract which provides nursing services, medical services, or personal care services, in addition to food, shelter, and laundry services, for the duration of a person's life or for a term in excess of one year, conditioned upon any of the following payments:

- An entrance fee in excess of \$10,000.
- Providing for the transfer of at least \$10,000 (if the amount is expressed in dollars) or 50% of the person's estate (if the amount is expressed as a percentage of the person's estate) to the service provider upon the person's death.

Do not include premiums for long-term care insurance if you elected to pay those premiums with tax-free distributions from a retirement plan. In this case, the premiums would have been made directly to the insurance provider by the retirement plan.

If you paid long-term care insurance costs during 2012 for a policy which covers you or your spouse, complete the worksheet below to determine your subtraction.

Worksheet – Long-Term Care Insurance

1.	Amount paid for long-term care insurance in 2012	1
2.	Portion of long-term care insurance cost included as a self-employed health insurance deduction on line 29 of federal Form 10402.	
3.	Portion of long-term care insurance cost deducted on federal Schedule C or F for your employee spouse3.	
4.	Add lines 2 and 3	4
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 1	5
6.	Fill in the amount from line 5 of Form 1 less the amounts on lines 6 - 10 and less all amounts that will be included on line 11 without considering the subtraction for long-term care insurance	6
7.	Fill in the smaller of line 5 or 6. This is your subtraction for long-term care insurance	7.
		· · · ·

03 Tuition and Fee Expenses You may be able to claim a subtraction for up to \$6,543 (per student) of the amount you paid during 2012 for tuition and mandatory student fees for you, your spouse (if married filing a joint return), and children whom you claim as dependents on your federal income tax return.

Line 11 instructions - continued

CAUTION If you claimed a tuition and fees deduction on your federal return, be sure you have completed Wisconsin Schedule I.

The tuition and mandatory student fees must have been paid during 2012 to attend any of the following:

- Classes in Wisconsin at a school which qualifies as a university, college, or technical college. A "university, college, or technical college" is any school which has a curriculum leading to a diploma, degree, or occupational or vocational objective.
- Classes in Wisconsin at other post-secondary (post-high school) schools that have been approved by the Wisconsin Educational Approval Board.
- Classes in Minnesota at a public vocational school or public institution of higher education in Minnesota under the Minnesota–Wisconsin tuition reciprocity agreement.
- Classes outside Wisconsin provided the tuition is paid to a university, college, or technical college located in Wisconsin.

The subtraction does not apply to tuition or fees paid to pre-schools, elementary, or secondary schools.

Tuition and mandatory student fees paid to a school which fits into one of the four categories listed above may be subtracted regardless of the type of course taken. For example, tuition paid for craft or recreational courses at a technical college qualifies for the subtraction.

Tuition and mandatory student fees paid to a school which does not fit into any of the four categories may not be claimed as a subtraction. For example, the subtraction does not apply to a fee paid to a retail craft store to attend a session on flower arranging.

Tuition and mandatory student fees paid for correspondence courses or courses received via the Internet or other electronic transmission qualifies for the subtraction as long as the courses are taken in Wisconsin and are presented by a school (located in or outside Wisconsin) which qualifies as a university, college, or technical college, or a school approved by the Wisconsin Educational Approval Board.

CAUTION The subtraction only applies to tuition and mandatory student fees. Amounts paid as separate charges for other items such as room and board, athletic tickets, or other costs may not be subtracted.

You cannot claim a subtraction for tuition and fees paid with certain tax-free funds. For example, you cannot claim a subtraction for tuition paid with tax-free scholarships or Pell grants or for amounts paid or reimbursed to you by your employer. You can subtract tuition and fees paid from loans, gifts, inheritances, and personal savings.

You cannot claim the subtraction if the source of the payment is an amount withdrawn from a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings program or college tuition and expenses program (for example, EdVest or "tomorrow's scholar"). This limitation applies only if the owner of the account or other person who contributed to the account (for example, grandparent, aunt, or uncle) previously claimed a subtraction for contributions to these programs.

The subtraction is limited if your federal adjusted gross income exceeds certain amounts. Your federal adjusted gross income is the amount on line 1 of Form 1.

Determine your tuition and mandatory student fees subtraction as follows:

Single or Head of Household

- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$50,000 or less, you may subtract the amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees during 2012, but not more than \$6,543 per student.* Fill in the amount of your subtraction on line 11.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is more than \$50,000 but less than \$60,000, use the worksheet on this page to figure the amount of your subtraction.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$60,000 or more, you may not subtract any amount for tuition and fee expenses.

Married Filing Joint Return

- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$80,000 or less, you may subtract the amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees during 2012, but not more than \$6,543 per student.* Fill in the amount of your subtraction on line 11.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is more than \$80,000 but less than \$100,000, use the worksheet on this page to figure the amount of your subtraction.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$100,000 or more, you may not subtract any amount for tuition and fee expenses.

Married Filing Separate Return

- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$40,000 or less, you may subtract the amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees during 2012, but not more than \$6,543 per student.* Fill in the amount of your subtraction on line 11.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is more than \$40,000 but less than \$50,000, use the worksheet on this page to figure the amount of your subtraction.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$50,000 or more, you may not subtract any amount for tuition and fee expenses.

Line 11 instructions - continued

Tuition Expense Worksheet

CAUTION Only certain taxpayers are required to complete this worksheet. See the instructions for your filing status.

- Fill in \$50,000 (\$80,000 if married filing joint return or \$40,000 if married filing separate return).....3.
- 4. Subtract line 3 from line 24.
 5. Divide the amount on line 4 by 10,000 (20,000 if married filing joint return). Fill in

 decimal amount.
 .5.

 6. Multiply line 1 by the decimal amount on line 5
 .6.

7. Subtract line 6 from line 1. This is your subtraction for tuition and fee expense*7.

* Your subtraction cannot be more than the amount on line 5 of Form 1 less the amounts on lines 6 - 10 and less all amounts that will be included on line 11 without considering the subtraction for tuition expense.

04 Military and Uniformed Services Retirement Benefits You may subtract retirement payments received from:

- (1) The U.S. military retirement system (including payments from the Retired Serviceman's Family Protection Plan or the Survivor Benefit Plan), and
- (2) The U.S. government that relate to service with the Coast Guard, the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service.

Your subtraction cannot be more than the amount of such retirement payments that you included in your federal income.

- **05** Local and State Retirement Benefits You may subtract any payments received from the retirement systems listed below provided:
 - (1) You were retired from the system before January 1, 1964, or
 - (2) You were a member of the system as of December 31, 1963, retiring at a later date and payments you receive are from an account established before 1964, or
 - (3) You are receiving payments from the system as the beneficiary of an individual who met either condition 1 or 2.

Your subtraction cannot be more than the amount of such payments that you included in your federal income.

16

Line Instructions

Line 11 instructions - continued

The specific retirement systems are:

Milwaukee City Employees, Milwaukee City Police Officers, Milwaukee Fire Fighters, Milwaukee Public School Teachers, Milwaukee County Employees, Milwaukee Sheriff, and Wisconsin State Teachers retirement systems.

Note Do not subtract any of the following:

- Payments received as a result of voluntary tax-sheltered annuity deposits in any of the retirement systems listed above.
- Payments received from one of the retirement systems listed above if you first became a member after December 31, 1963. This applies even though pre-1964 military service may have been counted as creditable service in computing your retirement benefit.

CAUTION Your retirement benefits may be subtracted only if they are based on qualified membership in one of the retirement systems listed above. Qualified membership is membership that began before January 1964 as explained above. Any portion of your retirement benefit that is based on membership in other retirement systems (or based on employment that began after December 31, 1963) is taxable and may not be subtracted.

Example 1 You were a member of the Wisconsin State Teachers Retirement System as of December 31, 1963. You left teaching after 1963 and withdrew the allowable amount from your retirement account. This closed the account. You later returned to teaching. A new retirement account was then established for you. Retirement benefits from this new account (established after 1963) do not qualify for the exemption.

Example 2 You were employed as a teacher from 1960-65. During that time you were a member of the Wisconsin State Teachers Retirement System. From 1966 until retirement, you were employed by a state agency (not as a teacher). You were then a member of the Wisconsin Retirement System. You receive an annuity from the Department of Employee Trust Funds. The annuity is based on employment in both retirement systems. Only the portion of the annuity that is due to the Wisconsin State Teachers Retirement System may be subtracted. You may use the following formula to figure the exempt amount that may be subtracted:

Years of		Annuity		Portion of
creditable service		included		annuity which
in an exempt plan	х	in federal	=	may be
Total years of		income		subtracted
creditable service				

Note You may have received separate Forms 1099-R for the taxable and exempt portions of your annuity. In this case, you may use the Form 1099-R information instead of the above formula.

Line 11 instructions – continued

- **06 Federal Retirement Benefits** You may subtract payments received from a federal retirement system provided:
 - (1) You were retired from the system before January 1, 1964, or
 - (2) You were a member of the system as of December 31, 1963, retiring at a later date and payments you receive are from an account established before 1964, or
 - (3) You are receiving payments from the system as the beneficiary of an individual who met either condition 1 or 2.

See "**05 Local and State Retirement Benefits**" on page 15 for further information. The limitations and examples that apply to local and state retirement benefits also apply to federal retirement benefits.

A "federal retirement system" is a United States government civilian employee retirement system. Examples of such retirement systems include the Civil Service Retirement System and the Federal Employees' Retirement System. Payments from the federal Thrift Savings Plan do not qualify for the subtraction.

- **07** Railroad Retirement Benefits, Railroad Unemployment Insurance, and Sickness Benefits Wisconsin does not tax amounts received from the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board. You may subtract railroad retirement benefits included as pensions and annuities on your federal Form 1040 or 1040A.
- **08** Adoption Expenses If you adopted a child for whom a final order of adoption was entered by a Wisconsin court during 2012, you may subtract up to \$5,000 of the amount you paid for adoption fees, court costs, and legal fees relating to the adoption. You may include amounts paid during 2010, 2011, and 2012. Don't count amounts reimbursed under any adoption assistance program. If you adopt more than one child during the year, you may deduct up to \$5,000 of adoption expenses for each child.
- **09** Recoveries of Federal Itemized Deductions Fill in any amount included as income on your federal tax return that is a recovery of a federal itemized deduction from a prior year for which you did not receive a Wisconsin tax benefit.

Example You claimed an itemized deduction on your 2011 federal tax return for a casualty loss of \$2,000. You could not claim the casualty loss for the itemized deduction credit on your 2011 Wisconsin income tax return. During 2012 you received a reimbursement of \$1,000 from your insurance company for part of the casualty loss. The \$1,000 reimbursement is included on your 2012 federal tax return as a recovery of an amount previously claimed as an itemized deduction. Because you did not claim the casualty loss for the itemized deduction credit for Wisconsin for 2011, the \$1,000 is not taxable to Wisconsin for 2012. Fill in the \$1,000 recovery on line 11.

- 10 Wisconsin Net Operating Loss Carryforward If you had a net operating loss (NOL) in an earlier year to carry forward to 2012, include the allowable amount on line 11. Enclose a statement showing how you figured the amount. Get Publication 120, *Net Operating Losses for Individuals, Estates, and Trusts*, for more details on computing the NOL and the allowable deduction. See page 6 for information on how to get this publication.
- 11 Native Americans Certain income (for example, wages) earned by a Native American who both lives and works on his or her tribal reservation is not subject to Wisconsin income tax and may be subtracted. See Publication 405, *Wisconsin Taxation of Native Americans*, for more information.
- **12 Amounts Not Taxable by Wisconsin** You may subtract any amounts not taxable by Wisconsin (less related expenses except those expenses which are used to calculate the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit) which have been included as income on your federal tax return or excluded from federal deductions. Enclose an explanation of the subtractions you are including using code 12.

Example Wisconsin doesn't tax certain relocation assistance payments received by persons displaced by condemnation, subject to the conditions in sec. 32.19 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

13 Farm Loss Carryover If you were subject to farm loss limitations (see instructions for line 4, Item 01 for a description) on your 1997 or subsequent year Wisconsin income tax return, you may be able to claim a subtraction for all or a portion of the farm loss disallowed in those years. Farm losses disallowed as a deduction may be carried forward for 15 years to the extent that the farm losses are not offset against farm income of any year between the loss year and the year for which the carryover is claimed. The amount of carryover that can be subtracted is the lesser of (1) the farm loss carryover or (2) the net profits and net gains from the sale or exchange of capital or business assets in the current year from the same farming business or portion of that business to which the limits on deductible farm losses applied in the loss year.

Example You have a farm loss carryover from 2011 of \$30,000. For 2012 you report a net loss of \$2,000 on Schedule F and a net gain of \$6,000 from the sale of farm equipment on Form 4797. The gain and loss are from the same farming business to which the limitation applied in the loss year. You may subtract \$6,000 as a farm loss carryover on line 11.

14 Contributions to a Wisconsin State-Sponsored College Savings Program You may be able to subtract the amount you contributed to a Wisconsin statesponsored college savings account (for example, EdVest or "tomorrow's scholar") if you are the owner of the *Line 11 instructions – continued*

account or were authorized by the owner of the account to make contributions to the account.

The beneficiary of the account must be either you, your spouse (if married filing joint return), your child, grandchild, great-grandchild, niece, or nephew. The subtraction is equal to the amount you contributed to the account during 2012, but not more than \$3,000 per beneficiary (\$1,500 per beneficiary if you are married filing a separate return).

The total subtraction for a married couple may not exceed \$3,000 per beneficiary.

For example, you are married filing a joint return and have two children. You established EdVest accounts for each child. In 2012, you contributed \$3,000 to the account of each child. You may claim a subtraction of \$6,000.

In the case of divorced parents, the total subtraction per beneficiary by the formerly married couple may not exceed \$3,000, and the maximum amount that may be subtracted by each former spouse is \$1,500, unless the divorce judgment specifies a different division of the \$3,000 maximum that may be claimed by each former spouse.

Limitation Your subtraction cannot be more than the amount on line 5 of Form 1 less the amounts on lines 6 - 10 and less all amounts that will be included on line 11 without considering the subtraction for contributions to a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings account.

- 15 Distributions from Wisconsin State-Sponsored College Savings and Tuition Programs If you included earnings from a qualified college savings or tuition program in your federal adjusted gross income, you may subtract that amount if either of the following applies:
 - 1. The earnings were due to a qualified withdrawal from a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings account (for example, EdVest or "tomorrow's scholar" college savings account).
 - 2. The earnings were from a Wisconsin EdVest tuition unit account and you received a refund because the beneficiary completed the program in which he or she was enrolled and had not used all of the tuition units purchased; or the beneficiary was awarded a scholarship, tuition waiver, or similar subsidy that could not be converted to cash.
- **16 Disability Income Exclusion** If you are retired on permanent and total disability and have included your disability income on line 1 of Form 1, you may be able to subtract up to \$5,200 of your disability income. You must meet ALL these tests:
 - You did not reach mandatory retirement age before January 1, 2012.
 - You were under age 65 on December 31, 2012.

- You were permanently and totally disabled
 - a. when you retired, or
 - b. on January 1, 1976, or January 1, 1977, if you retired before January 1, 1977, on disability or under circumstances which entitled you to retire on disability.
- If you were married at the end of 2012, you must file a joint return.
- You did not in any year prior to 1984 choose to treat your disability income as a pension instead of taking the exclusion.
- Your federal adjusted gross income is less than \$20,200 (\$25,400 if married and both spouses are eligible).

Compute your exclusion on Wisconsin Schedule 2440W, *Disability Income Exclusion*. Enclose Schedule 2440W with your Form 1. See page 6 for information on how to get this schedule.

- 17 Sale of Business Assets or Assets Used in Farming to a Related Person You may subtract the taxable portion of gain you realize from the sale or disposition to a related person of business assets or assets used in farming if the following conditions apply:
 - The related person is your child, grandchild, greatgrandchild, parent, brother or sister, nephew or niece, grandparent, great-grandparent, or aunt or uncle. The person may be related to you by blood, marriage, or adoption.
 - The asset was held by you for more than 12 months.
 - The gain is treated as capital gain for federal tax purposes. Amounts treated as ordinary income do not qualify.

Gain on the sale or disposition of shares in a corporation or trust qualifies only if:

- The number of shareholders or beneficiaries does not exceed 15. Lineal ancestors and descendants and aunts, uncles, and 1st cousins thereof count collectively as one shareholder or beneficiary. This collective authorization may not be used for more than one family in a single corporation or trust.
- The corporation does not have more than two classes of shares.
- All shareholders or beneficiaries, other than any estate, are natural persons.

Farming "Farming" means the cultivation of land or the raising or harvesting of any agricultural or horticultural commodity including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of animals. Trees (other than trees bearing fruit or nuts) are not treated as an agricultural or horticultural commodity. (Trees may qualify as a business asset.)

Line 11 instructions – continued

Business Assets "Business assets" are assets used in an activity carried on for a livelihood or in good faith to make a profit. The facts and circumstances of each case determine whether or not an activity is a business. Regularity of activities and transactions and the production of income are important elements. You do not need to actually make a profit to be in a business as long as you have a profit motive. You do need, however, to make ongoing efforts to further the interests of your business.

"Business assets" include assets used in the performance of services by an individual as an employee and assets used in the conduct of a trade or business by an individual who is self-employed.

"Business assets" do not include investment and rental property (for example, stocks, bonds, and residential rental property) unless you are subject to federal self-employment tax on the earnings from the activity. (**Note** Rental property which is a farm or farm equipment may qualify as an asset "used in farming.")

Computing the subtraction You must first complete Wisconsin Schedule WD. The amount of gain that may be subtracted is determined after netting all capital gains and losses on Schedule WD.

- If amounts reported in Parts I and II of Schedule WD consist only of capital gains, your subtraction is equal to 70% of the long-term gain on the sale of a business asset to the related person or 40% of the long-term gain on the sale of a farm asset to the related person.
- If the amount on line 17 or 18 of Schedule WD is a net loss, you may not subtract any amount as gain on the sale of the asset to the related person.
- If the amount on line 18 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) the only gain reported on Schedule WD is from the sale of the asset to the related person and (2) a loss is included in line 17 of Schedule WD and/or on line 8 of Schedule WD, your subtraction is equal to the amount on line 27 of Schedule WD.
- If the amount on line 18 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) the only long-term gain reported on Schedule WD is from the sale of the asset to the related person, (2) a loss is included in line 17 of Schedule WD, and (3) you show a gain on line 8 of Schedule WD, your subtraction is equal to the amount on line 27 of Schedule WD less the amount on line 8 of Schedule WD.
- If the amount on line 18 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) that net gain includes more than one long-term capital gain and (2) a loss is included in line 17 of Schedule WD and/or on line 8 of Schedule WD, complete the worksheet on page 19 to compute your subtraction.
- If the amount on line 18 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) that net gain includes more than one long-term capital

gain, (2) a loss is included in line 17 of Schedule WD, and (3) you show a gain on line 8 of Schedule WD, complete the worksheet below to compute your subtraction.

	Worksheet for Gain on Sale of Assets to Related Person
1.	Amount from line 19 of Schedule WD 1
2.	Long-term capital gain on the sale of asset to related person 2.
3.	Total long-term capital gain included in line 17 of Schedule WD3.
4.	Divide line 2 by line 3. Carry decimal to four places 4
5.	Multiply line 1 by line 4 5
6.	If the amount on line 2 is gain from the sale of an asset used in farming, multiply line 5 by .40 (40%) and fill in result. If the amount on line 2 is gain from the sale of a business asset, multiply line 5 by .70 (70%) and fill in result. This is your subtraction for gain on the sale of assets to a related person 6

18 Repayment of Income Previously Taxed If you had to repay during 2012, an amount that you included in your Wisconsin income in an earlier year, you may be able to subtract the amount repaid. A subtraction may be claimed only for repayments that are allowed as a miscellaneous itemized deduction on your federal Schedule A.

If you did not itemize deductions for federal tax purposes, use the amounts that would be deductible if you had itemized deductions. To determine the amounts to use, complete a federal Schedule A. Write "Wisconsin" at the top of this Schedule A and enclose it with your Form 1.

CAUTION Only amounts previously included in Wisconsin income may be claimed as a subtraction.

If the amount repaid was over \$3,000, you may be able to subtract the repayment as described above *or* take a tax credit. See the line 46 instructions.

- **19 Human Organ Donation** If you, your spouse, or a person who is claimed as a dependent on your federal income tax return donates one or more of their human organs to another person for human organ transplantation, you may subtract up to \$10,000 of unreimbursed expenses related to the organ donation. "Human organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. The subtraction may be claimed only in the taxable year in which the transplantation occurs. The subtraction may be claimed only once. Up to \$10,000 of the following unreimbursed expenses may be claimed:
 - Travel expenses.
 - Lodging expenses.
 - Lost wages.

Line 11 instructions – continued

- **20 Reserve or National Guard Members** If you were a member of the Reserves or National Guard and served on active duty, you may subtract any military pay that is included on your W-2 and was:
 - Received from the federal government,
 - Received after being called into active federal service or into special state service authorized by the federal Department of Defense, and
 - Paid for the time during which you were on active duty.

CAUTION The subtraction only applies to Reserve or National Guard members called into active federal service under 10 USC 12302(a) or 10 USC 12304 or special state service under 32 USC 502(f). It does not apply to pay that members of the Reserves and National Guard receive for their weekend or two-week annual training. It also does not apply to a person who is serving on active duty or full-time duty in the active guard reserve (AGR) program.

- 21 Expenses Paid to Related Entities Were you required to make an addition modification for interest, rental expenses, intangible expenses, or management fees paid to a related entity? If yes, see Schedule RT to find out if you qualify for a subtraction. Although you must meet one of the conditions in Schedule RT, Part II to qualify for a subtraction, you do not need to enclose Schedule RT with your return unless your total expenses paid, accrued, or incurred to related entities are \$100,000 or more. If enclosing Schedule RT, also fill in "16" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1.
- **22** Recapture of Development Zones Investment Credit If you will be including an amount on line 39 as recapture of development zones investment credit, you may claim a subtraction for the amount of the recapture.
- **23** Legislator's Per Diem If you were a Wisconsin legislator, you may subtract the amount of per diem reimbursement that is included as wages on your federal Form 1040. This generally applies to a legislator with a residence 50 miles or less from the state capitol.
- **24 ATV Corridors** To the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, private landowners may subtract any Wisconsin incentive payments received for permitting public all-terrain vehicle corridors on their lands.
- 25 Interest, Rental Payments, Intangible Expenses, and Management Fees Reported as Income by a Related Entity Did you report income from interest, rental payments, intangible expenses, or management fees made by a related entity that was not able to claim a deduction for such payments? If yes, you may claim a subtraction for the amount that the related entity was not able to deduct. This would be the amount the related entity claimed as an addition for such expenses (see instructions for line 4, Item 06) less the amount allowed as a subtraction (see instructions for line 11, Item 21 above).

- **26 Retirement Income Exclusion** You (and/or your spouse if married filing a joint return) may subtract up to \$5,000 of certain retirement income if:
 - You (or your spouse if married filing a joint return) were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2012, and
 - Your federal adjusted gross income (line 1 of Form 1) is less than \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married filing a joint return). If married filing a separate return, the sum of both spouses' federal adjusted gross incomes must be less than \$30,000.

If you meet these qualifications, complete the Retirement Income Exclusion Worksheet at the bottom of this page to determine the amount of your subtraction. Fill in the amount from line 6 of the worksheet on line 11 of Form 1 with code number 26. If married filing a joint return, add the amounts in Col. A and Col. B and fill in the total on line 11 of Form 1.

- 27 Sales of Certain Insurance Policies To the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, the original policy holder or original certificate holder who has a catastrophic or lifethreatening illness or condition may fill in the amount of income received from the sale of a life insurance policy or certificate, or the sale of the death benefit under a life insurance policy or certificate, under a life settlement contract. "Catastrophic or life-threatening illness or condition" includes AIDS and HIV infection.
- **28** Child and Dependent Care Expenses Do you qualify for the federal credit for child and dependent care expenses for 2012? If yes, you may qualify to claim the Wisconsin subtraction for child and dependent care expenses. If married, you must file a joint return unless (1) you lived apart from your spouse during the last six months of 2012,

Line 11 instructions - continued

(2) the qualifying person lived in your home more than half of 2012, and (3) you provided over half the cost of keeping up your home.

Your Wisconsin subtraction is equal to the amount on line 6 of federal Form 2441, but not more than \$1,500 if you have one qualifying person or \$3,000 if more than one qualifying person. Enclose a copy of federal Form 2441 with your Wisconsin income tax return.

- **29 Relocated Business** A subtraction may be claimed for the income of a business that relocated to Wisconsin from another state or country in 2011 or 2012. See Schedule RB for further information. If claiming the subtraction, enclose a completed Schedule RB with your Form 1.
- **30 Job Creation** A subtraction is available based on the increase in the number of full-time employees in Wisconsin by a business. See Schedule JC for further information. If claiming the subtraction, enclose a completed Schedule JC with your Form 1. Also attach Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1 if subtraction is from a pass-through entity.

Additions To or Subtractions From Income

The following items may be either an addition to or a subtraction from federal adjusted gross income, depending on your situation. Fill in the code number and amount of any additions that apply to you on line 4. Fill in the code number and amount of any subtractions that apply to you on line 11.

- **51 Tax-Option (S) Corporation Adjustments** Fill in any of the following adjustments that apply to you:
 - (1) If you were a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation which is required to file a Wisconsin franchise or income tax return, you will receive a

		A/	
	Retirement Income Exclusion	worksneet	
	narried filing a joint return, <i>(Keep for your records)</i>	(A)	(B)
fill in each spouse's information separately.		Yourself	Your Spouse
1.	Taxable IRA distributions from your federal Form 1040 or 1040A	1	
2.	Taxable pension and annuity income from a qualified retirement plan from federal Form 1040 or Form 1040A	2	
3.	Add lines 1 and 2	3	
4.	Nontaxable retirement benefits (This is the total amount subtracted on line 11 for retirement benefits using codes 04, 05, 06, and 07)	4	
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 3	5	
6.	 Complete line 6 as follows. This is your subtraction for retirement income. If you were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2012, fill in on line 6, Col (A), the <u>smaller</u> of line 5, Col. (A) or \$5,000. Fill in 0 (zero) if you were not age 65 or older. If married filing a joint return and your spouse was 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2012, fill in on line 6, Col. (B), the <u>smaller</u> of line 5, Col. (B) or \$5,000. Fill in 0 (zero) if your spouse was not age 65 or older 		

Line 11 (line 4) instructions - continued

Wisconsin Schedule 5K-1 from the S corporation informing you of any adjustments to be made for Wisconsin tax purposes.

- (2) If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that elects not to be treated as a Wisconsin tax-option (S) corporation, you must reverse all items of S corporation income, loss, or deduction included on your federal return and then add your pro rata share of any distributions made by the corporation of earnings and profits. (CAUTION Do not reverse any item of S corporation income or loss reported on federal Schedule D. These items have already been removed from Wisconsin income when you completed Wisconsin Schedule WD.)
- (3) Instead of using tax-option (S) corporation items deductible on federal Schedule A to compute the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit, you may elect to treat these items as subtraction modifications. Your subtraction is limited to the amount actually deductible for federal purposes.

For more information, get Publication 102, *Wisconsin Tax Treatment of Tax-Option (S) Corporations and Their Shareholders*. See page 6 for information on how to get this publication.

- **52** Your Share of Partnership, Limited Liability Company, Trust, or Estate Adjustments If you were a member of a partnership or limited liability company (LLC) treated as a partnership, or you received income from an estate or trust, you will receive a statement from the partnership, LLC, trust, or estate notifying you of any additions or subtractions which you should make on your return. Fill in the amount of any such additions on line 4 and any subtractions on line 11.
- **53** Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Assets Additions or subtractions may be necessary if there is a difference between the federal basis and the Wisconsin basis of your property. Additions or subtractions are necessary if:
 - (1) You acquired property after December 31, 1964, which may be depreciated or amortized (such as buildings and leaseholds), and the federal basis is greater or less than the Wisconsin basis.
 - (2) You sold (or otherwise disposed of) property which may not be depreciated or amortized (such as land, stocks, and bonds) in a taxable transaction, and your basis in the assets was greater or less for federal purposes than for Wisconsin.
 - (3) You sold (or otherwise disposed of) property where the federal basis is greater than the Wisconsin basis due to a previous gain on the sale of an asset being deferred because gain was invested in a "qualified new business venture" or a "qualified Wisconsin business."

Line 11 (line 4) instructions – continued

Example You sold stock which you acquired by inheritance and your federal basis was greater than your Wisconsin basis. You must make an adjustment for the difference in basis.

Compute the amount of any addition or subtraction due to a difference in basis on Wisconsin Schedule T, *Transitional Adjustments*. Enclose a completed Schedule T with your Form 1. See page 6 for information on how to get this form.

CAUTION If the difference in basis is due to the difference in the federal and Wisconsin definition of the Internal Revenue Code, use Schedule I to adjust for the difference in basis rather than Schedule T.

- 54 Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Partnership Interest An addition or subtraction may be necessary if you sold your interest in a partnership and any increases or decreases were made to the federal basis of your partnership interest in taxable years prior to 1975, which resulted from partnership business or property located outside Wisconsin. (Prior to 1975, Wisconsin did not tax income from business or property located outside Wisconsin.) Compute any addition or subtraction due to a difference in basis on Wisconsin Schedule T.
- 55 Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Reporting of Marital Property (Community) Income If you are married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household or if you obtained a decree of divorce or separate maintenance during 2012, you may have to report a different amount of income on your Wisconsin Form 1 than on your federal Form 1040. Fill in on line 4 any additional amount which is taxable to you rather than your spouse because of any difference in federal and state reporting of marital property (community) income. Fill in on line 11 any amount which is taxable to your spouse rather than to you because of any difference in federal and state reporting of marital property (community) income. For further information, get Publication 109, Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2012. See page 6 for information on how to get this publication.

Line 15 Standard Deduction

Most people can find their standard deduction by using the Standard Deduction Table on page 45. Use the amount on line 14 to find the standard deduction for your filing status. **But**, do *not* use the table if any one of the following applies:

• You (or your spouse if filing a joint return) can be claimed as a dependent on another person's (for example, parent's) income tax return. Use the Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on page 22 to figure your standard deduction.

• You are filing a short period income tax return or are filing federal Form 4563 to claim an exclusion of income from sources within U.S. possessions. You are not allowed any amount of standard deduction. Fill in 0 on line 15.

Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents				
1. Earned income* included in line 14 of Form 1 .00				
2. Addition amount 2 300.00				
3. Add lines 1 and 2. If total is less than \$950, fill in \$950 300				
 4. Using the amount on line 14 of Form 1, fill in the standard deduction for your filing status from table, page 454. 				
5. Fill in the SMALLER of line 3 or 4 here and on line 15 of Form 1500				
* Earned income includes wages, salaries, tips, professional fees, and any other compensation received for personal services you performed. It does not include scholarship or fellowship				

■ Line 17 Exemptions

income that is not reported on a W-2.

Complete lines 17a and 17b. Fill in the number of exemptions on the lines provided. Multiply that number by the amount indicated (\$700 or \$250), and fill in the result on line a or b, as appropriate. Fill in the total of the amounts on lines 17a and 17b on line 17c.

Line 17a

If you filed:

- Federal Form 1040 or 1040A, your number of exemptions is found on page 1 of your federal return.
- Federal Form 1040EZ, your number of exemptions is:
 - 0 If you are single and you checked the "You" box on line 5 of your federal return, or if you are married filing jointly and you checked both the "You" and "Spouse" boxes on your federal return.
 - 1 If you are single and did not check the "You" box on line 5 of your federal return, or if you are married filing jointly and you checked only one box (either "You" or "Spouse") on your federal return.
 - 2 If you are married filing jointly and did not check either box on line 5 of your federal return.

Line 17b

If you or your spouse were 65 or older on December 31, 2012, check the appropriate lines. Your number of exemptions is equal to the number of lines checked.

You may claim the \$250 exemption on line 17b for you and/ or your spouse only if you and/or your spouse are 65 years of age or older and are allowed the \$700 exemption on line 17a.

Line 19 Tax

Use the amount on line 18 to find your tax in the Tax Table on pages 38-43. Find your income-level bracket and read across to the column showing your filing status to find your tax. Be sure you use the correct column in the Tax Table for your filing status. Fill in your tax on line 19.

EXCEPTION If the amount on line 18 is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 44 to compute your tax.

Line 20 Itemized Deduction Credit

If the total of certain federal itemized deductions exceeds your Wisconsin standard deduction, you may claim the itemized deduction credit.

Complete Schedule 1 on page 4 of Form 1 to see if you can claim the credit. Schedule 1 lists the specific deductions to use from federal Schedule A (see EXCEPTIONS below).

If you did not itemize deductions for federal tax purposes, use the amounts which would be deductible if you had itemized deductions. To determine the amounts to use, complete a federal Schedule A. Write "Wisconsin" at the top of this Schedule A and enclose it with your Form 1.

EXCEPTIONS Even though Schedule 1 has entry lines for medical expenses, interest paid, gifts to charity, and casualty losses, not all of the amounts of these items that are deducted on federal Schedule A can be used for the itemized deduction credit. The following describes the portion of these items that may not be used to compute the itemized deduction credit.

- Medical expenses the amount of medical care insurance and long-term care insurance claimed as a subtraction on line 11.
- Interest paid to purchase a second home located outside Wisconsin.
 - paid to purchase a residence which is a boat.
 - paid to purchase or hold U.S. government securities.
- Contributions and interest allocated to you by a tax-option (S) corporation if you treated the amount as a subtraction on line 11.
- All casualty and theft losses except casualty losses that are directly related to a federally-declared disaster.

Line 21 Armed Forces Member Credit

The armed forces member credit is available to certain members of the U.S. armed forces. You may claim the credit if you meet all of the following:

- You were on active duty, and
- You received military pay from the federal government in 2012, and

• The military pay was for services performed while stationed outside the United States.

Note You may *not* claim the armed forces member credit if you were on active duty as a member of the Reserves or National Guard and you excluded certain military pay from your income. See Item 20 on page 19 of the instructions for information on the exclusion.

The credit is equal to the amount of military pay you received for services performed while stationed outside the United States, but not more than \$300. If you are married filing a joint return and both spouses qualify for the credit, each may claim up to \$300.

Line 22 Renter's and Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit

You may claim a credit if you paid rent during 2012 for living quarters used as your primary residence OR you paid property taxes during 2012 on your home. You are eligible for a credit whether or not you claim homestead credit on line 47.

You may *not* claim the school property tax credit if you or your spouse are claiming the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit.

Special Cases

If You Paid Both Property Taxes and Rent You may claim both the renter's credit and the homeowner's credit. The total combined credit claimed on lines 22a and 22b may not be more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

Married Persons Filing a Joint Return Figure your credit by using the rent and property taxes paid by both spouses.

Married Persons Filing Separate Returns or Married Persons Filing as Head of Household Each spouse may claim a credit. Each of you may use only your own property taxes and rent to figure the credit. The maximum credit allowable to each spouse is \$150.

Persons Who Jointly Own a Home or Share Rented Living Quarters When two or more persons (other than husband and wife) jointly own a home or share rented living quarters, each may claim a credit. However, the property taxes and rent paid must be divided among the owners or occupants. See the instructions for lines 22a and 22b.

Line 22a How to Figure the Renter's School Property Tax Credit

Step 1 Rent Paid in 2012 Fill in on the appropriate line(s) the total rent that you paid in 2012 for living quarters (1) where the heat was included in the rent, and (2) where the heat was not included in the rent. These living quarters must have been used as your principal home. Do not include rent that you may claim as a business expense. Do not include rent paid for housing that is exempt from property taxes, for example, rent for a university dorm, nonprofit senior housing, or public housing. (Property owned by a public housing authority is considered tax-exempt unless that authority makes payments in place of property taxes to the city or town in which it is located. If you live in public housing, you may wish to ask your manager about this.)

If the rent you paid included food, housekeeping, medical, or other services, reduce the amount filled in for rent paid in 2012 by the value of these items. If you shared living quarters with one or more persons (other than your spouse or dependents), fill in only the portion of the rent which you paid in 2012. For example, if you and two other persons rented an apartment and paid a total rent of \$3,000 in 2012, and you each paid \$1,000 of the rent, each could claim a credit based on \$1,000 of rent.

Step 2 Refer to the Renter's School Property Tax Credit Table on page 24 to figure your credit. If heat was included in your rent, use Column 1 of the table. If heat was not included, use Column 2. Fill in your credit on line 22a.

Exception If you paid both rent where heat was included and rent where heat was not included, complete the worksheet below.

Renter's Worksheet

(Complete only if Exception described above applies)

- 1. Credit for rent with heat included (from Column 1 of Table on page 24) 1.
- 2. Credit for rent where heat not included (from Column 2 of Table on page 24).....2.
- 3. Add lines 1 and 2. Fill in on line 22a of Form 1*3.

* Do not fill in more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

■ Line 22b How to Figure the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit

Step 1 Property Taxes Paid on Home in 2012 Fill in the amount of property taxes that you *paid* in 2012 on your home. Do **not** include:

- Charges for special assessments, delinquent interest, or services that may be included on your tax bill (such as trash removal, recycling fee, or a water bill).
- Property taxes that you can claim as a business expense (for example, farm taxes or rental property taxes).

Line Instructions

Renter's Sch	ool Property	Tax Credit Table*
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lf Rent Paid is:			ine 22a lit is:	lf Rent Paid is:		Your Li Cred		If Rent Paid is:		Your Li Cred		If Rent Paid is:			ine 22a lit is:
At Least	But Less Than	Col. 1 Heat In- cluded in Rent	Col. 2 Heat Not In- cluded in Rent	At Least	But Less Than	Col. 1 Heat In- cluded in Rent	Col. 2 Heat Not In- cluded in Rent	At Least	But Less Than	Col. 1 Heat In- cluded in Rent	Col. 2 Heat Not In- cluded in Rent	At Least	But Less Than	Col. 1 Heat In- cluded in Rent	Col. 2 Heat Not In- cluded in Rent
\$ 1 100 200 300 400	\$ 100 200 300 400 500	\$ 1 4 6 8 11	\$2 5 8 11 14	\$ 3,500 3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900	\$ 3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900 4,000	\$ 85 88 90 92 95	\$ 107 110 113 116 119	\$ 7,000 \$ 7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400	\$ 7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400 7,500	\$ 169 172 174 176 179	\$ 212 215 218 221 224	10,700 10,800	10,600 10,700 10,800 10,900 11,000	\$ 253 256 258 260 263	\$ 300 300 300 300 300
500 600 700 800 900	600 700 800 900 1,000	13 16 18 20 23	17 20 23 26 29	4,000 4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400	4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400 4,500	97 100 102 104 107	122 125 128 131 134	7,500 7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900 8,000	7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900 8,000 8,100	181 184 186 188 191 193	227 230 233 236 239 242	11,100 11,200 11,300	11,100 11,200 11,300 11,400 11,500	265 268 270 272 275	300 300 300 300 300
1,000 1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400	1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400 1,500	25 28 30 32 35	32 35 38 41 44	4,500 4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900	4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900 5,000	109 112 114 116 119	137 140 143 146 149	8,100 8,200 8,300 8,400	8,200 8,300 8,400 8,500	196 198 200 203	245 248 251 254	11,600 11,700 11,800	11,600 11,700 11,800 11,900 12,000	277 280 282 284 284	300 300 300 300 300
1,500 1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900	1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900 2,000	37 40 42 44 47	47 50 53 56 59	5,000 5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400	5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400 5,500	121 124 126 128 131	152 155 158 161 164	8,500 8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900	8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900 9,000	205 208 210 212 215	257 260 263 266 269	12,100 12,200 12,300	12,100 12,200 12,300 12,400 12,500	289 292 294 296 299	300 300 300 300 300
2,000 2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400	2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400 2,500	49 52 54 56 59	62 65 68 71 74	5,500 5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900	5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900 6,000	133 136 138 140 143	167 170 173 176 179	9,000 9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400	9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400 9,500	217 220 222 224 227	272 275 278 281 284	12,500 o	or more	300	300
2,500 2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900	2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900 3,000	61 64 66 68 71	77 80 83 86 89	6,000 6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400	6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400 6,500	145 148 150 152 155	182 185 188 191 194	9,500 9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900	9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900 10,000	229 232 234 236 239	287 290 293 296 299				
3,000 3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400	3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400 3,500	73 76 78 80 83	92 95 98 101 104	6,500 6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900	6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900 7,000	157 160 162 164 167	197 200 203 206 209	10,000 10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400	10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400 10,500	241 244 246 248 251	300 300 300 300 300				

*Caution The credit allowed certain persons may be less than the amount indicated. See "Special Cases" on page 23.

Line 22b instructions - continued

- Property taxes paid on property that is not your primary residence (such as a cottage or vacant land).
- Property taxes that you paid in any year other than 2012.

Property taxes are further limited as follows:

- a. If you bought or sold your home during 2012, the property taxes of the seller and buyer are the taxes set forth for each in the closing agreement made at the sale or purchase. If the closing agreement does not divide the property taxes between the seller and buyer, divide them on the basis of the number of months each owned the home.
- b. If you owned a mobile home during 2012, property taxes include the municipal permit fees paid to your municipality and/or the personal property taxes paid on your mobile home. (Payments for space rental for parking a mobile home or manufactured home should be filled in as rent on line 22a.)
- c. If you, or you and your spouse, owned a home jointly with one or more other persons, you may only use that portion of the property taxes that reflects your percentage of ownership. For example, if you and another person (other than your spouse) jointly owned a home on which taxes of \$1,500 were paid, each of you would claim a credit based on \$750 of taxes.

CAUTION Property taxes paid during 2012 must be reduced by any amounts received as a refund of such taxes. For example, a taxpayer claimed farmland preservation credit on Schedule FC (which is considered a refund of property taxes) on his or her 2011 Wisconsin return. The taxpayer received a farmland preservation credit in 2012 of \$600 that was based on 2011 property taxes accrued of \$6,000. The 2011 property taxes were paid in 2012 and 10% of such taxes were allocable to the personal residence and 90% to the farm property. Thus, for tax purposes, property taxes paid on the entire property during 2012 *Line 22b instructions – continued*

are \$5,400 (\$6,000 less \$600 farmland preservation credit). Of this amount, \$540 (10% of \$5,400) is used to compute the 2012 school property tax credit.

Step 2 Use the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit Table below to figure your credit. Fill in the amount of your credit on line 22b.

CAUTION If you are also claiming the renter's credit on line 22a, the total of your renter's and homeowner's credits can't be more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

If Property Taxes are:	If Property Taxes are:	If Property Taxes are:
But Line 22 At Less Cred	But Line 22b	But Line 22b At Less Credit Least Than is
\$ 1 \$ 25 \$ 25 50 50 75 75 100 1 100 125 1	900 925 110 925 950 113 950 975 116	\$ 1,750 \$ 1,775 \$ 212 1,775 1,800 215 1,800 1,825 218 1,825 1,850 221 1,850 1,875 224
125 150 1 150 175 2 175 200 2 200 225 2 225 250 2	1,025 1,050 125 1,050 1,075 128 1,075 1,100 131	1,8751,9002271,9001,9252301,9251,9502331,9501,9752361,9752,000239
250 275 3. 275 300 3 300 325 3 325 350 4 350 375 4	1,1501,1751401,1751,2001431,2001,225146	2,0002,0252422,0252,0502452,0502,0752482,0752,1002512,1002,125254
375 400 4 400 425 5 425 450 5 450 475 5 475 500 5	1,2751,3001551,3001,3251581,3251,350161	2,1252,1502572,1502,1752602,1752,2002632,2002,2252662,2252,250269
500 525 6 525 550 6 550 575 6 575 600 7 600 625 7	1,400 1,425 170 1,425 1,450 173 1,450 1,475 176	2,2502,2752722,2752,3002752,3002,3252782,3252,3502812,3502,375284
625 650 7 650 675 8 675 700 8 700 725 8 725 750 8	1,525 1,550 185 1,550 1,575 188 1,575 1,600 191	2,3752,4002872,4002,4252902,4252,4502932,4502,4752962,4752,500299
750 775 9. 775 800 9 800 825 9 825 850 10 850 875 10	1,650 1,675 200 1,675 1,700 203 1,700 1,725 206	2,500 or more 300

Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit Table*

*Caution The credit allowed certain persons may be less than the amount indicated. See "Special Cases" on page 23.

Line 23 Historic Rehabilitation Credits

Any individual who has received certification or approval of a project from the State Historical Society of Wisconsin may be eligible for the credits. Credits attributable to a partnership or tax-option (S) corporation pass through to the partners or shareholders (see Schedule 3K-1 or 5K-1). Credits may also be allocated to beneficiaries of estates and trusts (see Schedule 2K-1). Line 23 instructions – continued

If you qualify to claim either of the historic rehabilitation credits, complete Wisconsin Schedule HR. Fill in the amount from Schedule HR on line 23. Enclose Schedule HR and the required certification with Form 1.

Exception If you are only claiming credits that are passed through from an estate or trust, partnership, or tax-option (S) corporation, you do not have to complete Schedule HR. Fill in the total historic rehabilitation credits from your Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1 on line 23. Enclose a copy of the schedules with Form 1.

Line 24 Working Families Tax Credit

If your income is less than the amount indicated for your filing status, you may claim the working families tax credit.

Exception You may not claim the working families tax credit if you may be claimed as a dependent on another person's (for example, your parent's) income tax return.

Single, Head of Household, or Married Filing Separate Return

- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$9,000 or less, your working families tax credit is equal to your tax. Fill in the amount from line 19 of Form 1 on line 24.
- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is more than \$9,000 but less than \$10,000, use the worksheet below to compute your working families tax credit.
- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$10,000 or more, leave line 24 blank. You do not qualify for the credit.

Working Families Tax Credit Worksheet	
Do not complete this worksheet if:	
 Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$9,000 or less (\$18,000 or less married filing a joint return). 	ess if
 Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$10,000 or more (\$19,000 or more married filing a joint return). 	ore if
You may be claimed as a dependent on another personance return.	son's
1. Amount from line 19 of Form 1 1	
2. Total credits from lines 20 through 23 of Form 1 2.	
 Subtract line 2 from line 1. If the result is zero or less, stop here. You do not qualify for the credit	
4. Fill in \$10,000 (\$19,000 if married filing a joint return)4.	
5. Fill in amount from line 14 of Form 1	
6. Subtract line 5 from line 46	
7. Divide line 6 by one thousand (1,000). Fill in decimal amount	
 Multiply line 3 by line 7. This is your working families tax credit. Fill in this amount on line 24 of Form 1	

Married Filing Joint Return

- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$18,000 or less, your working families tax credit is equal to your tax. Fill in the amount from line 19 of Form 1 on line 24.
- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is more than \$18,000 but less than \$19,000, use the worksheet on page 25 to compute your working families tax credit.
- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$19,000 or more, leave line 24 blank. You do not qualify for the credit.

Line 25 Certain Nonrefundable Credits

If you are claiming any of the credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR. Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming with Form 1. Fill in the amount from line 8 of Schedule CR on line 25. See page 6 for information on obtaining Schedule CR.

- Schedule PE Postsecondary Education Credit The postsecondary education credit is based on a percentage of the tuition paid by a business for an individual to participate in an education program of a qualified postsecondary institution. The credit may be claimed for the taxable year in which the individual graduates from a course of instruction. Complete Schedule PE.
- Schedule WC Water Consumption Credit The water consumption credit is available to an industrial customer of a municipal water utility that is located in a federal renewal community zone in Wisconsin, and whose average annual water consumption from that utility for a 24-month period exceeds 1,000,000 Ccf. Complete Schedule WC.
 - Schedule BC Biodiesel Fuel Production Credit The biodiesel fuel production credit is available to a person who is engaged in the business of producing biodiesel fuel in Wisconsin and who produces at least 2,500,000 gallons of biodiesel fuel in the taxable year. Complete Schedule BC.
- Health Insurance Risk-Sharing Plan Assessments Credit This credit may be claimed by a partner, member, or shareholder of a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that is an insurer. The credit may also be passed through from an estate or trust. Fill in the amount of your credit from Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1.
- Film Production Company Investment Credit carryforward – Nonrefundable Portion See Part IV of Schedule FP.

• Schedule VE – Veteran Employment Credit The veteran employment credit is available to a business that hires an unemployed disabled veteran. Complete Schedule VE.

• Schedule CM – Community Rehabilitation Program Credit The community rehabilitation program credit is available to persons who enter into a contract with a community rehabilitation program to have the program perform work for the entity. Complete Schedule CM.

Line 28 Alternative Minimum Tax

You may owe Wisconsin alternative minimum tax if you benefit from certain deductions, credits, and the special tax treatment of some kinds of income. This tax is figured on Schedule MT. Use the worksheet below to see if you must complete Schedule MT.

If line 10 of the worksheet is more than the amount on Form 1, line 27, fill in Schedule MT to see if you owe the alternative minimum tax. If line 10 is equal to or less than the amount on Form 1, line 27, do not fill in Schedule MT.

Include the following adjustments and preference items on line 2 of the worksheet.

Adjustment and Tax Preference Items

- 1. Accelerated depreciation.
- 2. Amortization of pollution control facilities or depletion.
- 3. Stock received by exercising an incentive stock option and you did not dispose of the stock in the same year.
- 4. Intangible drilling, circulation, research, experimental, or mining costs.
- 5. Income or (loss) from tax shelter farm activities or passive activities.
- 6. Income from long-term contracts not figured using the percentage of completion method.
- 7. Interest paid on a home mortgage *not* used to buy, build, or substantially improve your home.
- 8. Investment interest expense reported on Form 4952.
- 9. Wisconsin net operating loss deduction.
- 10. Alternative minimum tax adjustments from an estate, trust, tax-option (S) corporation, partnership, or a cooperative.

Worksheet To See If You Should Fill in Schedule MT

Caution If you are married filing separately and line 3 of this worksheet is more than \$165,000, you should fill in Schedule MT.

 Fill in the amount from Form 1, line 14 Fill in the total of all adjustments and preference items that apply to you 	
3. Add lines 1 and 2	
 Fill in \$45,000 (\$22,500 if married filing separately; \$33,750 if single or head of household) 	4
 Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, stop here; you don't need to fill in Schedule MT	5
 Fill in \$150,000 (\$75,000 if married filing separately; \$112,500 if single or head of household)	ð
 Subtract line 6 from line 3. If zero or less, fill in -0- here and on line 8 and go to line 9 	7
 Multiply line 7 by 25% (.25) and fill in the resul but do not fill in more than line 4 above 8 	
9. Add lines 5 and 8	9
10. Multiply line 9 by 6.5% (.065) 10)

Line 30 Married Couple Credit

You can claim the married couple credit if:

- You are married filing a joint return, and
- Both you and your spouse have qualified earned income, and
- You do not file federal Form 2555 or Form 2555EZ to claim an exclusion of foreign earned income or Form 4563 to claim an exclusion of income from sources in U.S. possessions.

To figure the credit, fill in Schedule 2 on page 4 of Form 1. Figure earned income separately for yourself and your spouse on lines 1 through 3 in Columns (A) and (B) of Schedule 2.

"Earned income" includes <u>taxable</u> wages, salaries, tips, scholarships or fellowships (only amounts reported on a W-2), other employee compensation, disability income treated as wages, and net earnings from self-employment.

Example You are a member of the National Guard and were called to active duty. You claimed a subtraction on line 11 of Form 1 for the amount of military pay you received for the time during which you were on active duty. Because this military pay is not taxable to Wisconsin, it cannot be used when computing the married couple credit.

"Earned income" does not include other income such as interest, dividends, IRA distributions, deferred compensation (even though it may be reported on a W-2), unemployment compensation, rental income, social security, pensions, annuities, or income that is not taxable to Wisconsin. Do not consider marital property law, marital property agreements, or unilateral statements in figuring each spouse's earned income.

The credit is based on qualified earned income. You must figure qualified earned income separately for yourself and your spouse. Figure it on lines 4 and 5 of Schedule 2 by subtracting the total of certain adjustments from earned income. These adjustments (as reported as an adjustment to income on federal Form 1040) are:

- IRA deduction (line 32),
- Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans (line 28),
- Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits (included in the total of line 36),
- Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis government officials (line 24),
- Contributions to secs. 403(b) and 501(c)(18) pension plans (included in the total on line 36), and
- Disability income exclusion (from line 11 of Wisconsin Form 1).

Line 31 Other Credits – Schedule CR

If you are claiming any of the credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR. Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming and any required Department of Commerce (DOC) or Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC) approval or

Line 31 instructions – continued

certification, with Form 1. Fill in the amount from line 21 of Schedule CR on line 31. See page 6 for information on obtaining Schedule CR.

- Film Production Services Credit Carryforward – Nonrefundable portion See Part III of Schedule FP.
- Schedule MS Manufacturer's Sales Tax Credit If you had \$25,000 or less of unused manufacturer's sales tax credit from 1998 through 2005 and could not use the entire credit on your 2006-2011 returns, complete Schedule MS to determine the amount of carryover credit you may claim for 2012.
- Schedule MI Manufacturing Investment Credit Persons certified by the DOC who had more than \$25,000 of unused manufacturer's sales tax credit carryover on January 1, 2006, may be able to claim the manufacturing investment credit. Complete Schedule MI.
- Schedule DI-Dairy and Livestock Farm Investment Credit The dairy and livestock farm investment credit is based on the amount paid for dairy or livestock farm modernization or expansion related to the operation of a dairy or livestock farm in Wisconsin. See Schedule DI.
- Schedule EB Ethanol and Biodiesel Fuel Pump Credit A credit is available for a portion of the amount paid to install or retrofit pumps that dispense certain motor vehicle fuel. The motor vehicle fuel must consist of at least 85 percent ethanol or at least 20 percent biodiesel fuel. Complete Schedule EB.
- Schedule DC Development Zones Credit Special tax credits may be available to persons doing business in Wisconsin development zones. If you qualify for the development zones credit, complete Wisconsin Schedule DC.
- Schedule TC Technology Zone Credit The technology zone credit may be available for persons doing business in Wisconsin technology zones. If you qualify for the technology zone credit, complete Wisconsin Schedule TC.
- Schedule ED Economic Development Tax Credit The economic development tax credit may be claimed by persons certified by the WEDC and authorized to claim the credit. See Schedule ED.
- Schedule VC(Part II) Early Stage Seed Investment Credit The early stage seed investment credit is based on an investment paid to a fund manager certified by the WEDC that the fund manager invests in a certified business. Complete Schedule VC.
- Schedule VC(Part I) Angel Investment Credit The angel investment credit is available to accredited investors who make a bona fide angel investment in a qualified new business venture that is certified by the WEDC. Complete Schedule VC.
- Schedule EM Electronic Medical Records Credit
 The electronic medical records credit is available to a health
 care provider for hardware or software that is used to maintain
 medical records in electronic form. Complete Schedule EM.

Line Instructions

Line 31 instructions - continued

Schedule IE – Internet Equipment Credit Carryforward

Line 32 Credit for Net Tax Paid to Another State

If you paid tax both to Wisconsin and another state on the same income, you may be able to claim a credit for such tax. Read the Schedule OS instructions to determine if you may claim the credit. If you qualify for the credit, complete Schedule OS. Fill in the amount of your credit from Schedule OS on line 32. Be sure to enter in the brackets on line 32 the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the other state to which you paid tax. If you paid tax to more than one other state, fill in the number "99" in the brackets. See Schedule OS for other situations where additional code numbers may be required. Enclose Schedule OS and copies of the other state's return.

CAUTION Credit cannot be claimed for taxes paid to **Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, or Michigan** on personal service income (such as wages, salaries, tips, commissions, bonuses, etc.) you received from working in one of those states. Instead, file a return with that state to get a refund of any tax withheld from your wages. Be sure to explain on that state's return that you were a Wisconsin resident when earning the wages in that state. See Publication 121, *Reciprocity*, for more information.

Line 35 Economic Development Surcharge

The economic development surcharge applies to individuals who have trade or business activities in Wisconsin (including activities as a statutory employee) *and* have \$4,000,000 or more of gross receipts from trade or business activities for federal income tax purposes.

If you are subject to the economic development surcharge, complete Wisconsin Schedule EDS. Fill in the amount from line 2 or 3 of Schedule EDS on line 35 of Form 1. Enclose Schedule EDS with Form 1.

Line 36 Sales and Use Tax Due on Out-of-State Purchases

Did you make any taxable purchases from out-of-state firms in 2012 on which sales and use tax was not charged? If yes, you must report Wisconsin sales and use tax on these purchases on line 36 if they were stored, used, or consumed in Wisconsin. You must also report sales and use tax on taxable purchases from a retailer located in another country, regardless of whether you were charged any tax for that country or any duty by the U.S. Customs Service.

Taxable purchases include furniture, carpet, clothing, computers, books, CDs, DVDs, video tapes, certain digital goods (e.g., greeting cards, video games, music, and books, transferred electronically), artwork, antiques, jewelry, coins purchased for more than face value, etc.

Example You purchased \$300 of clothing through a catalog or over the Internet. No sales and use tax was charged. The clothing was delivered in a county with a 5% tax rate. You are liable for \$15 Wisconsin tax ($300 \times 5\% = 15$) on this purchase.

Line 36 instructions – continued

Complete the worksheet below to determine whether you are liable for Wisconsin sales and use tax.

liable for

If you do not include an amount on line 36, place a checkmark in the space provided to certify that you do not owe any sales or use tax. Only returns certified as "no use tax due" will be recognized as filing a sales/use tax return.

Worksheet for Computing Wisconsin Sales and Use Tax

1. Total purchases subject to Wisconsin sales and use tax (i.e., purchases on which no sales and use tax was charged by the seller)	\$	
2. Sales and use tax rate (see rate chart below)	Х	%
3. Amount of sales and use tax due for 2012 (line 1 multiplied by tax rate on line 2). Round this amount to the nearest dollar and fill in on line 36 of Form 1	\$	

Sales and Use Tax Rate Chart

In all Wisconsin counties except those shown in a through c below, the tax rate was 5.5% for all of 2012.

a. If storage, use, or consumption in 2012 was in one of the following counties, the tax rate was 5.6%:
 Milwaykee

Milwaukee	Ozaukee	vvasning		
e .				

- b. If storage, use, or consumption in 2012 was in one of the following counties, the tax rate was 5.1%: Racine Waukesha
- c. If storage, use, or consumption in 2012 was in one of the following counties, the tax rate was 5%:

Calumet	Manitowoc	Outagamie	Winnebago
Kewaunee	Menominee	Sheboygan	

■ Line 37 Donations

You may designate amounts as a donation to one or more of the programs listed on lines 37a through 37j. Your donation will either reduce your refund or be added to tax due. Add the amounts on lines 37a through 37j and fill in the total on line 37k.

Line 37a Endangered Resources Donation With your gift, the Endangered Resources Program works to protect and manage native plant and animal species, natural communities, and other natural features. Gifts up to a predetermined amount will be matched by state general purpose revenue. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37a.

Line 37b Packers Football Stadium Donation Your Packer football stadium donation will be used for maintenance and operating costs of the professional football stadium in Green Bay. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37b.

Line 37c Cancer Research Donation Your cancer research donation will be divided equally between the Medical College of Wisconsin, Inc., and the University of Wisconsin Carbone Cancer Center for cancer research projects. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37c.

Line 37d Veterans Trust Fund Donation Your donation to the Veterans Trust Fund will be used by the Wisconsin Depart-

ment of Veterans Affairs for the benefit of veterans or their dependents. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37d.

Line 37e Multiple Sclerosis Donation Donations will be forwarded to the National Multiple Sclerosis Society to be distributed to entities located in Wisconsin that operate health-related programs for people in Wisconsin with multiple sclerosis. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37e.

Line 37f Firefighters Memorial You may donate an amount towards a firefighters memorial. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37f.

Line 37g Military Family Relief Fund The Wisconsin Department of Military Affairs will use donations to the military family relief fund to provide financial aid to eligible members of the immediate family of members of the U.S. armed forces or of the National Guard who are residents of Wisconsin serving on active duty. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37g.

Line 37h Second Harvest/Feeding America Your donation to the food banks supports efforts to feed the hungry and will be divided as follows: 65% to Feeding America Eastern Wisconsin (located in Milwaukee); 20% to Second Harvest Foodbank of Southern Wisconsin (located in Madison); and 15% to Feed My People (located in Eau Claire). The food banks provide food to food pantries, meal programs, shelters, and soup kitchens throughout the state. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37h.

Line 37i Red Cross Wisconsin Disaster Relief You may donate an amount to the American Red Cross for its Wisconsin Disaster Relief Fund. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37i.

Line 37j Special Olympics You may donate an amount to Special Olympics Wisconsin, Inc. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 37j.

Line 38 Penalties on IRAs, Other Retirement Plans, MSAs, Etc.

The Wisconsin penalty on IRAs, retirement plans, medical savings accounts (MSAs), etc., is equal to 33% of the following federal taxes:

- Tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc., (line 58 of federal Form 1040). Do not include any amount from line 8 of federal Form 5329.
- Total tax due from lines 4, 17, 25, 33, 41, 49, and 53 of federal Form 5329 (include only if the tax due on this form was paid separately and is not included on line 58 of Form 1040).
- Tax on excess contributions (line 2 of federal Form 5330).
- Tax on prohibited transactions (lines 3a and 3b of federal Form 5330).
- Section 72(m)(5) excess benefits tax (included in the total on line 60 of federal Form 1040).
- Tax on Archer MSA distributions (line 9b of federal Form 8853).
- Tax on health savings account distributions (line 17b of federal Form 8889).

Line 38 instructions – continued

If you were subject to any of the above federal taxes for 2012, fill in the total of such taxes in the space provided on line 38. Multiply the amount filled in by .33 (33%) and fill in the result on line 38.

Note You are not subject to the penalty on payments from certain retirement plans if the payments are exempt from Wisconsin tax. See the instructions for line 11, Items 05, 06, and 26 for information on retirement payments that are exempt from Wisconsin tax and to which the penalty does not apply.

If you were required to file federal Form 5329 or 5330, enclose a copy of your Form 5329 and/or 5330 with your Form 1.

Line 39 Credit Repayments and Other Penalties

If you are required to repay a Wisconsin credit or are subject to a penalty for selling business or farming assets purchased from a related person, fill in the amount of the repayment or penalty on line 39. See below for further information.

- **Recapture of development zones investment credit** You may be required to recapture development zones investment credit if you disposed of or stopped using in a development zone any property for which you claimed the investment credit in a prior year. See Part IV of Schedule DC for further information. Fill in the amount from line 34 of Schedule DC on line 39.
- State historic rehabilitation credit You may have to repay all or part of the state historic rehabilitation credit if you disposed of the property within 5 years after the date on which the preservation or rehabilitation work was complete or the Wisconsin Historical Society determines that you have not complied with all of the requirements. Contact any department office for information on determining the amount to be repaid.
- Angel investment credit or early stage seed investment credit If an investment for which you claimed the angel investment credit or early stage seed investment credit in a prior year was held for less than three years, you must repay the amount of the credit that you received related to the investment. This does not apply if the investment becomes worthless, as determined by WEDC, during the 3-year period or if you kept the investment for at least 12 months and a bona fide liquidity event, as determined by WEDC, occurs during the 3-year period.
- Penalty for selling business assets (or assets used in farming) purchased from a related person Capital gain on the sale or disposition of business or farming assets may be excluded from Wisconsin taxation if the assets were held more than one year and are disposed of to certain related persons. The related person who purchases or otherwise receives the assets on which the gain is excluded is subject to a penalty if he/she sells or disposes of the assets within two years. The penalty does not apply in the case of an involuntary conversion (for example, assets are destroyed by fire or livestock dies). Contact any department office for information on how to compute the penalty.

Line 42 Wisconsin Tax Withheld

Add the **Wisconsin** income tax withheld shown on your withholding statements (Forms W-2, W-2G, 1099-G, 1099-R, and 1099-MISC). Also, if any Wisconsin pass-through entity withholding tax was allocated to you from a tiered pass-through entity of which you are a member, you may include that withholding. Fill in the total on line 42. Enclose readable copies of your withholding statements with Form 1. Enclose Forms 1099 only if Wisconsin income tax was withheld. (See Assembling Your Return on page 34.)

Note Wisconsin tax withheld is shown in Box 17 of Form W-2 or Box 12 of Form 1099-R, but only if Wisconsin is the state identified in Box 15 of Form W-2 or Box 13 of Form 1099-R.

DO NOT:

- · claim credit for tax withheld for other states.
- claim amounts marked social security or Medicare tax withheld.
- claim credit for federal tax withheld.
- include withholding statements from other tax years.
- write on or change or attempt to correct the amounts on your withholding statements.

It is your responsibility to ensure that your employer or other payer has provided withholding statements that:

- 1. Are clear and easy to read.
- 2. Show withholding was paid to Wisconsin.

If you do not have a withholding statement or need a corrected withholding statement, contact your employer or other payer.

Line 43 2012 Wisconsin Estimated Tax Payments and Amount Applied From 2011 Return

Fill in any payments you made on your estimated Wisconsin income tax (Form 1-ES) for 2012. Include any overpayment from your 2011 return that you were allowed as credit to your 2012 Wisconsin estimated tax.

Check Your Estimated Tax Payments Before filling in line 43, check the amount of your estimated tax payments on the department's website at <u>https://ww2.revenue.wi.gov/</u> <u>PaymentInquiry/request.html</u>. Processing of your return will be delayed if there is a difference between the amount of estimated tax payments you claim and the amount the department has on record.

If you are married filing a joint return, fill in the total of:

- any separate estimated tax payments made by each spouse,
- · any joint estimated tax payments, and
- any overpayments from your 2011 returns that you and your spouse were allowed as credit to 2012 Wisconsin estimated tax.

If you are filing a separate tax return, you may not claim any part of your spouse's separate estimated tax payments or credits. *Line 43 instructions – continued*

However, you and your spouse may split your joint estimated tax payments and credits between you as you choose on your separate returns. If you cannot agree on how joint amounts are to be split between you, the department will split them between you according to your respective income tax liabilities.

Follow the above instructions even if your spouse died during 2012.

Name Change If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, enclose a statement with Form 1. On the statement, explain all the payments you and your spouse made for 2012 and the name(s) and social security number(s) under which you made them.

Line 44 Earned Income Credit

If you qualify for the federal earned income credit and you have at least one qualifying child, you also qualify for the Wisconsin earned income credit. However, you must have been a resident of Wisconsin for the entire year.

To claim the Wisconsin earned income credit, complete the following steps and fill in the required information in the spaces provided on line 44.

Step 1 Fill in the **number** of children who meet the requirements of a "qualifying child" for purposes of the federal earned income credit (see the instructions for earned income credit in your federal return for definition of a "qualifying child").

Step 2 Fill in the **federal earned income credit** from your federal Form 1040 or 1040A.

Step 3 Fill in the percentage rate which applies to you.

Number of qualifying children (see Step 1 above)	Fill in this percentage rate
1	4%
2	11%
3 or more	34%

Step 4 Multiply the amount of your federal credit (Step 2) by the percentage determined in Step 3. Fill in the result on line 44. This is your Wisconsin earned income credit.

Enclosures With Your Return You must enclose a copy of your completed federal Schedule EIC with Form 1. If you used a paid preparer to complete your federal return, also enclose federal Form 8867. Failure to provide this information may delay your refund.

Note If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit and you want the department to compute your Wisconsin earned income credit for you, fill in the number of your qualifying children in the space provided on line 44. Write "EIC" in the space to the right of line 44. Complete your return through line 49 of Form 1. Enclose a copy of your federal return (Form 1040A or Form 1040) with your Form 1.

■ Line 45 Farmland Preservation Credit

If you are claiming farmland preservation credit, include a completed Schedule FC or FC-A with your Form 1. Fill in on line 45a of Form 1 the amount from line 18 of your Schedule FC. Fill in on line 45b of Form 1 the amount from line 13 of Schedule FC-A.

Note For a description of the farmland preservation credit program, see Special Instruction G on page 36. You cannot claim farmland preservation credit if you (or your spouse, if married) claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit or homestead credit.

Line 46 Repayment Credit

If you had to repay during 2012, an amount that you had included in income in an earlier year because at that time you thought you had an unrestricted right to it, you may be able to claim a credit based on the amount repaid. To qualify for the credit, the amount repaid must be over \$3,000 and the amount repaid cannot have been subtracted in computing Wisconsin adjusted gross income.

Use the following steps to compute your credit:

- (1) Refigure your tax from the earlier year without including in income the amount you repaid in 2012.
- (2) Subtract the tax in (1) from the tax shown on your return for the earlier year. The difference is your credit.

Fill in the amount of your credit on line 46 of Form 1. Enclose a statement showing how you computed your credit.

Line 47 Homestead Credit

If you are claiming homestead credit, attach Schedule H or H-EZ to your Form 1. Fill in on line 47 the amount from line 19 of your Schedule H or line 14 of Schedule H-EZ.

Note To see if you qualify for homestead credit, refer to Special Instruction F on page 36. You cannot claim homestead credit if you (or your spouse, if married) claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit or farmland preservation credit.

Line 48 Eligible Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit

Who May Claim the Credit An eligible unremarried surviving spouse or an eligible veteran may claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit. (Note If you claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, you or your spouse may not claim the school property tax credit, homestead credit, or farmland preservation credit.)

An "eligible unremarried surviving spouse" means an unremarried surviving spouse of one of the following, as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs:

• An individual who had served on active duty in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated as part of the U.S. armed forces, who was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service or who had been a resident of Wisconsin for any consecutive 5-year period after entry into that active duty service, and who, while a resident of Wisconsin, died while on active duty. *Line 48 instructions – continued*

- An individual who had served on active duty under honorable conditions in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated as part of the U.S. armed forces; who was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service or who had been a resident of Wisconsin for any consecutive 5-year period after entry into that active duty service; who was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of his or her death; and who had either a service-connected disability rating of 100% under 38 USC 1114 or 1134 or a 100% disability rating based on individual unemployability.
- An individual who had served in the National Guard or a reserve component of the U.S. armed forces, who was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into that service or who had been a resident of Wisconsin for any consecutive 5-year period after entry into that active duty service, and who, while a resident of Wisconsin, died in the line of duty while on active or inactive duty for training purposes.

"Eligible veteran" means an individual who is certified by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs as meeting all of the following conditions:

- Served on active duty under honorable conditions in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated in the U.S. armed forces.
- Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service or who had been a resident of Wisconsin for any consecutive 5-year period after entry into that active duty service.
- Is currently a resident of Wisconsin for purposes of receiving veterans benefits under ch. 45, Wis. Stats.
- Has a service-connected disability rating of 100% under 38 USC 1114 or 1134 or a 100% disability rating based on individual unemployability.

Computing the Credit The credit is equal to the property taxes <u>paid</u> during the year on the claimant's principal dwelling in Wisconsin. The credit is based on real and personal property taxes, exclusive of special assessments, delinquent interest, and charges for service. Do not include any property taxes that are properly includable as a trade or business expense.

Worksheet If Property Tax Bill Shows More than 1 Acre of Land

1. Assessed value of land (from tax bill) .	. 1
2. Number of acres of land	. 2
3. Divide line 1 by line 2	. 3
4. Assessed value of principal dwelling	.4
5. Add line 3 and line 4	. 5
6. Total assessed value of all land and improvements (from tax bill)	. 6
7. Divide line 5 by line 6	.7
8. Net property taxes paid	. 8
9. Multiply line 8 by line 7. This is the amount of property tax allowed for the credit	. 9

Line Instructions

Line 48 instructions - continued

"Principal dwelling" means any dwelling and the land surrounding it that is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a primary dwelling, but not more than one acre. It may include a part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and a part of the land upon which it is built that is used as the primary dwelling. Complete the worksheet at bottom of page 31 if your principal dwelling is located on more than one acre of land.

If the principal dwelling on which the taxes were paid is owned by two or more persons or entities as joint tenants or tenants-in-common, use only that part of property taxes paid that reflects the ownership percentage of the claimant. (See Exceptions below.)

Exceptions

- *Married filing a joint return* If property is owned by an eligible veteran and his/her spouse as joint tenants, tenants-in-common, or as marital property, the credit is based on 100% of property taxes paid on the principal dwelling.
- *Married filing a separate return* If property is owned by an eligible veteran and his/her spouse as joint tenants, tenantsin-common, or as marital property, each spouse may claim the credit based on their respective ownership interest in the eligible veteran's principal dwelling.

If the principal dwelling is sold during the taxable year, the property taxes for the seller and buyer shall be the amount of the tax prorated to each in the closing agreement pertaining to the sale. If not provided for in the closing agreement, the tax shall be prorated between the seller and buyer in proportion to months of ownership.

If you owned and lived in a mobile home as your principal dwelling, "property taxes" includes monthly mobile home municipal permit fees you paid to the municipality.

The credit must be claimed within 4 years of the unextended due date of the return.

Certification of Eligibility for the Credit If you did not claim the credit in a prior year, before claiming the credit for 2012 you must request certification from the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs (WDVA) indicating that you qualify for the credit. Use Form WDVA 2097 (which you can find in WDVA Brochure B0106) to submit your request, along with a copy of the veteran's DD Form 214 and Veterans Administration disability award letter and, if applicable, the veteran's death certificate, a marriage certificate, and a completed copy of Form WDVA 0001 (if the veteran never previously submitted one). The WDVA 0001 and the brochure are available from your county veterans service officer or on the Internet at dva.state.wi.us. You may submit these forms and supporting documents to your county veterans service officer or mail them to: Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs, 30 West Mifflin St., PO Box 7843, Madison WI 53707-7843. The WDVA will send you a certification of your eligibility.

Note You do not have to obtain certification from the WDVA for 2012 if you previously received certification for a prior year. If you still qualify for the credit, you may claim the credit but do not have to enclose certification.

Line 48 instructions - continued

Enclosures Enclose a copy of your property tax bill, proof of payment made in 2012, and the certification, if required, received from the WDVA with your return.

Line 49 Other Credits From Schedule CR

If you are claiming any of the credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR. Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming and any required approval or certification from the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP), Department of Tourism (DOT), or the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC). Fill in the amount from line 32 of Schedule CR on line 49.

- Schedule EC Enterprise zone jobs credit The enterprise zone jobs credit is available to persons doing business in an enterprise zone. The WEDC must certify the business as eligible for the credit and determine the amount of credit. See Schedule EC.
- Schedule DM Dairy manufacturing facility investment credit The dairy manufacturing facility investment credit is available for dairy manufacturing modernization or expansion. The DATCP must certify eligible taxpayers and allocate the amount of credit. See Schedule DM.
- Schedule DM Dairy cooperatives credit The dairy manufacturing facility investment credit can be computed by dairy cooperatives. The cooperative computes the credit and allocates the credit to its patrons. See Schedule DM.
- Schedule JT Jobs tax credit The credit is available based on wages paid to an eligible employee and costs incurred to undertake training activities. The credit is available to taxpayers who are certified by the WEDC. See Schedule JT.
- Schedule MP Meat processing facility investment credit The meat processing facility investment credit is available for meat processing modernization and expansion. The DATCP must certify eligible taxpayers and allocate the amount of credit. See Schedule MP.
- Schedule FP Film production company investment credit The film production company investment credit is available for expenses that relate to establishing or operating a film production company in Wisconsin. The DOT must certify the expenses. See Schedule FP.
- Schedule FP Film production services credit Credits are available for a film production company. The application for the credit must be approved by the DOT. See Schedule FP.
- Schedule WB Woody biomass harvesting and processing credit The woody biomass harvesting and processing credit is available based on the amount paid in the year for equipment that is used primarily to harvest or process woody biomass that is used as fuel or as a component of fuel. The DATCP must certify the taxpayer and allocate the amount of the credit to the taxpayer. See Schedule WB.

- Schedule FW Food processing plant and food warehouse investment credit The food processing plant and food warehouse investment credit is based on the amount paid in the year for food processing or food warehousing modernization or expansion. The DATCP must certify the taxpayer and allocate the amount of the credit to the taxpayer. See Schedule FW.
- Schedule FL Beginning farmer and farm asset owner credit The beginning farmer credit is available to a beginning farmer who leases agricultural assets from an established farmer and who takes a course in farm financial management. The farm asset owner credit is available to an established farmer who leases agricultural assets to a beginning farmer. Both the beginning farmer and the established farmer must submit a certificate of eligibility from DATCP. See Schedule FL.

■ Line 51 Amount You Overpaid

If line 50 is larger than line 41, complete line 51 to determine the amount you overpaid.

Note If you were required to make estimated tax payments and you did not make such payments timely, you may owe what is called "underpayment interest." You may owe underpayment interest even if you are due a refund. Read the line 55 instructions to see if you owe underpayment interest. If you owe underpayment interest and you show an overpayment on line 51, reduce the amount on line 51 by the amount of underpayment interest on line 55.

Line 52 Refund

Fill in on line 52 the amount from line 51 that you want refunded to you.

Note If you are divorced, see item 6 on page 35. You may need to enclose a copy of your divorce decree with your return.

■ Line 53 Amount Applied to 2013 Estimated Tax

Fill in on line 53 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 51 you want applied to your 2013 estimated tax.

If you are married filing a joint return, we will apply the amount on line 53 to your joint estimated tax. If you are married filing a separate return, we will apply the amount on line 53 to your separate estimated tax.

■ Line 54 Amount You Owe

If line 50 is less than line 41, complete line 54 to determine the amount you owe.

If the amount you owe with your return is \$200 or more or you made late estimated tax payments, you may also owe what is called "underpayment interest." This is an interest charge that applies when you have not prepaid enough of your tax through withholding and/or estimated tax payments. Read the line 55 instructions to see if you owe underpayment interest. If you do, include the underpayment interest from line 55 in the amount you fill in on line 54. *Line 54 instructions – continued*

If you owe an amount with your return, you can pay online or by check, money order, or credit card. **Do not** include any 2013 estimated tax payment in your check, money order, or amount you charge. Instead, make the estimated tax payment separately.

To pay online Go to the department's website at https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/pay. This is a free service.

To pay by check or money order Make your check or money order payable to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue. If the name of the taxpayer does not match the printed name on the check, print the taxpayer's name on the memo line of the check. **Paper clip** it to the front of your Form 1.

If you e-filed your return and are paying by check or money order, enclose your payment with Form EPV. Mail Form EPV and your payment to the address shown on Form EPV.

To pay by credit card You may use your MasterCard®, American Express® Card, Visa® Card, or Discover® Card. To pay by credit card, call toll free or access by Internet the service provider listed below and follow the instructions of the provider. A convenience fee of 2.5% (with a minimum of \$1) will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you are paying. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. If you pay by credit card before filing your return, enter on page 1 of Form 1 in the lower right corner the confirmation number you were given at the end of the transaction and the amount you charged (not including the convenience fee).

Official Payments Corporation 1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829) 1-866-621-4109 (Customer Service) officialpayments.com

What if you cannot pay? If you cannot pay the full amount shown as due on your tax return when you file, you may ask to make installment payments to the Department of Revenue. It is generally to your advantage to pay your liability in full rather than in installments. Installment agreements with the department are subject to a \$20 installment agreement fee. In addition, bills not paid in full by the due date become liable for additional interest of 18% per year and a delinquent tax collection fee of the greater of \$35 or 6½ percent of the unpaid amount. For more information concerning payments and to obtain the Installment Agreement Request Form (Form A-771), go to the Department of Revenue website at revenue.wi.gov. To file an Installment Agreement Request Form electronically, go to revenue.wi.gov/html/payplan.html.

Note Failure to pay your Wisconsin income tax may result in certification of your unpaid liability to the Treasury Offset Program. Federal law authorizes the U.S. Department of Treasury to reduce, or offset, any federal income tax refunds payable to you by the IRS to satisfy unpaid state income tax debts. Any unpaid liability will remain eligible for this offset until paid.

Line 55 Underpayment Interest

You may owe underpayment interest if the amount of Wisconsin income tax withheld from your wages was less than your tax liability, or if you had income that was not subject to withholding and you did not make timely estimated payments. In general, in each quarter of the year, you should be paying enough tax through withholding payments and quarterly estimated tax payments to cover the taxes you expect to owe for the tax year. For more information on making estimated tax payments, see "Estimated Tax Payments Required for Next Year" on page 35.

Underpayment interest applies if:

- Line 54 is at least \$200 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on your return, or
- You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if you are due a refund.

The "tax shown on your return" is the amount on line 34 plus the amount on line 35, minus the amounts on lines 44 through 49.

Exceptions You will not owe underpayment interest if your 2011 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months (or would have been had you been required to file) AND **either** of the following applies.

- 1. You had no tax liability for 2011 and you were a Wisconsin resident for all of 2011, **or**
- 2. The amounts on lines 42 and 43 of your 2012 return are at least as much as the tax shown on your 2011 return. Your estimated tax payments for 2012 must have been made on time and for the required amount. This does not apply if you did not file a 2011 return.

The tax shown on your 2011 return is the amount on line 34 plus the amount on line 35 of 2011 Form 1 minus the amounts on lines 44 through 49.

Fill in the exception code in the brackets to the left of line 55 if you are enclosing an application for a waiver, qualify for an exception, or are using the annualized income installment method (Part IV of Schedule U) to compute underpayment interest. See the Schedule U instructions for the exception code to use.

Example Farmers and fishers are not subject to underpayment interest if two-thirds of their total gross income (gross income of both spouses if married filing a joint return) is from farming or fishing and they file their return and pay any tax due by March 1, 2013. Qualified farmers and fishers must fill in exception code 4 in the brackets to the left of line 55. Failure to fill in the exception code may result in an assessment for underpayment interest.

Figuring Underpayment Interest

If the **Exceptions** above do not apply, see **Schedule U** to find out if you owe underpayment interest. If you do, you can use the schedule to figure the amount. In certain situations, you may be able to lower your underpayment interest. For details, see the instructions for Schedule U. Fill in the underpayment interest from Schedule U on line 55. Add the amount of the underpayment interest to any tax due and fill in the total on line 54. If you are due a refund, subtract the underpayment interest from the overpayment you show on line 51 and adjust lines 52 and 53 if necessary. Enclose Schedule U with your Form 1.

■ Third Party Designee If you want to allow a tax preparer or tax preparation firm, family member, friend, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2012 tax return with the Department of Revenue, check "Yes" in the "Third Party Designee" area of your return. Also, fill in the designee's name, phone number, and any five digits the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN).

If you check "Yes," you (and your spouse if filing a joint return) are authorizing the department to discuss with the designee any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the department any information missing from your return,
- Call the department for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s), and
- Respond to certain department notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the department. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, you must submit Form A-222 (*Power of Attorney*).

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2013 tax return. This is April 15, 2014, for most people.

■ Sign and Date Your Return Sign and date your return at the bottom of page 3. Form 1 is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. Your spouse must also sign if it is a joint return. Also fill in your daytime phone number. Keep a copy of your dated return.

Assembling Your Return

Begin by putting the four pages of Form 1 in numerical order. Then, attach, using a **paper clip**, the following in the *order listed*. Do not staple your return. Stapling will delay the processing of your return and any refund.

Do not attach a Form W-RA if you are filing your return on paper. Form W-RA is used only when submitting information for an electronically-filed return.

- Payment If you owe an amount with your return, paper clip your payment to the front of Form 1, unless you are paying by credit card or online.
- 2. Wisconsin Schedules Copies of appropriate Wisconsin schedules and supporting documents, such as Schedule H or H-EZ (homestead credit), Schedule FC or FC-A (farmland preservation credit), Schedule CR, or Schedule RT.

- 3. W-2s or 1099s The appropriate copy of each of your withholding statements (Forms W-2, W-2G, 1099-G, 1099-R, and 1099-MISC).
- 4. Federal Return A complete copy of your federal return (Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ) and its supporting schedules and forms. If you itemize deductions on your federal return but do not claim the itemized deduction credit on your Wisconsin return, you do not have to enclose federal Schedule A.
- 5. Extension Form or Statement A copy of your federal extension application form or required statement if you are filing under an extension of time to file.

6. Divorce Decree –

- Persons divorced after June 20, 1996, who compute a *refund* If your divorce decree apportions any tax liability owed to the department to your former spouse, enclose a copy of the decree with your Form 1. Fill in "04" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1. This will prevent your refund from being applied against such tax liability.
- Persons divorced who file a joint return If your divorce decree apportions any refund to you or your former spouse, or between you and your former spouse, the department will issue the refund to the person(s) to whom the refund is awarded under the terms of the divorce. Enclose a copy of the portion of your divorce decree that relates to the tax refund with your Form 1. Fill in "04" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1.

7. Injured Spouse – If you are filing federal Form 8379, Injured Spouse Claim and Allocation, enclose a copy with your Form 1. Fill in "05" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1.

CAUTION Be sure to file all four pages of Form 1. Send the original of your return. Do not send a photocopy.

■ Where to File Mail your return to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue at:

(if tax is due)	(if refund or no tax due)	(if homestead credit claimed)
PO Box 268	PO Box 59	PO Box 34
Madison WI	Madison WI	Madison WI
53790-0001	53785-0001	53786-0001

Envelopes without enough postage will be returned to you by the post office. Your envelope may need additional postage if it contains more than five pages or is oversized (for example, it is over 1/4" thick). Also, include your complete return address.

Private Delivery Services You can use certain private delivery services approved by the IRS to meet the timely filing rule. The approved private delivery services are listed in the instructions for your federal tax form. Items must be delivered to Wisconsin Department of Revenue, 2135 Rimrock Rd., Madison WI 53713. Private delivery services cannot deliver items to PO boxes. The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.

Special Instructions

A. Penalties for Not Filing Returns or Filing **Incorrect Returns**

If you do not file an income tax return which you are required to file, or if you file an incorrect return due to negligence or fraud, penalties and interest may be assessed against you. The interest rate on delinquent taxes is 18% per year. Civil penalties can be as much as 100% of the amount of tax not reported on the return. Criminal penalties for failing to file or filing a false return include a fine up to \$10,000 and imprisonment.

B. Internal Revenue Service Adjustments

Did the Internal Revenue Service adjust any of your federal income tax returns? If yes, you may have to notify the Department of Revenue of such adjustments. You must notify the department if the adjustments affect your Wisconsin income, any credit, or tax payable.

The department must be notified within 90 days after the adjustments are final. You must submit a copy of the final federal audit report by either:

(1) Including it with an amended return (Form 1X) that reflects the federal adjustments, or

(2) Mailing the copy to: Wisconsin Department of Revenue Audit Bureau PO Box 8906 Madison WI 53708-8906

C. Amended Returns

If you filed an amended return with the Internal Revenue Service or another state, you generally must also file an amended Wisconsin return within 90 days. You need to file an amended Wisconsin return if the changes affect your Wisconsin income, any credit, or tax payable. Use Form 1X to file an amended Wisconsin return.



You may be able to electronically file the Form 1X through the department's Wisconsin e-file application at revenue.wi.gov or through your software package.

D. Estimated Tax Payments Required for Next Year?

If your 2013 Wisconsin income tax return will show a tax balance due to the department of \$200 or more, you must either:

· Make estimated tax payments for 2013 in installments beginning April 15, 2013, using Wisconsin Form 1-ES, or

• Increase the amount of income tax withheld from your 2013 pay.

For example, you may have a tax balance due with your return if you have income from which Wisconsin tax is not withheld. If you do not make required installment payments, you may be charged interest.

For more information, contact the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2772 or any Department of Revenue office.

If you must file Form 1-ES for 2013 and do not receive a form in the mail, go to our website at <u>revenue.wi.gov</u> to obtain a personalized copy of Form 1-ES or contact any Department of Revenue office.

E. Armed Forces Personnel

If you were a Wisconsin resident on the date you entered military service, you are considered a Wisconsin resident during your entire military career unless you take action to change your legal residency.

F. Homestead Credit

The Wisconsin homestead credit program provides direct relief to homeowners and renters. You may qualify if you were:

- At least 18 years old on December 31, 2012.
- A Wisconsin resident for all of 2012.
- Not claimed as a dependent on anyone's 2012 federal tax return (unless you were 62 or older on December 31, 2012).
- Not living in tax-exempt public housing for all of 2012.
 (Note Some exceptions apply to this rule and are explained in the instructions for the homestead credit form.)
- Not living in a nursing home and receiving medical assistance (Title XIX) when you file for homestead credit.
- Had total household income, including wages, interest, social security, and income from certain other sources, below \$24,680 in 2012.

If you (or your spouse if married) claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit or farmland preservation credit, you are not eligible for homestead credit.

For more information about homestead credit, contact our Homestead Unit in Madison at (608) 266-8641 or any department office. See page 6 for information on obtaining Schedule H or H-EZ, which you must complete to apply for the credit. Schedules H and H-EZ are also available at many libraries.

G. Farmland Preservation Credit

The farmland preservation credit program provides an income tax credit to Wisconsin residents who own farmland in Wisconsin. If you claim homestead credit or the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, you are not eligible for farmland preservation credit. For more information about farmland preservation credit, contact our Farmland Preservation Unit in Madison at (608) 266-2442 or any department office. See page 6 for information on obtaining Schedule FC or FC-A, which you must complete to apply for the credit.

H. Death of a Taxpayer

A return for a taxpayer who died in 2012 should be filed on the same form which would have been used if he or she had lived. Include only the taxpayer's income up to the date of his or her death.

If there is no estate to probate, a surviving heir may file Form 1 for the person who died. If there is an estate, the personal representative for the estate must file the return. The person filing the Form 1 should sign it and indicate his or her relationship to the person who died (for example, "surviving heir" or "personal representative").

If the taxpayer did not have to file a return but paid estimated tax or had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund.

If you filed a return on behalf of a decedent and were issued a refund, but you are not able to cash the refund check, complete Form 804, *Claim for Decedent's Wisconsin Income Tax Refund*. Mail the completed form and refund check to the department.

If your spouse died during 2012 and you did not remarry in 2012, you can file a joint return. You can also file a joint return if your spouse died in 2013 before filing a 2012 return. A joint return should show your spouse's 2012 income before death and your income for all of 2012. Write "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she must also sign.

If the return for the decedent is filed as single, head of household, or married filing separate, fill in "06" in the Special Conditions box and indicate the date of death on the line provided. If a joint return is being filed, fill in "06" in the box if it is the husband who is deceased and the date of death. If it is the wife who is deceased, fill in "07" in the box and the date of death. If both spouses are deceased, fill in "08" in the box and both dates of death.

If your spouse died before 2012 and you have not remarried, you must file as single or, if qualified, as head of household.

For more information about the final income tax return to be filed for a deceased person, contact any department office or call (608) 266-2772.

I. Requesting Copies of Your Returns

The Department of Revenue will provide copies of your returns for prior years. Persons requesting copies should **complete** Form P-521, *Request for Copies of Previously Filed Tax Returns or Forms W-2.* Include all required information and fee with Form P-521. Form P-521 is available from the department's website at revenue.wi.gov.

WISCONSIN SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER

Appearing below is an alphabetical listing of Wisconsin school districts. Refer to this listing and find the number of the district in which you lived on December 31, 2012. Fill in this number in the name and address area of your return. Failure to include your school district number may delay the processing of your return and any refund due.

The listing is divided into two sections. **SECTION I** lists all districts which operate high schools. **SECTION II** lists those districts which operate schools having only elementary grades.

Your school district will generally be the name of the municipality where the public high school is located which any children at your home would be entitled to attend. However, if such high school is a "union high school," refer to **SECTION II** and find the number of your elementary district.

The listing has the names of the school districts only to help you find your district number. Don't write in the name of your school district or the name

of any specific school. Fill in only your school district's number on the school district line in the name and address area of your return. For example:

- 1. If you lived in the city of Milwaukee, you will fill in the number 3619 on the school district line.
- If you lived in the city of Hartford, you would refer to Section II and find the number 2443, which is the number for Jt. No. 1 Hartford elementary district.

The following are other factors to be considered in determining your school district number:

- 1. If you lived in one school district but worked in another, fill in the district number where you lived.
- If you were temporarily living away from your permanent home, fill in the district number of your permanent home.

Note If you can't identify your school district, contact your municipal clerk or local school for help.

SECTION I - SCHO	OL DIS	TRICTS OPERATING	HIGH	SCHOOLS							
School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.
ABBOTSFORD	0007	CLEAR LAKE	1127	GREENFIELD	2303	MCFARLAND	3381	PESHTIGO	4305	STEVENS POINT	5607
ADAMS-FRIENDSHIP ALBANY	0063	CLINTON CLINTONVILLE	1134	GREEN LAKE GREENWOOD	2394	MEDFORD MELLEN	3409 3427	PEWAUKEE PHELPS	4330	STOCKBRIDGE STOUGHTON	
ALGOMA	0070	COCHRANE-		GRESHAM	2415	MELROSE-MINDORO	3428	PHILLIPS	4347	STRATFORD	5628
ALMA	0084	FOUNTAIN CITY	1155			MENASHA	3430	PITTSVILLE PLATTEVILLE	4368	STURGEON BAY	5642
ALMA CENTER ALMOND-	0091	COLBY COLEMAN	1162	HAMILTON HARTFORD UHS	2420	MENOMINEE INDIAN MENOMONEE FALLS	3434 3437	PLATTEVILLE PLUM CITY	4389	SUN PRAIRIE SUPERIOR	5656
BANCROFT	0105	COLFAX		HAYWARD	2478	MENOMONIE	3444	PLYMOUTH	4473	SURING	
ALTOONA	0112	COLUMBUS	1183	HIGHLAND	2527	MEQUON-		PORTAGE PORT EDWARDS PORT WASHINGTON-	4501		
AMERY	0119	CORNELL	1204	HILBERT	2534	THIENSVILLE		PORT EDWARDS	4508	THORP THREE LAKES	5726
ANTIGO APPLETON	0140	CRANDON CRIVITZ		HILLSBORO HOLMEN	2541	MERCER	3484	SAUKVILLE	4515	THREE LAKES TIGERTON	5733
ARCADIA	0154	CUBA CITY	1232	HORICON	2576	MERRILL MIDDLETON-CROSS	3500	POTOSI		TOMAH	5740
ARGYLE	0161	CUDAHY	1253	HORTONVILLE AREA	2583	PLAINS	3549	POYNETTE	4536	TOMAHAWK TOMORROW RIVER	5754
ARROWHEAD UHS	*	CUMBERLAND	1260	HOWARD-SUAMICO	2604	MILTON	3612	PRAIRIE DU CHIEN	4543	TOMORROW RIVER	0126
ASHLAND	0170		4070	HOWARDS GROVE	2605	MILWAUKEE	3619	PRAIRIE FARM	4557	TRI-COUNTY TURTLE LAKE	4375
ASHWAUBENON	0106	D C EVEREST DARLINGTON	4970	HUDSON	2618	MINERAL POINT MISHICOT	3661	PRENTICE PRESCOTT	4571	TWO RIVERS	5810
ATHENS AUBURNDALE	0203	DEERFIELD	1309	HURLEY HUSTISFORD	2625	MONDOVI	3668	PRINCETON	4606		
AUGUSTA	0217	DE FOREST DELAVAN-DARIEN	1316			MONDOVI	3675	PULASKI		UNION GROVE UHS	*
		DELAVAN-DARIEN	1380	INDEPENDENCE	2632	MONROE	3682	DAGINE	1000	UNITY	0238
BALDWIN-WOODVILLE BANGOR	0231	DENMARK DE PERE		IOLA-SCANDINAVIA IOWA-GRANT	2639	MONTELLO	3689	RACINE RANDOLPH	4620	VALDERS	E066
BARABOO	0245	DE SOTO	1414	ITHACA	2660	MONTICELLO	3090	RANDOLFH	4641	VERONA	5800
BARNEVELD	0287	DODGELAND	2744	1110.00	2000	MOUNT HOREB	3794	REEDSBURG	4753	VIROQUA	5985
BARRON	0308	DODGEVILLE	1428	JANESVILLE	2695	MUKWONAGO MUSKEGO-NORWAY	3822	REEDSVILLE RHINELANDER	4760		
BAYFIELD	0315	DRUMMOND	1491	JEFFERSON JOHNSON CREEK	2702	MUSKEGO-NORWAY	3857	RHINELANDER	4781	WABENO	5992
BEAVER DAM BEECHER-DUNBAR-	0336	DURAND	1499	JUDA	2730	NECEDAH	3871	RIB LAKE RICE LAKE		WASHBURN	6060
PEMBINE	4263	EAST TROY	1540	30DA	21 31	NEENAH		RICHLAND	4851	WASHINGTON WATERFORD UHS	0009
BELLEVILLE	0350	EAU CLAIRE	1554	KAUKAUNA	2758	NEILLSVILLE	3899	RIO	. 4865	WATERLOO	6118
BELMONT	0364	EDGAR	1561	KENOSHA	2793	NEKOOSA	3906	RIPON AREA	4872	WATERTOWN	6125
BELOIT	0413	EDGERTON	1568	KETTLE MORAINE	1376	NEW AUBURN	3920	RIVERDALE	3850	WAUKESHA	6174
BELOIT TURNER BENTON	0422	ELCHO ELEVA-STRUM	1582	KEWASKUM KEWAUNEE	2800	NEW BERLIN NEW GLARUS	3925	RIVER FALLS	4893	WAUNAKEE WAUPACA	6105
BERLIN		ELKHART LAKE-	1000	KICKAPOO	5960	NEW HOLSTEIN	3941	RIVER RIDGE	5523	WAUPUN	6216
BIG FOOT UHS	*	GLENBEULAH	1631	KIEL	2828	NEW HOLSTEIN NEW LISBON	3948	ROSENDALE-		WAUSAU	6223
BIRCHWOOD	0441	ELKHORN		KIMBERLY	2835	NEW LONDON NEW RICHMOND	3955	BRANDON		WAUSAUKEE	6230
BLACK HAWK BLACK RIVER FALLS	2240	ELK MOUND ELLSWORTH	1645	KOHLER	2842	NEW RICHMOND	3962	ROSHOLT ROYALL		WAUTOMA WAUWATOSA	6237
BLAIR-TAYLOR	0470	ELMBROOK	0714	LA CROSSE		NICOLET UHS	3909	NO TALL	1075	WAUZEKA-STEUBEN.	6251
BLOOMER	0497	ELMWOOD	1666	LADYSMITH	2856	NORRIS	3976	SAINT CROIX		WEBSTER	6293
BONDUEL	0602	EVANSVILLE	1694	LA FARGE	2863	NORTH CRAWFORD	2016	CENTRAL	2422	WEST ALLIS	6300
BOSCOBEL AREA			1700	LAKE GENEVA-	*	NORTH FOND DU LAC NORTHERN OZAUKEE	3983	SAINT CROIX FALLS	5019	WEST BEND	6307
BOWLER BOYCEVILLE	0637	FALL CREEK FALL RIVER		GENOA CITY UHS LAKE HOLCOMBE	2891	NORTHLAND PINES		SAINT CROIX FALLS SAINT FRANCIS SAUK PRAIRIE	5026	WESTBY WEST DE PERE	6328
BRILLION	0658	FENNIMORE		LAKELAND UHS	*	NORTHWOOD		SENECA	5124	WEST SALEM	6370
BRODHEAD	0700	FLAMBEAU	5757	LAKE MILLS	2898	NORWALK-ONTARIO-		SEVASTOPOL	5130	WESTFIELD	6335
BROWN DEER	0721	FLORENCE CO	1855	LANCASTER	2912	WILTON	3990	SEYMOUR	5138	WESTON	6354
BRUCE BURLINGTON	0777	FOND DU LAC FORT ATKINSON	1862	LAONA LENA	2940	OAK CREEK-		SHAWANO	5264	WEYAUWEGA- FREMONT	6384
BUTTERNUT	0840	FRANKLIN	1900	LITTLE CHUTE	3129	FRANKLIN	4018	SHEBOYGAN SHEBOYGAN FALLS	5278	WHITEFISH BAY	6419
		FREDERIC	1939	LODI	3150	OAKFIELD OCONOMOWOC	4025	SHELL LAKE	5306	WHITEHALL	6426
CADOTT CAMBRIA-FRIESLAND	0870	FREEDOM	1953	LOMIRA		OCONOMOWOC	4060	SHIOCTON SHOREWOOD	5348	WHITE LAKE	6440
CAMBRIA-FRIESLAND	0882	GALESVILLE-ETTRICH	/	LOYAL LUCK		OCONTO	4067	SHOREWOOD SHULLSBURG	5355	WHITEWATER WHITNALL	6461
CAMERON	0903	TREMPEALEAU	2009	LUXEMBURG-CASCO.	3213	OMRO	4088	SIREN		WILD ROSE	
CAMERON CAMPBELLSPORT	0910	GERMANTOWN	2058			ONALASKA	4095	SLINGER	5390	WILLIAMS BAY	6482
CASHTON	0980	GIBRALTAR	2114	MADISON	3269	OOSTBURG	4137	SOLON SPRINGS	5397	WILMOT UHS	*
CASSVILLE	0994	GILLETT	2128	MANAWA	3276	OREGON		SOMERSET SOUTH MILWAUKEE	5432	WINNECONNE	6608
CEDARBURG CEDAR GROVE-	1015	GILMAN	2142	MANITOWOC	3290	OSCEOLA	4105	SOUTH MILWAUKEE	5439 4522	WINTER WISCONSIN DELLS	6678
BELGIUM	1029	GILMANTON GLENWOOD CITY	2198	MAPLE MARATHON CITY	3304	OSHKOSH. OSSEO-FAIRCHILD	4186	SOUTH SHORE	5457	WISCONSIN HEIGHTS	5 0469
BELGIUM. CENTRAL/WESTOSHA	*	GOODMAN-		MARINET LE	3311	OWEN-WITHEE	4207	SOUTHWESTERN		WISCONSIN RAPIDS	6685
CHEQUAMEGON	1071	ARMSTRONG	2212	MARION	3318		4004	WISCONSIN		WITTENBERG-	0000
CHETEK- WEYERHAEUSER	1080	GRAFTON GRANTON	2217	MARKESAN MARSHALL	3325	PALMYRA-EAGLE PARDEEVILLE	4221	SPARTA SPENCER	5460	BIRNAMWOOD WONEWOC-UNION	6692
CHILTON		GRANTSBURG	2233	MARSHALL	3332	PARKVIEW	4151	SPOONER	5474	CENTER	6713
CHIPPEWA FALLS	1092	GREEN BAY GREENDALE	2289	MAUSTON	3360	PECATONICA	0490	SPOONER. SPRING VALLEY	5586	WRIGHTSTOWN	6734
CLAYTON	1120	GREENDALE	2296	MAYVILLE	3367	PEPIN	4270	STANLEY-BOYD	5593		
*This is a "Union H	*This is a "Union High School" district. Refer to Section II of this listing and determine the number of your elementary school district.										

SECTION II - SCHOOL DISTRICTS OPERATING ONLY ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

		LELMENTANT SCHOOLS			
				SALEM 5068	
BRISTOL, #1 0665	RIVER HILLS 2184	LINN, JT #4	NORTH LAKELAND 0616	SHARON, JT #11 5258	CALDWELL 6104
DOVER, #1 1449	HARTFORD, JT #1 2443	LINN, JT #6	NORWAY, JT #74011	SILVER LAKE, JT #1 5369	WATERFORD, JT #16113
ERIN 1687	HARTLAND-	MAPLE DALE-	PARIS, JT #1 4235	STONE BANK 3542	WHEATLAND, JT #1 6412
FONTANA, JT #8 1870	LAKESIDE, JT #3 2460	INDIAN HILL 1897	RANDALL, JT #1 4627	SWALLOW 3510	WOODRUFF, JT #1 6720
FOX POINT, JT #2 1890	HERMAN, #22 2523	MERTON COMMUNITY . 3528	RAYMOND, #14 4686	TREVOR-WILMOT 5780	YORKVILLE, JT #2 6748
				TWIN LAKES, #4 5817	
GENEVA, JT #4	FLAMBEAU, #1 1848	NEOSHO, JT #3 3913	RICHMOND 3122	UNION GROVE, JT #1 5859	
GENOA CITY, JT #2 2051	LAKE COUNTRY 3862	NORTH CAPE 4690	RUBICON, JT #6 4998	WALWORTH, JT #1 6022	

2012 TAX TABLE FOR FORM 1 FILERS

→

Use this Tax Table if your taxable income is less than \$100,000. If \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 44.

Example Mr. and Mrs. Smith are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on line 18 of Form 1 is \$28,653. First they find the \$28,000 heading in the table. Then they find the \$28,600 – 28,700 income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and the filing status column meet is \$1,545. This is the tax amount they must write on line 19 of their return.

At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax	Married filing jointly is –	Married filing sepa- rately
28,500	28,600	1,618	1,539	1,697
28,600	28,700	1,624 <	1,545	1,704
28,700	28,800	1,631	1,552	1,710
28,800	28,900	1,637	1,558	1,717
28,900	29,000	1,644	1,565	1,723

If line 18 (Taxable income) is	s –	And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)		And you	ı are –		If line 18 (Taxable income) i	is –	And you	are –	
At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household		Married filing sepa- rately
		Your tax	15 -		3,0	00	Your tax	cis –		7,0	00	Your tax	15 -	
					3,000 3,100 3,200 3,200 3,300 3,400	3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400 3,500	140 145 150 154 159	140 145 150 154 159	140 145 150 154 159	7,000 7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400	7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400 7,500	324 329 334 338 343	324 329 334 338 343	324 331 337 343 349
0	20	0	0	0	3,500 3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900	3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900 4,000	163 168 173 177 182	163 168 173 177 182	163 168 173 177 182	7,500 7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900	7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900 8,000	347 352 357 361 366	347 352 357 361 366	35 36 36 37 38
20 40	40 100	1	1 3	1 3	4,0					8,0	00			
100 200 300 400 500	200 300 400 500 600	7 12 16 21 25	7 12 16 21 25	7 12 16 21 25	4,000 4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400	4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400 4,500	186 191 196 200 205	186 191 196 200 205	186 191 196 200 205	8,000 8,100 8,200 8,300 8,400	8,100 8,200 8,300 8,400 8,500	370 375 380 384 389	370 375 380 384 389	386 392 398 404 41
600 700 800 900	700 800 900 1,000	30 35 39 44	30 35 39 44	30 35 39 44	4,500 4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900	4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900 5,000	209 214 219 223 228	209 214 219 223 228	209 214 219 223 228	8,500 8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900	8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900 9,000	393 398 403 407 412	393 398 403 407 412	41 42 42 43 43
1,00					5,0	00	1			9,0	00			
1,000 1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400	1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400 1,500	48 53 58 62 67	48 53 58 62 67	48 53 58 62 67	5,000 5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400	5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400 5,500	232 237 242 246 251	232 237 242 246 251	232 237 242 246 251	9,000 9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400	9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400 9,500	416 421 426 430 435	416 421 426 430 435	44 45 46 46 47
1,500 1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900	1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900 2,000	71 76 81 85 90	71 76 81 85 90	71 76 81 85 90	5,500 5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900	5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900 6,000	255 260 265 269 274	255 260 265 269 274	255 260 265 269 274	9,500 9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900	9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900 10,000	439 444 449 453 458	439 444 449 453 458	473 484 49 49 503
2,00	00	1			6,0		1			10,0		1		
2,000 2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400	2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400 2,500	94 99 104 108 113	94 99 104 108 113	94 99 104 108 113	6,000 6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400	6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400 6,500	278 283 288 292 297	278 283 288 292 297	278 283 288 292 297	10,000 10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400	10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400 10,500	462 467 472 476 481	462 467 472 476 481	509 519 521 521 521
2,500 2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900	2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900 3,000	117 122 127 131 136	117 122 127 131 136	117 122 127 131 136	6,500 6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900	6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900 7,000	301 306 311 315 320	301 306 311 315 320	301 306 311 315 320	10,500 10,600 10,700 10,800 10,900	10,600 10,700 10,800 10,900 11,000	485 491 497 503 510	485 490 495 499 504	540 540 552 558 564

lf line 18 (Taxable income) is	-	And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)		And you	are –		lf line 18 (Taxable income)		And you	ı are –	
At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately
11,0	00				17,	000				23,	000			
11,000	11,100	516	508	570	17,000	17,100	885	830	950	23,000	23,100	1,260	1,199	1,340
11,100	11,200	522	513	577	17,100	17,200	891	836	956	23,100	23,200	1,267	1,205	1,346
11,200	11,300	528	518	583	17,200	17,300	897	842	963	23,200	23,300	1,273	1,211	1,353
11,300	11,400	534	522	589	17,300	17,400	903	849	969	23,300	23,400	1,280	1,218	1,359
11,400	11,500	540	527	595	17,400	17,500	909	855	976	23,400	23,500	1,286	1,224	1,366
11,500	11,600	546	531	601	17,500	17,600	915	861	982	23,500	23,600	1,293	1,230	1,372
11,600	11,700	553	536	607	17,600	17,700	922	867	989	23,600	23,700	1,299	1,236	1,379
11,700	11,800	559	541	614	17,700	17,800	928	873	995	23,700	23,800	1,306	1,242	1,385
11,800	11,900	565	545	620	17,800	17,900	934	879	1,002	23,800	23,900	1,312	1,248	1,392
11,900	12,000	571	550	626	17,900	18,000	940	886	1,008	23,900	24,000	1,319	1,255	1,398
12,0		F77	554	000	18,0		0.40	000	4.045	· · · · ·	000	4 005	4.004	4 405
12,000	12,100	577	554	632	18,000	18,100	946	892	1,015	24,000	24,100	1,325	1,261	1,405
12,100	12,200	583	559	638	18,100	18,200	952	898	1,021	24,100	24,200	1,332	1,267	1,411
12,200	12,300	590	564	644	18,200	18,300	959	904	1,028	24,200	24,300	1,338	1,273	1,418
12,300	12,400	596	568	650	18,300	18,400	965	910	1,034	24,300	24,400	1,345	1,279	1,424
12,400	12,500	602	573	657	18,400	18,500	971	916	1,041	24,400	24,500	1,351	1,285	1,431
12,500	12,600	608	577	663	18,500	18,600	977	922	1,047	24,500	24,600	1,358	1,291	1,437
12,600	12,700	614	582	669	18,600	18,700	983	929	1,054	24,600	24,700	1,364	1,298	1,444
12,700	12,800	620	587	675	18,700	18,800	989	935	1,060	24,700	24,800	1,371	1,304	1,450
12,800	12,900	626	591	681	18,800	18,900	995	941	1,067	24,800	24,900	1,377	1,310	1,457
12,900	13,000	633	596	687	18,900	19,000	1,002	947	1,073	24,900	25,000	1,384	1,316	1,463
13,0					19,						000			
13,000	13,100	639	600	693	19,000	19,100	1,008	953	1,080	25,000	25,100	1,390	1,322	1,470
13,100	13,200	645	605	700	19,100	19,200	1,014	959	1,086	25,100	25,200	1,397	1,328	1,476
13,200	13,300	651	610	706	19,200	19,300	1,020	965	1,093	25,200	25,300	1,403	1,334	1,483
13,300	13,400	657	614	712	19,300	19,400	1,026	972	1,099	25,300	25,400	1,410	1,341	1,489
13,400	13,500	663	619	718	19,400	19,500	1,032	978	1,106	25,400	25,500	1,416	1,347	1,496
13,500	13,600	669	623	724	19,500	19,600	1,038	984	1,112	25,500	25,600	1,423	1,353	1,502
13,600	13,700	676	628	730	19,600	19,700	1,045	990	1,119	25,600	25,700	1,429	1,359	1,509
13,700	13,800	682	633	737	19,700	19,800	1,051	996	1,125	25,700	25,800	1,436	1,365	1,515
13,800	13,900	688	637	743	19,800	19,900	1,057	1,002	1,132	25,800	25,900	1,442	1,371	1,522
13,900	14,000	694	642	749	19,900	20,000	1,063	1,009	1,138	25,900	26,000	1,449	1,378	1,528
14,0	00				20,	000	1			26,	000			
14,000	14,100	700	646	755	20,000	20,100	1,069	1,015	1,145	26,000	26,100	1,455	1,384	1,535
14,100	14,200	706	652	761	20,100	20,200	1,075	1,021	1,151	26,100	26,200	1,462	1,390	1,541
14,200	14,300	713	658	768	20,200	20,300	1,082	1,027	1,158	26,200	26,300	1,468	1,396	1,548
14,300	14,400	719	664	774	20,300	20,400	1,088	1,033	1,164	26,300	26,400	1,475	1,402	1,554
14,400	14,500	725	670	781	20,400	20,500	1,094	1,039	1,171	26,400	26,500	1,481	1,408	1,561
14,500	14,600	731	676	787	20,500	20,600	1,100	1,045	1,177	26,500	26,600	1,488	1,414	1,567
14,600	14,700	737	683	794	20,600	20,700	1,106	1,052	1,184	26,600	26,700	1,494	1,421	1,574
14,700	14,800	743	689	800	20,700	20,800	1,112	1,058	1,190	26,700	26,800	1,501	1,427	1,580
14,800	14,900	749	695	807	20,800	20,900	1,118	1,064	1,197	26,800	26,900	1,507	1,433	1,587
14,900	15,000	756	701	813	20,900	21,000	1,125	1,070	1,203	26,900	27,000	1,514	1,439	1,593
15,0		700	707	000	21,0		4 4 0 4	4.070	1.010		000	4 500	4 4 4 5	4 000
15,000	15,100	762	707	820	21,000	21,100	1,131	1,076	1,210	27,000	27,100	1,520	1,445	1,600
15,100	15,200	768	713	826	21,100	21,200	1,137	1,082	1,216	27,100	27,200	1,527	1,451	1,606
15,200	15,300	774	719	833	21,200	21,300	1,143	1,088	1,223	27,200	27,300	1,533	1,457	1,613
15,300	15,400	780	726	839	21,300	21,400	1,150	1,095	1,229	27,300	27,400	1,540	1,464	1,619
15,400	15,500	786	732	846	21,400	21,500	1,156	1,101	1,236	27,400	27,500	1,546	1,470	1,626
15,500	15,600	792	738	852	21,500	21,600	1,163	1,107	1,242	27,500	27,600	1,553	1,476	1,632
15,600	15,700	799	744	859	21,600	21,700	1,169	1,113	1,249	27,600	27,700	1,559	1,482	1,639
15,700	15,800	805	750	865	21,700	21,800	1,176	1,119	1,255	27,700	27,800	1,566	1,488	1,645
15,800	15,900	811	756	872	21,800	21,900	1,182	1,125	1,262	27,800	27,900	1,572	1,494	1,652
15,900	16,000	817	763	878	21,900	22,000	1,189	1,132	1,268	27,900	28,000	1,579	1,501	1,658
16,0					22,						000			
16,000	16,100	823	769	885	22,000	22,100	1,195	1,138	1,275	28,000	28,100	1,585	1,507	1,665
16,100	16,200	829	775	891	22,100	22,200	1,202	1,144	1,281	28,100	28,200	1,592	1,513	1,671
16,200	16,300	836	781	898	22,200	22,300	1,208	1,150	1,288	28,200	28,300	1,598	1,519	1,678
16,300	16,400	842	787	904	22,300	22,400	1,215	1,156	1,294	28,300	28,400	1,605	1,526	1,684
16,400	16,500	848	793	911	22,400	22,500	1,221	1,162	1,301	28,400	28,500	1,611	1,532	1,691
16,500	16,600	854	799	917	22,500	22,600	1,228	1,168	1,307	28,500	28,600	1,618	1,539	1,697
16,600	16,700	860	806	924	22,600	22,700	1,234	1,175	1,314	28,600	28,700	1,624	1,545	1,704
16,700	16,800	866	812	930	22,700	22,800	1,241	1,181	1,320	28,700	28,800	1,631	1,552	1,710
16,800	16,900	872	818	937	22,800	22,900	1,247	1,187	1,327	28,800	28,900	1,637	1,558	1,717
16,900	17,000	879	824	943	22,900	23,000	1,254	1,193	1,333	28,900	29,000	1,644	1,565	1,723

2012 Tax Table For Form 1 Filers — Continued

lf line 18 (Taxable income) is –		And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)		And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)	•	And you	are –	
At le	But ess han	Single <i>or</i> Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately
29,000)				35,	000				41,	000			
29,100 29 29,200 29 29,300 29	9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400 9,500	1,650 1,657 1,663 1,670 1,676	1,571 1,578 1,584 1,591 1,597	1,730 1,736 1,743 1,749 1,756	35,000 35,100 35,200 35,300 35,400	35,100 35,200 35,300 35,400 35,500	2,040 2,047 2,053 2,060 2,066	1,961 1,968 1,974 1,981 1,987	2,120 2,126 2,133 2,139 2,146	41,000 41,100 41,200 41,300 41,400	41,100 41,200 41,300 41,400 41,500	2,430 2,437 2,443 2,450 2,456	2,351 2,358 2,364 2,371 2,377	2,510 2,516 2,523 2,529 2,536
29,600 29 29,700 29 29,800 29 29,900 30	9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900 0,000	1,683 1,689 1,696 1,702 1,709	1,604 1,610 1,617 1,623 1,630	1,762 1,769 1,775 1,782 1,788	35,500 35,600 35,700 35,800 35,900	35,600 35,700 35,800 35,900 36,000	2,073 2,079 2,086 2,092 2,099	1,994 2,000 2,007 2,013 2,020	2,152 2,159 2,165 2,172 2,178	41,500 41,600 41,700 41,800 41,900	41,600 41,700 41,800 41,900 42,000	2,463 2,469 2,476 2,482 2,489	2,384 2,390 2,397 2,403 2,410	2,542 2,549 2,555 2,562 2,568
30,000						000					000			
30,100 30 30,200 30 30,300 30	0,100 0,200 0,300 0,400 0,500	1,715 1,722 1,728 1,735 1,741	1,636 1,643 1,649 1,656 1,662	1,795 1,801 1,808 1,814 1,821	36,000 36,100 36,200 36,300 36,400	36,100 36,200 36,300 36,400 36,500	2,105 2,112 2,118 2,125 2,131	2,026 2,033 2,039 2,046 2,052	2,185 2,191 2,198 2,204 2,211	42,000 42,100 42,200 42,300 42,400	42,100 42,200 42,300 42,400 42,500	2,495 2,502 2,508 2,515 2,521	2,416 2,423 2,429 2,436 2,442	2,575 2,581 2,588 2,594 2,601
30,600 30 30,700 30 30,800 30	0,600 0,700 0,800 0,900 1,000	1,748 1,754 1,761 1,767 1,774	1,669 1,675 1,682 1,688 1,695	1,827 1,834 1,840 1,847 1,853	36,500 36,600 36,700 36,800 36,900	36,600 36,700 36,800 36,900 37,000	2,138 2,144 2,151 2,157 2,164	2,059 2,065 2,072 2,078 2,085	2,217 2,224 2,230 2,237 2,243	42,500 42,600 42,700 42,800 42,900	42,600 42,700 42,800 42,900 43,000	2,528 2,534 2,541 2,547 2,554	2,449 2,455 2,462 2,468 2,475	2,607 2,614 2,620 2,627 2,633
31,000						000	1			,	000	1		
31,100 3 ⁷ 31,200 3 ⁷ 31,300 3 ⁷	1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400 1,500	1,780 1,787 1,793 1,800 1,806	1,701 1,708 1,714 1,721 1,727	1,860 1,866 1,873 1,879 1,886	37,000 37,100 37,200 37,300 37,400	37,100 37,200 37,300 37,400 37,500	2,170 2,177 2,183 2,190 2,196	2,091 2,098 2,104 2,111 2,117	2,250 2,256 2,263 2,269 2,276	43,000 43,100 43,200 43,300 43,400	43,100 43,200 43,300 43,400 43,500	2,560 2,567 2,573 2,580 2,586	2,481 2,488 2,494 2,501 2,507	2,640 2,646 2,653 2,659 2,666
31,600 3 ⁷ 31,700 3 ⁷ 31,800 3 ⁷	1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900 2,000	1,813 1,819 1,826 1,832 1,839	1,734 1,740 1,747 1,753 1,760	1,892 1,899 1,905 1,912 1,918	37,500 37,600 37,700 37,800 37,900	37,600 37,700 37,800 37,900 38,000	2,203 2,209 2,216 2,222 2,229	2,124 2,130 2,137 2,143 2,150	2,282 2,289 2,295 2,302 2,308	43,500 43,600 43,700 43,800 43,900	43,600 43,700 43,800 43,900 44,000	2,593 2,599 2,606 2,612 2,619	2,514 2,520 2,527 2,533 2,540	2,672 2,679 2,685 2,692 2,698
32,000		1			38,	000	1			44,	000	1		
32,100 32 32,200 32 32,300 32	2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400 2,500	1,845 1,852 1,858 1,865 1,871	1,766 1,773 1,779 1,786 1,792	1,925 1,931 1,938 1,944 1,951	38,000 38,100 38,200 38,300 38,400	38,100 38,200 38,300 38,400 38,500	2,235 2,242 2,248 2,255 2,261	2,156 2,163 2,169 2,176 2,182	2,315 2,321 2,328 2,334 2,341	44,000 44,100 44,200 44,300 44,400	44,100 44,200 44,300 44,400 44,500	2,625 2,632 2,638 2,645 2,651	2,546 2,553 2,559 2,566 2,572	2,705 2,711 2,718 2,724 2,731
32,600 32 32,700 32 32,800 32	2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900 3,000	1,878 1,884 1,891 1,897 1,904	1,799 1,805 1,812 1,818 1,825	1,957 1,964 1,970 1,977 1,983	38,500 38,600 38,700 38,800 38,900	38,600 38,700 38,800 38,900 39,000	2,268 2,274 2,281 2,287 2,294	2,189 2,195 2,202 2,208 2,215	2,347 2,354 2,360 2,367 2,373	44,500 44,600 44,700 44,800 44,900	44,600 44,700 44,800 44,900 45,000	2,658 2,664 2,671 2,677 2,684	2,579 2,585 2,592 2,598 2,605	2,737 2,744 2,750 2,757 2,763
33,000		1.0.10				000					000	0.000	0.044	
33,100 33 33,200 33 33,300 33	3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400 3,500	1,910 1,917 1,923 1,930 1,936	1,831 1,838 1,844 1,851 1,857	1,990 1,996 2,003 2,009 2,016	39,000 39,100 39,200 39,300 39,400	39,100 39,200 39,300 39,400 39,500	2,300 2,307 2,313 2,320 2,326	2,221 2,228 2,234 2,241 2,247	2,380 2,386 2,393 2,399 2,406	45,000 45,100 45,200 45,300 45,400	45,100 45,200 45,300 45,400 45,500	2,690 2,697 2,703 2,710 2,716	2,611 2,618 2,624 2,631 2,637	2,770 2,776 2,783 2,789 2,796
33,600 33 33,700 33 33,800 33	3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900 4,000	1,943 1,949 1,956 1,962 1,969	1,864 1,870 1,877 1,883 1,890	2,022 2,029 2,035 2,042 2,048	39,500 39,600 39,700 39,800 39,900	39,600 39,700 39,800 39,900 40,000	2,333 2,339 2,346 2,352 2,359	2,254 2,260 2,267 2,273 2,280	2,412 2,419 2,425 2,432 2,438	45,500 45,600 45,700 45,800 45,900	45,600 45,700 45,800 45,900 46,000	2,723 2,729 2,736 2,742 2,749	2,644 2,650 2,657 2,663 2,670	2,802 2,809 2,815 2,822 2,828
34,000					,	000					000			
34,100 34 34,200 34 34,300 34	4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400 4,500	1,975 1,982 1,988 1,995 2,001	1,896 1,903 1,909 1,916 1,922	2,055 2,061 2,068 2,074 2,081	40,000 40,100 40,200 40,300 40,400	40,100 40,200 40,300 40,400 40,500	2,365 2,372 2,378 2,385 2,391	2,286 2,293 2,299 2,306 2,312	2,445 2,451 2,458 2,464 2,471	46,000 46,100 46,200 46,300 46,400	46,100 46,200 46,300 46,400 46,500	2,755 2,762 2,768 2,775 2,781	2,676 2,683 2,689 2,696 2,702	2,835 2,841 2,848 2,854 2,861
34,600 34 34,700 34 34,800 34	4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900 5,000	2,008 2,014 2,021 2,027 2,034	1,929 1,935 1,942 1,948 1,955	2,087 2,094 2,100 2,107 2,113	40,500 40,600 40,700 40,800 40,900	40,600 40,700 40,800 40,900 41,000	2,398 2,404 2,411 2,417 2,424	2,319 2,325 2,332 2,338 2,345	2,477 2,484 2,490 2,497 2,503	46,500 46,600 46,700 46,800 46,900	46,600 46,700 46,800 46,900 47,000	2,788 2,794 2,801 2,807 2,814	2,709 2,715 2,722 2,728 2,735	2,867 2,874 2,880 2,887 2,893

2012 Tax Table For For	rm 1 Filers — Continued
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If line 18 (Taxable income) is	s –	And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income) i	s –	And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)		And you	ı are –	
At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately
47,0	000	1			53,0	00	1			59,	000	1		
47,000	47,100	2,820	2,741	2,900	53,000	53,100	3,210	3,131	3,290	59,000	59,100	3,600	3,521	3,680
47,100	47,200	2,827	2,748	2,906	53,100	53,200	3,217	3,138	3,296	59,100	59,200	3,607	3,528	3,686
47,200	47,300	2,833	2,754	2,913	53,200	53,300	3,223	3,144	3,303	59,200	59,300	3,613	3,534	3,693
47,300	47,400	2,840	2,761	2,919	53,300	53,400	3,230	3,151	3,309	59,300	59,400	3,620	3,541	3,699
47,400	47,500	2,846	2,767	2,926	53,400	53,500	3,236	3,157	3,316	59,400	59,500	3,626	3,547	3,706
47,500	47,600	2,853	2,774	2,932	53,500	53,600	3,243	3,164	3,322	59,500	59,600	3,633	3,554	3,712
47,600	47,700	2,859	2,780	2,939	53,600	53,700	3,249	3,170	3,329	59,600	59,700	3,639	3,560	3,719
47,700	47,800	2,866	2,787	2,945	53,700	53,800	3,256	3,177	3,335	59,700	59,800	3,646	3,567	3,725
47,800	47,900	2,872	2,793	2,952	53,800	53,900	3,262	3,183	3,342	59,800	59,900	3,652	3,573	3,732
47,900	48,000	2,879	2,800	2,958	53,900	54,000	3,269	3,190	3,348	59,900	60,000	3,659	3,580	3,738
48,0	000				54,0			-		60,	000			
48,000	48,100	2,885	2,806	2,965	54,000	54,100	3,275	3,196	3,355	60,000	60,100	3,665	3,586	3,745
48,100	48,200	2,892	2,813	2,971	54,100	54,200	3,282	3,203	3,361	60,100	60,200	3,672	3,593	3,751
48,200	48,300	2,898	2,819	2,978	54,200	54,300	3,288	3,209	3,368	60,200	60,300	3,678	3,599	3,758
48,300	48,400	2,905	2,826	2,984	54,300	54,400	3,295	3,216	3,374	60,300	60,400	3,685	3,606	3,764
48,400	48,500	2,911	2,832	2,991	54,400	54,500	3,301	3,222	3,381	60,400	60,500	3,691	3,612	3,771
48,500	48,600	2,918	2,839	2,997	54,500	54,600	3,308	3,229	3,387	60,500	60,600	3,698	3,619	3,777
48,600	48,700	2,924	2,845	3,004	54,600	54,700	3,314	3,235	3,394	60,600	60,700	3,704	3,625	3,784
48,700	48,800	2,931	2,852	3,010	54,700	54,800	3,321	3,242	3,400	60,700	60,800	3,711	3,632	3,790
48,800	48,900	2,937	2,858	3,017	54,800	54,900	3,327	3,248	3,407	60,800	60,900	3,717	3,638	3,797
48,900	49,000	2,944	2,865	3,023	54,900	55,000	3,334	3,255	3,413	60,900	61,000	3,724	3,645	3,803
49,0		0.050	0.074	0.000	55,0		0.040	0.004	0.400		000	0.700	0.054	0.040
49,000	49,100	2,950	2,871	3,030	55,000	55,100	3,340	3,261	3,420	61,000	61,100	3,730	3,651	3,810
49,100	49,200	2,957	2,878	3,036	55,100	55,200	3,347	3,268	3,426	61,100	61,200	3,737	3,658	3,816
49,200	49,300	2,963	2,884	3,043	55,200	55,300	3,353	3,274	3,433	61,200	61,300	3,743	3,664	3,823
49,300	49,400	2,970	2,891	3,049	55,300	55,400	3,360	3,281	3,439	61,300	61,400	3,750	3,671	3,829
49,400	49,500	2,976	2,897	3,056	55,400	55,500	3,366	3,287	3,446	61,400	61,500	3,756	3,677	3,836
49,500	49,600	2,983	2,904	3,062	55,500	55,600	3,373	3,294	3,452	61,500	61,600	3,763	3,684	3,842
49,600	49,700	2,989	2,910	3,069	55,600	55,700	3,379	3,300	3,459	61,600	61,700	3,769	3,690	3,849
49,700	49,800	2,996	2,917	3,075	55,700	55,800	3,386	3,307	3,465	61,700	61,800	3,776	3,697	3,855
49,800	49,900	3,002	2,923	3,082	55,800	55,900	3,392	3,313	3,472	61,800	61,900	3,782	3,703	3,862
49,900	50,000	3,009	2,930	3,088	55,900	56,000	3,399	3,320	3,478	61,900	62,000	3,789	3,710	3,868
50,0	000				56,0	00	1			62,	000			
50,000	50,100	3,015	2,936	3,095	56,000	56,100	3,405	3,326	3,485	62,000	62,100	3,795	3,716	3,875
50,100	50,200	3,022	2,943	3,101	56,100	56,200	3,412	3,333	3,491	62,100	62,200	3,802	3,723	3,881
50,200	50,300	3,028	2,949	3,108	56,200	56,300	3,418	3,339	3,498	62,200	62,300	3,808	3,729	3,888
50,300	50,400	3,035	2,956	3,114	56,300	56,400	3,425	3,346	3,504	62,300	62,400	3,815	3,736	3,894
50,400	50,500	3,041	2,962	3,121	56,400	56,500	3,431	3,352	3,511	62,400	62,500	3,821	3,742	3,901
50,500	50,600	3,048	2,969	3,127	56,500	56,600	3,438	3,359	3,517	62,500	62,600	3,828	3,749	3,907
50,600	50,700	3,054	2,975	3,134	56,600	56,700	3,444	3,365	3,524	62,600	62,700	3,834	3,755	3,914
50,700	50,800	3,061	2,982	3,140	56,700	56,800	3,451	3,372	3,530	62,700	62,800	3,841	3,762	3,920
50,800	50,900	3,067	2,988	3,147	56,800	56,900	3,457	3,378	3,537	62,800	62,900	3,847	3,768	3,927
50,900	51,000	3,074	2,995	3,153	56,900	57,000	3,464	3,385	3,543	62,900	63,000	3,854	3,775	3,933
51,0					57,0						000			
51,000	51,100	3,080	3,001	3,160	57,000	57,100	3,470	3,391	3,550	63,000	63,100	3,860	3,781	3,940
51,100	51,200	3,087	3,008	3,166	57,100	57,200	3,477	3,398	3,556	63,100	63,200	3,867	3,788	3,946
51,200	51,300	3,093	3,014	3,173	57,200	57,300	3,483	3,404	3,563	63,200	63,300	3,873	3,794	3,953
51,300	51,400	3,100	3,021	3,179	57,300	57,400	3,490	3,411	3,569	63,300	63,400	3,880	3,801	3,959
51,400	51,500	3,106	3,027	3,186	57,400	57,500	3,496	3,417	3,576	63,400	63,500	3,886	3,807	3,966
51,500	51,600	3,113	3,034	3,192	57,500	57,600	3,503	3,424	3,582	63,500	63,600	3,893	3,814	3,972
51,600	51,700	3,119	3,040	3,199	57,600	57,700	3,509	3,430	3,589	63,600	63,700	3,899	3,820	3,979
51,700	51,800	3,126	3,047	3,205	57,700	57,800	3,516	3,437	3,595	63,700	63,800	3,906	3,827	3,985
51,800	51,900	3,132	3,053	3,212	57,800	57,900	3,522	3,443	3,602	63,800	63,900	3,912	3,833	3,992
51,900	52,000	3,139	3,060	3,218	57,900	58,000	3,529	3,450	3,608	63,900	64,000	3,919	3,840	3,998
52,0	000				58,0	00	1			64,	000	1		
52,000	52,100	3,145	3,066	3,225	58,000	58,100	3,535	3,456	3,615	64,000	64,100	3,925	3,846	4,005
52,100	52,200	3,152	3,073	3,231	58,100	58,200	3,542	3,463	3,621	64,100	64,200	3,932	3,853	4,011
52,200	52,300	3,158	3,079	3,238	58,200	58,300	3,548	3,469	3,628	64,200	64,300	3,938	3,859	4,018
52,300	52,400	3,165	3,086	3,244	58,300	58,400	3,555	3,476	3,634	64,300	64,400	3,945	3,866	4,024
52,400	52,500	3,171	3,092	3,251	58,400	58,500	3,561	3,482	3,641	64,400	64,500	3,951	3,872	4,031
52,500	52,600	3,178	3,099	3,257	58,500	58,600	3,568	3,489	3,647	64,500	64,600	3,958	3,879	4,037
52,600	52,700	3,184	3,105	3,264	58,600	58,700	3,574	3,495	3,654	64,600	64,700	3,964	3,885	4,044
52,700	52,800	3,191	3,112	3,270	58,700	58,800	3,581	3,502	3,660	64,700	64,800	3,971	3,892	4,050
52,800	52,900	3,197	3,118	3,277	58,800	58,900	3,587	3,508	3,667	64,800	64,900	3,977	3,898	4,057
52,900	53,000	3,204	3,125	3,283	58,900	59,000	3,594	3,515	3,673	64,900	65,000	3,984	3,905	4,063

л	S
4	2

If line 18 (Taxable income) is –		And you	are –		,		And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income) i	is –	And you are –		
At	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately
65,000	0				71,	000				77,0	000		. 13 -	
65,100 65 65,200 65 65,300 65	5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400 5,500	3,990 3,997 4,003 4,010 4,016	3,911 3,918 3,924 3,931 3,937	4,070 4,076 4,083 4,089 4,096	71,000 71,100 71,200 71,300 71,400	71,100 71,200 71,300 71,400 71,500	4,380 4,387 4,393 4,400 4,406	4,301 4,308 4,314 4,321 4,327	4,460 4,466 4,473 4,479 4,486	77,000 77,100 77,200 77,300 77,400	77,100 77,200 77,300 77,400 77,500	4,770 4,777 4,783 4,790 4,796	4,691 4,698 4,704 4,711 4,717	4,850 4,856 4,863 4,869 4,876
65,600 65 65,700 65 65,800 65	5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900 6,000	4,023 4,029 4,036 4,042 4,049	3,944 3,950 3,957 3,963 3,970	4,102 4,109 4,115 4,122 4,128	71,500 71,600 71,700 71,800 71,900	71,600 71,700 71,800 71,900 72,000	4,413 4,419 4,426 4,432 4,439	4,334 4,340 4,347 4,353 4,360	4,492 4,499 4,505 4,512 4,518	77,500 77,600 77,700 77,800 77,900	77,600 77,700 77,800 77,900 78,000	4,803 4,809 4,816 4,822 4,829	4,724 4,730 4,737 4,743 4,750	4,882 4,889 4,895 4,902 4,908
66,000					72,					78,0				
66,100 66 66,200 66 66,300 66	5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400 5,500	4,055 4,062 4,068 4,075 4,081	3,976 3,983 3,989 3,996 4,002	4,135 4,141 4,148 4,154 4,161	72,000 72,100 72,200 72,300 72,400	72,100 72,200 72,300 72,400 72,500	4,445 4,452 4,458 4,465 4,471	4,366 4,373 4,379 4,386 4,392	4,525 4,531 4,538 4,544 4,551	78,000 78,100 78,200 78,300 78,400	78,100 78,200 78,300 78,400 78,500	4,835 4,842 4,848 4,855 4,861	4,756 4,763 4,769 4,776 4,782	4,915 4,921 4,928 4,934 4,941
66,600 66 66,700 66 66,800 66	5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900 7,000	4,088 4,094 4,101 4,107 4,114	4,009 4,015 4,022 4,028 4,035	4,167 4,174 4,180 4,187 4,193	72,500 72,600 72,700 72,800 72,900	72,600 72,700 72,800 72,900 73,000	4,478 4,484 4,491 4,497 4,504	4,399 4,405 4,412 4,418 4,425	4,557 4,564 4,570 4,577 4,583	78,500 78,600 78,700 78,800 78,900	78,600 78,700 78,800 78,900 79,000	4,868 4,874 4,881 4,887 4,894	4,789 4,795 4,802 4,808 4,815	4,947 4,954 4,960 4,967 4,973
67,000	0	1			73,	000				79,0	000			
67,100 67 67,200 67 67,300 67	7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400 7,500	4,120 4,127 4,133 4,140 4,146	4,041 4,048 4,054 4,061 4,067	4,200 4,206 4,213 4,219 4,226	73,000 73,100 73,200 73,300 73,400	73,100 73,200 73,300 73,400 73,500	4,510 4,517 4,523 4,530 4,536	4,431 4,438 4,444 4,451 4,457	4,590 4,596 4,603 4,609 4,616	79,000 79,100 79,200 79,300 79,400	79,100 79,200 79,300 79,400 79,500	4,900 4,907 4,913 4,920 4,926	4,821 4,828 4,834 4,841 4,847	4,980 4,986 4,993 4,999 5,006
67,600 67 67,700 67 67,800 67 67,900 68	7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900 3,000	4,153 4,159 4,166 4,172 4,179	4,074 4,080 4,087 4,093 4,100	4,232 4,239 4,245 4,252 4,258	73,500 73,600 73,700 73,800 73,900	73,600 73,700 73,800 73,900 74,000	4,543 4,549 4,556 4,562 4,569	4,464 4,470 4,477 4,483 4,490	4,622 4,629 4,635 4,642 4,648	79,500 79,600 79,700 79,800 79,900	79,600 79,700 79,800 79,900 80,000	4,933 4,939 4,946 4,952 4,959	4,854 4,860 4,867 4,873 4,880	5,012 5,019 5,025 5,032 5,038
68,000					74,					80,0				
68,100 68 68,200 68 68,300 68	3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400 3,500	4,185 4,192 4,198 4,205 4,211	4,106 4,113 4,119 4,126 4,132	4,265 4,271 4,278 4,284 4,291	74,000 74,100 74,200 74,300 74,400	74,100 74,200 74,300 74,400 74,500	4,575 4,582 4,588 4,595 4,601	4,496 4,503 4,509 4,516 4,522	4,655 4,661 4,668 4,674 4,681	80,000 80,100 80,200 80,300 80,400	80,100 80,200 80,300 80,400 80,500	4,965 4,972 4,978 4,985 4,991	4,886 4,893 4,899 4,906 4,912	5,045 5,051 5,058 5,064 5,071
68,600 68 68,700 68 68,800 68	3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900 9,000	4,218 4,224 4,231 4,237 4,244	4,139 4,145 4,152 4,158 4,165	4,297 4,304 4,310 4,317 4,323	74,500 74,600 74,700 74,800 74,900	74,600 74,700 74,800 74,900 75,000	4,608 4,614 4,621 4,627 4,634	4,529 4,535 4,542 4,548 4,555	4,687 4,694 4,700 4,707 4,713	80,500 80,600 80,700 80,800 80,900	80,600 80,700 80,800 80,900 81,000	4,998 5,004 5,011 5,017 5,024	4,919 4,925 4,932 4,938 4,945	5,077 5,084 5,090 5,097 5,103
69,000	-				75,					81,0				
69,100 69 69,200 69 69,300 69	9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400 9,500	4,250 4,257 4,263 4,270 4,276	4,171 4,178 4,184 4,191 4,197	4,330 4,336 4,343 4,349 4,356	75,000 75,100 75,200 75,300 75,400	75,100 75,200 75,300 75,400 75,500	4,640 4,647 4,653 4,660 4,666	4,561 4,568 4,574 4,581 4,587	4,720 4,726 4,733 4,739 4,746	81,000 81,100 81,200 81,300 81,400	81,100 81,200 81,300 81,400 81,500	5,030 5,037 5,043 5,050 5,056	4,951 4,958 4,964 4,971 4,977	5,110 5,116 5,123 5,129 5,136
69,600 69 69,700 69 69,800 69	9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900 9,900	4,283 4,289 4,296 4,302 4,309	4,204 4,210 4,217 4,223 4,230	4,362 4,369 4,375 4,382 4,388	75,500 75,600 75,700 75,800 75,900	75,600 75,700 75,800 75,900 76,000	4,673 4,679 4,686 4,692 4,699	4,594 4,600 4,607 4,613 4,620	4,752 4,759 4,765 4,772 4,778	81,500 81,600 81,700 81,800 81,900	81,600 81,700 81,800 81,900 82,000	5,063 5,069 5,076 5,082 5,089	4,984 4,990 4,997 5,003 5,010	5,142 5,149 5,155 5,162 5,168
70,000					76,					82,0				
70,100 70 70,200 70 70,300 70),100),200),300),400),500	4,315 4,322 4,328 4,335 4,341	4,236 4,243 4,249 4,256 4,262	4,395 4,401 4,408 4,414 4,421	76,000 76,100 76,200 76,300 76,400	76,100 76,200 76,300 76,400 76,500	4,705 4,712 4,718 4,725 4,731	4,626 4,633 4,639 4,646 4,652	4,785 4,791 4,798 4,804 4,811	82,000 82,100 82,200 82,300 82,400	82,100 82,200 82,300 82,400 82,500	5,095 5,102 5,108 5,115 5,121	5,016 5,023 5,029 5,036 5,042	5,175 5,181 5,188 5,194 5,201
70,600 70 70,700 70 70,800 70	0,600 0,700 0,800 0,900 1,000	4,348 4,354 4,361 4,367 4,374	4,269 4,275 4,282 4,288 4,295	4,427 4,434 4,440 4,447 4,453	76,500 76,600 76,700 76,800 76,900	76,600 76,700 76,800 76,900 77,000	4,738 4,744 4,751 4,757 4,764	4,659 4,665 4,672 4,678 4,685	4,817 4,824 4,830 4,837 4,843	82,500 82,600 82,700 82,800 82,900	82,600 82,700 82,800 82,900 83,000	5,128 5,134 5,141 5,147 5,154	5,049 5,055 5,062 5,068 5,075	5,207 5,214 5,220 5,227 5,233

2012 Tax Table For Fo	rm 1 Filers — Continued
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If line 18 (Taxable income) is	s –	And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)	is –	And you	ı are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)	is –	And you	are –	
At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately
83,0	000	Tour tux	10		89,0	000	Tour tuy	. 10		95,0	000	Tour tux	10	
83,000 83,100 83,200 83,300 83,400	83,100 83,200 83,300 83,400 83,500	5,160 5,167 5,173 5,180 5,186	5,081 5,088 5,094 5,101 5,107	5,240 5,246 5,253 5,259 5,266	89,000 89,100 89,200 89,300 89,400	89,100 89,200 89,300 89,400 89,500	5,550 5,557 5,563 5,570 5,570 5,576	5,471 5,478 5,484 5,491 5,497	5,630 5,636 5,643 5,649 5,656	95,000 95,100 95,200 95,300 95,400	95,100 95,200 95,300 95,400 95,500	5,940 5,947 5,953 5,960 5,966	5,861 5,868 5,874 5,881 5,887	6,020 6,026 6,033 6,039 6,046
83,500 83,600 83,700 83,800 83,900	83,600 83,700 83,800 83,900 84,000	5,193 5,199 5,206 5,212 5,219	5,114 5,120 5,127 5,133 5,140	5,272 5,279 5,285 5,292 5,298	89,500 89,600 89,700 89,800 89,900	89,600 89,700 89,800 89,900 90,000	5,583 5,589 5,596 5,602 5,609	5,504 5,510 5,517 5,523 5,530	5,662 5,669 5,675 5,682 5,688	95,500 95,600 95,700 95,800 95,900	95,600 95,700 95,800 95,900 96,000	5,973 5,979 5,986 5,992 5,999	5,894 5,900 5,907 5,913 5,920	6,052 6,059 6,065 6,072 6,078
84,0	000				90,	000	1			96,0	000	1		
84,000 84,100 84,200 84,300 84,400	84,100 84,200 84,300 84,400 84,500	5,225 5,232 5,238 5,245 5,251	5,146 5,153 5,159 5,166 5,172	5,305 5,311 5,318 5,324 5,331	90,000 90,100 90,200 90,300 90,400	90,100 90,200 90,300 90,400 90,500	5,615 5,622 5,628 5,635 5,641	5,536 5,543 5,549 5,556 5,562	5,695 5,701 5,708 5,714 5,721	96,000 96,100 96,200 96,300 96,400	96,100 96,200 96,300 96,400 96,500	6,005 6,012 6,018 6,025 6,031	5,926 5,933 5,939 5,946 5,952	6,085 6,091 6,098 6,104 6,111
84,500 84,600 84,700 84,800 84,900	84,600 84,700 84,800 84,900 85,000	5,258 5,264 5,271 5,277 5,284	5,179 5,185 5,192 5,198 5,205	5,337 5,344 5,350 5,357 5,363	90,500 90,600 90,700 90,800 90,900	90,600 90,700 90,800 90,900 91,000	5,648 5,654 5,661 5,667 5,674	5,569 5,575 5,582 5,588 5,595	5,727 5,734 5,740 5,747 5,753	96,500 96,600 96,700 96,800 96,900	96,600 96,700 96,800 96,900 97,000	6,038 6,044 6,051 6,057 6,064	5,959 5,965 5,972 5,978 5,985	6,117 6,124 6,130 6,137 6,143
85,0		5 000	5.044	5 0 7 0	91,0		5 000	F 004	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	97,0		0.070	5 004	0.450
85,000 85,100 85,200 85,300 85,400	85,100 85,200 85,300 85,400 85,500	5,290 5,297 5,303 5,310 5,316	5,211 5,218 5,224 5,231 5,237	5,370 5,376 5,383 5,389 5,396	91,000 91,100 91,200 91,300 91,400	91,100 91,200 91,300 91,400 91,500	5,680 5,687 5,693 5,700 5,706	5,601 5,608 5,614 5,621 5,627	5,760 5,766 5,773 5,779 5,786	97,000 97,100 97,200 97,300 97,400	97,100 97,200 97,300 97,400 97,500	6,070 6,077 6,083 6,090 6,096	5,991 5,998 6,004 6,011 6,017	6,150 6,156 6,163 6,169 6,176
85,500 85,600 85,700 85,800 85,900	85,600 85,700 85,800 85,900 86,000	5,323 5,329 5,336 5,342 5,349	5,244 5,250 5,257 5,263 5,270	5,402 5,409 5,415 5,422 5,428	91,500 91,600 91,700 91,800 91,900	91,600 91,700 91,800 91,900 92,000	5,713 5,719 5,726 5,732 5,739	5,634 5,640 5,647 5,653 5,660	5,792 5,799 5,805 5,812 5,818	97,500 97,600 97,700 97,800 97,900	97,600 97,700 97,800 97,900 98,000	6,103 6,109 6,116 6,122 6,129	6,024 6,030 6,037 6,043 6,050	6,182 6,189 6,195 6,202 6,208
86,0	000				92,	000				98,0	000			
86,000 86,100 86,200 86,300 86,400	86,100 86,200 86,300 86,400 86,500	5,355 5,362 5,368 5,375 5,381	5,276 5,283 5,289 5,296 5,302	5,435 5,441 5,448 5,454 5,461	92,000 92,100 92,200 92,300 92,400	92,100 92,200 92,300 92,400 92,500	5,745 5,752 5,758 5,765 5,771	5,666 5,673 5,679 5,686 5,692	5,825 5,831 5,838 5,844 5,851	98,000 98,100 98,200 98,300 98,400	98,100 98,200 98,300 98,400 98,500	6,135 6,142 6,148 6,155 6,161	6,056 6,063 6,069 6,076 6,082	6,215 6,221 6,228 6,234 6,241
86,500 86,600 86,700 86,800 86,900	86,600 86,700 86,800 86,900 87,000	5,388 5,394 5,401 5,407 5,414	5,309 5,315 5,322 5,328 5,335	5,467 5,474 5,480 5,487 5,493	92,500 92,600 92,700 92,800 92,900	92,600 92,700 92,800 92,900 93,000	5,778 5,784 5,791 5,797 5,804	5,699 5,705 5,712 5,718 5,725	5,857 5,864 5,870 5,877 5,883	98,500 98,600 98,700 98,800 98,900	98,600 98,700 98,800 98,900 99,000	6,168 6,174 6,181 6,187 6,194	6,089 6,095 6,102 6,108 6,115	6,247 6,254 6,260 6,267 6,273
87,0		- 100			93,0					99,0		0.000		
87,000 87,100 87,200 87,300 87,400	87,100 87,200 87,300 87,400 87,500	5,420 5,427 5,433 5,440 5,446	5,341 5,348 5,354 5,361 5,367	5,500 5,506 5,513 5,519 5,526	93,000 93,100 93,200 93,300 93,400	93,100 93,200 93,300 93,400 93,500	5,810 5,817 5,823 5,830 5,836	5,731 5,738 5,744 5,751 5,757	5,890 5,896 5,903 5,909 5,916	99,000 99,100 99,200 99,300 99,400	99,100 99,200 99,300 99,400 99,500	6,200 6,207 6,213 6,220 6,226	6,121 6,128 6,134 6,141 6,147	6,280 6,286 6,293 6,299 6,306
87,500 87,600 87,700 87,800 87,900	87,600 87,700 87,800 87,900 88,000	5,453 5,459 5,466 5,472 5,479	5,374 5,380 5,387 5,393 5,400	5,532 5,539 5,545 5,552 5,558	93,500 93,600 93,700 93,800 93,900	93,600 93,700 93,800 93,900 94,000	5,843 5,849 5,856 5,862 5,869	5,764 5,770 5,777 5,783 5,790	5,922 5,929 5,935 5,942 5,948	99,500 99,600 99,700 99,800 99,900	99,600 99,700 99,800 99,900 100,000	6,233 6,239 6,246 6,252 6,259	6,154 6,160 6,167 6,173 6,180	6,312 6,319 6,325 6,332 6,338
88,0					94,		1					1		
88,000 88,100 88,200 88,300 88,400	88,100 88,200 88,300 88,400 88,500	5,485 5,492 5,498 5,505 5,511	5,406 5,413 5,419 5,426 5,432	5,565 5,571 5,578 5,584 5,591	94,000 94,100 94,200 94,300 94,400	94,100 94,200 94,300 94,400 94,500	5,875 5,882 5,888 5,895 5,901	5,796 5,803 5,809 5,816 5,822	5,955 5,961 5,968 5,974 5,981		l	00 or ov ise the		
88,500 88,600 88,700 88,800 88,900	88,600 88,700 88,800 88,900 89,000	5,518 5,524 5,531 5,537 5,544	5,439 5,445 5,452 5,458 5,465	5,597 5,604 5,610 5,617 5,623	94,500 94,600 94,700 94,800 94,900	94,600 94,700 94,800 94,900 95,000	5,908 5,914 5,921 5,927 5,934	5,829 5,835 5,842 5,848 5,855	5,987 5,994 6,000 6,007 6,013			tation W page 44		et

Caution Use the Tax Computation Worksheet to figure your tax if your taxable income is \$100,000 or more.

→ Sec	tion A – Use if your fil	ing status is Single or Heac	of household. Co	mplete the row below that	at applies to you.
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	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Taxable income. If line 18 is –	Fill in the amount from line 18	Multiplication amount	Multiply (a) by (b)	Subtraction amount	Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1, line 19
At least \$100,000 but less than \$158,500	\$	x 6.5% (.065)	\$	\$ 237.79	\$
At least \$158,500 but less than \$232,660	\$	x 6.75% (.0675)	\$	\$ 634.04	\$
\$232,660 or over	\$	x 7.75% (.0775)	\$	\$2,960.64	\$

→ Section B – Use if your filing status is Married filing jointly. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 18 is –	(a) Fill in the amount from line 18	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	(e) Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1, line 19
At least \$100,000 but less than \$211,330	\$	x 6.5% (.065)	\$	\$ 317.02	\$
At least \$211,330 but less than \$310,210	\$	x 6.75% (.0675)	\$	\$ 845.35	\$
\$310,210 or over	\$	x 7.75% (.0775)	\$	\$3,947.45	\$

→ Section C – Use if your filing status is Married filing separately. Complete the row below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Taxable income. If line 18 is –	Fill in the amount from line 18	Multiplication amount	Multiply (a) by (b)	Subtraction amount	Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1, line 19
At least \$100,000 but less than \$105,660	\$	x 6.5% (.065)	\$	\$ 158.43	\$
At least \$105,660 but less than \$155,110	\$	x 6.75% (.0675)	\$	\$ 422.58	\$
\$155,110 or over	\$	x 7.75% (.0775)	\$	\$1,973.68	\$

2012 Standard Deduction Table

Dependents or persons filing short-period returns or excluding income from U.S. Possessions, see page 22.

If your inco	-					If your inco	ome			, eee page		
(line 14 of F		And yo	ou are –			(line 14 of F		And you are –				
At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
least	than	Your st	andard de	duction is-		least	than	Your st	andard de	duction is-		
						34,000	34,500	7,338	14,712	3,431	8,066	
0	9,380	9,760	17,580	8,350	12,610	34,500	35,000	7,278	14,613	3,332	7,954	
9,380	9,500	9,760	17,580	8,338	12,610	35,000	35,500	7,218	14,514	3,233	7,841	
9,500	10,000	9,760	17,580	8,277	12,610	35,500	36,000	7,158	14,416	3,135	7,729	
10,000	10,500	9,760	17,580	8,178	12,610	36,000	36,500	7,098	14,317	3,036	7,616	
10,500	11,000	9,760	17,580	8,079	12,610	36,500	37,000	7,038	14,218	2,937	7,504	
11,000	11,500	9,760	17,580	7,980	12,610	37,000	37,500	6,978	14,119	2,838	7,391	
11,500	12,000	9,760	17,580	7,881	12,610	37,500	38,000	6,918	14,020	2,739	7,278	
12,000	12,500	9,760	17,580	7,782	12,610	38,000	38,500	6,858	13,921	2,640	7,166	
12,500	13,000	9,760	17,580	7,683	12,610	38,500	39,000	6,798	13,822	2,541	7,053	
13,000	13,500	9,760	17,580	7,585	12,610	39,000	39,500	6,738	13,723	2,442	6,941	
13,500	14,000	9,760	17,580	7,486	12,610	39,500	40,000	6,678	13,624	2,343	6,828	
14,000	14,500	9,738	17,580	7,387	12,569	40,000	40,500	6,618	13,526	2,245	6,716	
14,500	15,000	9,678	17,580	7,288	12,457	40,500	41,000	6,558	13,427	2,146	6,603	
15,000	15,500	9,618	17,580	7,189	12,344	41,000	41,500	6,498	13,328	2,047	6,498	
15,500	16,000	9,558	17,580	7,090	12,232	41,500	42,000	6,438	13,229	1,948	6,438	
16,000	16,500	9,498	17,580	6,991	12,119	42,000	42,500	6,378	13,130	1,849	6,378	
16,500	17,000	9,438	17,580	6,892	12,007	42,500	43,000	6,318	13,031	1,750	6,318	
17,000	17,500	9,378	17,580	6,793	11,894	43,000	43,500	6,258	12,932	1,651	6,258	
17,500	18,000	9,318	17,580	6,695	11,781	43,500	44,000	6,198	12,833	1,552	6,198	
18,000	18,500	9,258	17,580	6,596	11,669	44,000	44,500	6,138	12,734	1,453	6,138	
18,500	19,000	9,198	17,580	6,497	11,556	44,500	45,000	6,078	12,636	1,355	6,078	
19,000	19,500	9,138	17,580	6,398	11,444	45,000	45,500	6,018	12,537	1,256	6,018	
19,500	20,000	9,078	17,580	6,299	11,331	45,500	46,000	5,958	12,438	1,157	5,958	
20,000	20,500	9,018	17,481	6,200	11,219	46,000	46,500	5,898	12,339	1,058	5,898	
20,500	21,000	8,958	17,382	6,101	11,106	46,500	47,000	5,838	12,240	959	5,838	
21,000	21,500	8,898	17,283	6,002	10,993	47,000	47,500	5,778	12,141	860	5,778	
21,500 22,000	22,000 22,500	8,838 8,778	17,184 17,086	5,903 5,805	10,881 10,768	47,500 48,000	48,000 48,500	5,718 5,658	12,042 11,943	761 662	5,718 5,658	
22,500	23,000	8,718	16,987	5,706	10,656	48,500	49,000	5,598	11,844	563	5,598	
23,000	23,500	8,658	16,888	5.607	10,543	49,000	49,500	5,538	11,745	465	5,538	
23,500	23,300	8,598	16,789	5,508	10,343	49,500	49,500 50,000	5,478	11,647	366	5,338 5,478	
24,000	24,500	8,538	16,690	5,409	10,318	50,000	50,500	5,418	11,548	267	5,418	
24,500	25,000	8,478	16,591	5,310	10,205	50,500	51,000	5,358	11,449	168	5,358	
25,000	25,500	8,418	16,492	5,211	10,093	51,000	51,500	5,298	11,350	69	5,298	
25,500	26,000	8,358	16,393	5,112	9,980	51,500	52,000	5,238	11,251	0	5,238	
26,000	26,500	8,298	16,294	5,013	9,868	52,000	52,500	5,178	11,152	0	5,178	
26,500	27,000	8,238	16,196	4,915	9,755	52,500	53,000	5,118	11,053	0	5,118	
27,000	27,500	8,178	16,097	4,816	9,643	53,000	53,500	5,058	10,954	0	5,058	
27,500	28,000	8,118	15,998	4,717	9,530	53,500	54,000	4,998	10,855	0	4,998	
28,000	28,500	8,058	15,899	4,618	9,417	54,000	54,500	4,938	10,757	0	4,938	
28,500	29,000	7,998	15,800	4,519	9,305	54,500	55,000	4,878	10,658	0	4,878	
29,000	29,500	7,938	15,701	4,420	9,192	55,000	55,500	4,818	10,559	0	4,818	
29,500	30,000	7,878	15,602	4,321	9,080	55,500	56,000	4,758	10,460	0	4,758	
30,000	30,500	7,818	15,503	4,222	8,967	56,000	56,500	4,698	10,361	0	4,698	
30,500	31,000	7,758	15,404	4,123	8,854	56,500	57,000	4,638	10,262	0	4,638	
31,000	31,500	7,698	15,306	4,025	8,742	57,000	57,500	4,578	10,163	0	4,578	
31,500	32,000	7,638	15,207	3,926	8,629	57,500	58,000	4,518	10,064	0	4,518	
32,000	32,500	7,578	15,108	3,827	8,517	58,000	58,500	4,458	9,965	0	4,458	
32,500	33,000	7,518	15,009	3,728	8,404	58,500	59,000	4,398	9,867	0	4,398	
33,000	33,500	7,458	14,910	3,629	8,292	59,000	59,500	4,338	9,768	0	4,338	
33,500	34,000	7,398	14,811	3,530	8,179	59,500	60,000	4,278	9,669	0	4,278	
		1				1		1		Continu	ied on next page	

2012 Standard Deduction Tab	(continued from page 45)
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f your inco	ome					If your inco	me					
(line 14 of Form 1) is –		And yo	ou are –			(line 14 of F		And you are –				
	But	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household		But	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household	
At least	less than	Yourst		duction is-		At least	less than	Your st		duction is-		
60,000 60,500	60,500 61,000	4,218 4,158	9,570 9,471	0 0	4,218 4,158	86,000 86,500	86,500 87,000	1,098 1,038	4,428 4,329	0 0	1,098 1,038	
60,500 61,000	61,500	4,158	9,471 9,372	0	4,158	87,000	87,500	978	4,329 4,230	0	978	
61,500	62,000	4,038	9,273	0	4,038	87,500	88,000	918	4,230	0	918	
62,000	62,500	3,978	9,174	0	3,978	88,000	88,500	858	4,032		858	
62,500	63,000	3,918	9,075	0	3,918	88,500	89,000	798	3,933	0	798	
63,000	63,500	3,858	8,977	0	3,858	89,000	89,500	738	3,834	0	738	
63,500	64,000	3,798	8,878	Õ	3,798	89,500	90,000	678	3,735		678	
64,000	64,500	3,738	8,779	0	3,738	90,000	90,500	618	3,637	0	618	
64,500	65,000	3,678	8,680	0	3,678	90,500	91,000	558	3,538	0	558	
65,000	65,500	3,618	8,581	0	3,618	91,000	91,500	498	3,439	0	498	
65,500	66,000	3,558	8,482	0	3,558	91,500	92,000	438	3,340		438	
66,000	66,500	3,498	8,383	0	3,498	92,000	92,500	378	3,241	0	378	
66,500	67,000	3,438	8,284	0	3,438	92,500	93,000	318	3,142		318	
67,000	67,500	3,378	8,185	0	3,378	93,000	93,500	258	3,043		258	
67,500	68,000	3,318	8,087	0	3,318	93,500	94,000	198	2,944		198	
68,000	68,500	3,258	7,988	0	3,258	94,000	94,500	138	2,845	0	138	
68,500	69,000	3,198	7,889	0	3,198	94,500	95,000	78	2,747	0	78	
69,000	69,500	3,138	7,790	0	3,138	95,000	95,500	18	2,648	0	18	
69,500	70,000	3,078	7,691	0	3,078	95,500	96,000	0	2,549		0	
70,000	70,500	3,018	7,592	0	3,018	96,000	96,500	0	2,450	0	0	
70,500	71,000	2,958	7,493	0	2,958	96,500	97,000	0	2,351	0	0	
71,000	71,500	2,898	7,394	0	2,898	97,000	97,500	0	2,252	0	0	
71,500	72,000	2,838	7,295	0	2,838	97,500	98,000	0	2,153	0	0	
72,000	72,500	2,778	7,197	0	2,778	98,000	98,500	0	2,054	0	0	
72,500	73,000	2,718	7,098	0	2,718	98,500	99,000	0	1,955	0	0	
73,000	73,500	2,658	6,999	0	2,658	99,000	99,500	0	1,856	0	0	
73,500	74,000	2,598	6,900	0	2,598	99,500	100,000	0	1,758		0	
74,000	74,500	2,538	6,801	0	2,538	100,000	100,500	0	1,659		0	
74,500	75,000	2,478	6,702	0	2,478	100,500	101,000	0	1,560	0	0	
75,000	75,500	2,418	6,603	0	2,418	101,000	101,500	0	1,461	0	0	
75,500	76,000	2,358	6,504	0	2,358	101,500	102,000	0	1,362	0	0	
76,000	76,500	2,298	6,405	0	2,298	102,000	102,500	0	1,263	0	0	
76,500	77,000	2,238	6,307	0	2,238	102,500	103,000	0	1,164	0	0	
77,000	77,500	2,178	6,208	0	2,178	103,000	103,500	0	1,065	0	0	
77,500	78,000	2,118	6,109	0	2,118	103,500	104,000	0	966	0	0	
78,000	78,500	2,058	6,010	0	2,058	104,000	104,500	0	868	0	0	
78,500	79,000	1,998	5,911	0	1,998	104,500	105,000	0	769	0	0	
79,000	79,500	1,938	5,812	0	1,938	105,000	105,500	0	670	0	0	
79,500	80,000	1,878	5,713	0	1,878	105,500	106,000	0	571	0	0	
80,000 80,500	80,500 81,000	1,818 1,758	5,614 5,515	0 0	1,818 1,758	106,000 106,500	106,500 107,000	0 0	472 373	0 0	0 0	
81,000 81,500	81,500 82,000	1,698 1,638	5,417 5,318	0 0	1,698 1,638	107,000 107,500	107,500 108,000	0 0	274 175	0 0	0 0	
82,000	82,500	1,578	5,219	0	1,578	107,500	108,500	0	76		0	
82,500	83,000	1,518	5,120	0	1,518	108,500	108,637	0	13	0	0	
83,000	83,500	1,458	5,021	0 0	1,458		,	Ĵ	.0	Ŭ	0	
83,500	84,000	1,398	4,922	0	1,398	108,637	or over	0	0	0	0	
84,000	84,500	1,338	4,823	0	1,338							
84,000 84,500	84,500 85,000	1,338	4,023 4,724	0	1,336							
85,000	85,500	1,218	4,724	0	1,218							
85,500	86,000	1,158	4,527	0	1,158							
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